

QUILT® Fungicide

COMMERCIAL

SUSPENSION

For Use in Controlling or Suppressing Diseases on Listed Crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Azoxystrobin..... 75 g/L
Propiconazole 125 g/L

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.029 to 0.031% OR 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.04% and 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol at 0.03% OR 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one at 0.00091% and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one at 0.00030% and 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol at 0.03% as preservatives.

**READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**



WARNING: EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

REGISTRATION NO: **28328**
PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

NET CONTENTS: **1 L to 1000 L**

Syngenta Canada Inc.
140 Research Lane, Research Park
Guelph, Ontario N1G 4Z3
Telephone: 1-877-964-3682

Label

1.0 NOTICE TO USER

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

2.0 FIRST AID

IN CASE OF POISONING, contact a physician or a poison control centre **IMMEDIATELY**. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED, call a poison control centre or doctor **IMMEDIATELY** for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin **IMMEDIATELY** with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED, move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

3.0 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No specific symptoms of poisoning are known for this product. Treat symptomatically.

4.0 PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Causes eye irritation. DO NOT get in eyes. May irritate the skin. Avoid contact with skin. Wash with soap and water after handling, and before eating, drinking or smoking.

RESTRICTED ENTRY INTERVAL: DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 1 day to perform hand harvesting or hand detasseling in corn. For all other post-application activities, **DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours

Application is limited to agricultural crops only when there is low risk of drift to areas of human habitation or activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas, taking into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.

DO NOT allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted. It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported outside of Canada and you require information on acceptable residue levels in these countries, please contact Syngenta Canada Inc. at 1-877-SYNGENTA/1-877-964-3682.

5.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair. Gloves and protective eyewear are not required during application within a closed cab or cockpit. Mechanical flagging devices must be used.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

All users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Toxic to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe spray buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Toxic to certain beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders and mites). Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.

Azoxystrobin is persistent and may carryover. It is recommended that this product not be used in areas treated with any products containing azoxystrobin during the previous season.

This product demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative filter strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

7.0 STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed. Keep in original container, tightly closed, during storage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of the reach of children and animals.

Do not store below 0 °C.

8.0 DISPOSAL

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

For returnable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. This empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer) for disposal.

For refillable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product.

For recyclable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

***IN CASE OF EMERGENCY INVOLVING A MAJOR SPILL, FIRE OR POISONING,
CALL 1-800-327-8633 (FASTMED)***

GROUP 3 11 FUNGICIDES

QUILT® Fungicide

COMMERCIAL

SUSPENSION

For Use in Controlling or Suppressing Diseases on Listed Crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Azoxystrobin..... 75 g/L
Propiconazole 125 g/L

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.029 to 0.031% OR 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.04% and 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol at 0.03% OR 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one at 0.00091% and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one at 0.00030% and 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol at 0.03% as preservatives.

**READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**



WARNING: EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

REGISTRATION NO: **28328**
PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

Syngenta Canada Inc.
140 Research Lane, Research Park
Guelph, Ontario N1G 4Z3
Telephone: 1-877-964-3682

Booklet

Table of Contents

| | <u>Section Number</u> |
|---|-----------------------|
| NOTICE TO USER | 1.0 |
| FIRST AID | 2.0 |
| TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | 3.0 |
| PRECAUTIONS | 4.0 |
| PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) | 5.0 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS | 6.0 |
| STORAGE | 7.0 |
| DISPOSAL | 8.0 |
| PRODUCT INFORMATION | 9.0 |
| General Use Precautions | 9.1 |
| Phytotoxicity | 9.2 |
| Integrated Pest Management..... | 9.3 |
| DIRECTIONS FOR USE..... | 10.0 |
| General Information..... | 10.1 |
| Ground Application | 10.2 |
| General Information..... | 10.2.1 |
| Mixing Instructions | 10.2.2 |
| Spraying Instructions | 10.2.3 |
| Equipment Clean-Up | 10.2.4 |
| Aerial Application | 10.3 |
| General Information..... | 10.3.1 |
| Operator Precautions | 10.3.2 |
| Pilot Precautions..... | 10.3.3 |
| Product Specific Precautions..... | 10.3.4 |
| Mixing Instructions | 10.3.5 |
| Spraying Instructions | 10.3.6 |
| Equipment Cleanup | 10.3.7 |
| Spray Buffer Zones..... | 10.4 |
| Rotational Crop Restrictions | 10.5 |
| Spray Drift Management | 10.6 |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| CROP USE DIRECTIONS | 11.0 |
| Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 6) Including Soybeans | 11.1 |
| Cereals | 11.2 |
| Grasses Grown for Seed | 11.3 |
| Corn | 11.4 |
| Canola | 11.5 |
| | |
| MINOR USES | 12.0 |
| Mint | 12.1 |
| Blueberries | 12.2 |
| Fescue, Grown for Seed Production | 12.3 |
| | |
| RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS | 13.0 |

1.0 NOTICE TO USER

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

2.0 FIRST AID

IN CASE OF POISONING, contact a physician or a poison control centre **IMMEDIATELY**. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED, call a poison control centre or doctor **IMMEDIATELY** for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin **IMMEDIATELY** with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED, move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

3.0 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No specific symptoms of poisoning are known for this product. Treat symptomatically.

4.0 PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Causes eye irritation. DO NOT get in eyes. May irritate the skin. Avoid contact with skin. Wash with soap and water after handling, and before eating, drinking or smoking.

RESTRICTED ENTRY INTERVAL: DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 1 day to perform hand harvesting or hand detasseling in corn. For all other post-application activities, **DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours

Application is limited to agricultural crops only when there is low risk of drift to areas of human habitation or activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas, taking into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.

DO NOT allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted. It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported outside of Canada and you require information on acceptable residue levels in these countries, please contact Syngenta Canada Inc. at 1-87-SYNGENTA/1-877-964-3682.

5.0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair. Gloves and protective eyewear are not required during application within a closed cab or cockpit. Mechanical flagging devices must be used.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

All users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Toxic to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe spray buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Toxic to certain beneficial arthropods (which may include predatory and parasitic insects, spiders and mites). Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial arthropods in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.

Azoxystrobin is persistent and may carryover. It is recommended that this product not be used in areas treated with any products containing azoxystrobin during the previous season.

This product demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative filter strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

7.0 STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed. Keep in original container, tightly closed, during storage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of the reach of children and animals.

Do not store below 0 °C.

8.0 DISPOSAL

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

For returnable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. This empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer) for disposal.

For refillable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product.

For recyclable containers

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

***IN CASE OF EMERGENCY INVOLVING A MAJOR SPILL, FIRE OR POISONING,
CALL 1-800-327-8633 (FASTMED)***

9.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

QUILT Fungicide is a broad spectrum, preventative fungicide with systemic and curative properties recommended for the control or suppression of important plant diseases in Crop Group 6 – Legume Vegetables including soybeans, Crop Group 15 – Cereals, blueberries, mint, canola, fescue, and grasses. QUILT Fungicide may be applied as a foliar spray in alternating spray programs or in tank mixes with other crop protection products. All applications should be made according to the use directions that follow.

9.1. General Use Precautions

DO NOT apply QUILT Fungicide through irrigation equipment.

DO NOT apply QUILT Fungicide through any type of ultra-low volume (ULV) spray system (less than 30 litres per hectare).

DO NOT use in nurseries, greenhouses or landscape plantings.

A restricted entry interval (REI) of 1 day is required for workers hand-harvesting and detasseling treated corn.

Under certain conditions conducive to extended infection periods, use another registered fungicide for additional applications.

9.2. Phytotoxicity

QUILT Fungicide demonstrates some phytotoxic effects when mixed with products that are formulated as Emulsifiable Concentrate. These effects are enhanced if applications are made under cool, cloudy conditions and these conditions remain for several days following application. In addition, adjuvants that contain some form of silicone may contribute to phytotoxicity.

9.3. Integrated Pest Management

QUILT Fungicide should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management strategy whenever the use of a fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. The DIRECTIONS FOR USE section in this label identifies specific IPM recommendations for each crop. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area.

10.0 DIRECTIONS FOR USE

10.1. General Information

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, **DO NOT** use to control aquatic pests.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

This product may be tank mixed with a fertilizer, a supplement, or with registered pest control products, whose labels also allow tank mixing, provided the entirety of both labels, including Directions For Use, Precautions, Restrictions, Environmental Precautions, and Spray Buffer Zones are followed for each product. In cases where these requirements differ between the tank mix partner labels, the most restrictive label must be followed. Do not tank mix products containing the same active ingredient unless specifically listed on this label.

In some cases, tank mixing pest control products can result in reduced pesticide efficacy or increased host crop injury. The user should contact Syngenta Canada Inc. at 1-877-SYNGENTA/ 1-877-964-3682 for information before applying any tank mix that is not specifically recommended on this label.

Syngenta Canada Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) of all potential tank mixes under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties. Tank mixes that are not specifically listed on this label should be tested on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the tank mix is suitable for widespread application.

To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products, use a jar test.

Always read and follow label directions including WALES mixing order.

10.2. Ground Application

10.2.1. General Information

Field sprayer application: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

It is important to check the physical compatibility of tank mixed pesticide products in a small volume prior to filling the sprayer. Check the compatibility of tank mixes containing Quilt Fungicide using a jar test with proportionate amounts of mix partners, and water, before mixing in the spray tank.

10.2.2. Mixing Instructions

1. Ensure that the sprayer interior is clean, then fill the spray tank with $\frac{1}{2}$ the required amount of water and engage gentle agitation. Good agitation is indicated by a rippling or rolling action on the surface of the water.
2. Add any WG or DF formulation mix partners and agitate to ensure complete mixing.
3. Add Quilt Fungicide (SE) and agitate to ensure complete mixing.
4. Add any additional SC formulation mix partners and agitate to ensure complete mixing.
5. Add any EC formulation mix partners and agitate to ensure complete mixing.
6. Fill the tank to $\frac{3}{4}$ the required amount of water.
7. Add any solution (SN or SL) formulation mix partners and agitate to ensure complete mixing.
8. Finish filling the sprayer with water, maintaining good agitation.
9. After any break in spraying operations, agitate thoroughly before spraying again.
10. Spray the pesticide suspension the same day as mixing.
11. **DO NOT** mix, load or clean spray equipment where there is a potential to contaminate wells

or aquatic systems.

When using chemical handling equipment to fill the sprayer, the following additional recommendations apply:

- WG and DF formulations are preferentially batch mixed.
- SC, SN, and SL formulations may be inducted or batch mixed.
- EC formulations are preferentially batch mixed.

10.2.3. Spraying Instructions

1. Water Volume: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 100 L/ha OR the volume given in the crop and pest specific instructions tabulated below, whichever is LARGER.
2. Sprayer Agitation: Use a jet agitator or liquid sparge tub which recirculates 10% or more of the tank per minute. **DO NOT** use an air sparger.
3. Pump: Screens should be used to protect the pump and prevent clogging. Use 16 mesh or *coarser* screens on the suction side of the pump. **DO NOT** place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50 mesh or *coarser* screens between the pump and boom.
4. Spray Nozzles: 80° or 110° drift reducing flat fan (e.g. those with a pre-orifice or turbulence chamber) or air induction nozzles are recommended. Use 50 mesh nozzle screens. **DO NOT** use flood type nozzles, controlled droplet application equipment, spray foils or hollow cone nozzles.
5. Pressure: As recommended by the nozzle manufacturer to achieve ASAE medium sized droplets.
6. Apply at uniform speed and avoid overlapping. Shut off spray boom while starting, turning, slowing or stopping to avoid potential crop injury from over application.

10.2.4. Equipment Clean-Up

Before Spraying:

- Prior to using Quilt Fungicide, ensure that the spray tank, lines and filter are thoroughly clean.

After Spraying:

- Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after spraying. **DO NOT** allow Quilt Fungicide residue to dry within the spray tank
- When using tank mixes, consult the tank-mix partner label for additional clean-up instructions.
- The following recommendations are provided:
 1. Drain and flush tank walls, boom and all hoses for ten minutes with a clean water/detergent mixture. Rinse with clean water. **DO NOT** clean the sprayer near desirable vegetation, wells or other water sources.
 2. Remove all nozzles and screens and wash separately.
 3. Dispose of all rinsate in accordance with provincial regulations.

10.3. Aerial Application

10.3.1. General Information

Aerial application: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at flying height at the site of application. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Reduce drift caused by turbulent

wingtip vortices. Nozzle distribution along the spray boom length **MUST NOT** exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan.

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft equipment which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions, and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. When no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

10.3.2. Operator Precautions

Wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair. Gloves and protective eyewear are not required during application within a closed cab or cockpit. Mechanical flagging devices must be used.

It is important to check the physical compatibility of tank mixed pesticide products in a small volume prior to filling the sprayer. Check the compatibility of tank mixes containing Quilt Fungicide using a jar test with proportionate amounts of mix partners, and water, before mixing in the spray tank.

10.3.3. Pilot Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before using this product. Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the *National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual*, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides. Ensure uniform application and a uniform spray with minimum potential for drift. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking technology. GPS based marking is preferred.

10.3.4. Product-Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the manufacturer at 1-87-SYNGENTA (1-877-964-3682) or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative. Application of this specific product must meet and/or conform to the following:

Volume: Apply the recommended rate in a minimum spray volume of 45 litres per hectare.

Refer to ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS for additional details.

10.3.5. Mixing Instructions

Mixing this product directly in the aircraft hopper **IS NOT** recommended. The use of chemical handling or managing equipment to load the hopper **IS** recommended. This product **MAY BE** inducted into a hopper which is prefilled with water or when the product and water are mixed prior to entering the hopper. This product **MAY BE** batch mixed and pumped into the hopper. In all cases the chemical handling equipment and hopper interior must be clean prior to use.

NOTE: WG and DF formulations are preferentially batch mixed.

NOTE: SC, SN, and SL formulations may be inducted or batch mixed.

NOTE: EC formulations are preferentially batch mixed.

It is **NOT** recommended to combine solid (WG or DF) formulations with liquid tank mix partners within a single batch. Batch mix WG or DF formulations first, pump into the hopper, and then add liquid tank mix partners by induction or as an additional batch mix. When tank mixing multiple products, follow the mixing order outlined below:

1. Pump water into the hopper to at least $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the desired spray volume. Engage hopper circulation, if possible.
2. Thoroughly batch mix any WG or DF formulation mix partners and agitate to ensure complete mixing. Pump into the hopper
3. Induct or thoroughly batch mix Quilt Fungicide (SE) and any additional SE or SC formulations.
4. Thoroughly batch mix any EC formulation mix partners. EC formulations may be added to the batch from Step 3, if desired.
5. Induct or thoroughly batch mix any solution (SN or SL) formulation mix partners. SN/SL formulations may be added to the batch from Step 3, if desired.
6. Pump batch mixed SC, EC, and/or SN/SL products into the hopper.
7. Finish filling the hopper with water.
8. If it was not possible to engage hopper agitation in Step 1, do so as soon as possible once airborne.
9. Spray the pesticide suspension the same day as mixing.
10. **DO NOT** mix, load or clean equipment where there is a potential to contaminate wells or aquatic systems.

10.3.6. Spraying Instructions

1. Water Volume: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 45 L/ha OR the volume given in the crop and pest specific instructions tabulated below, whichever is LARGER.
2. Spray Nozzles: Use only ASAE medium or coarse nozzles rated as delivering droplets of volume median diameter of 300 microns or greater.
3. Pressure: As recommended by the nozzle manufacturer to achieve ASAE medium or coarse sized droplets.
4. Ensure hopper agitation is engaged whenever possible during flight.

10.3.7. Equipment Clean-Up

Before Spraying:

- Prior to using Quilt Fungicide, ensure that the hopper, chemical handling equipment, lines and filter are thoroughly cleaned.

After Spraying:

- Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after spraying. **DO NOT** allow Quilt Fungicide residue to dry within application equipment.
- When using tank mixes, consult the tank-mix partner label for additional clean-up instructions.
- The following recommendations are provided:
 1. Drain and flush tank walls, boom and all hoses for ten minutes with a clean water/detergent

mixture. Rinse with clean water. **DO NOT** clean application equipment near desirable vegetation, wells or other water sources.

2. Remove all nozzles and screens and wash separately.
3. Dispose of all rinsate in accordance with provincial regulations.

10.4. Spray Buffer Zones

A spray buffer zone is NOT required for uses with hand-held application equipment permitted on this label.

The spray buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands) and estuarine/marine habitats.

| Method of application | Crop | | Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of: | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Freshwater Habitat of Depths: | | Estuarine/Marine Habitat of Depths: | | Terrestrial Habitat |
| | | | Less than 1 m | Greater than 1 m | Less than 1 m | Greater than 1 m | |
| Field sprayer | Legume vegetables, soybeans, corn, cereals(wheat, oats, barley, rye, triticale), mint, canola, high and low bush blueberries, and grasses grown for seed (annual and perennial ryegrass, fescue) | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Aerial | Legume vegetables, soybeans, corn, cereals (oats, wheat, barley, rye, triticale), mint, canola, low bush blueberries, grasses grown for seed (annual and perennial ryegrass only) | Fixed wing | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 20 |
| | | Rotary wing | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 20 |

When tank mixes are permitted, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) spray buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The spray buffer zones for this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pesticides portion of the Canada.ca website.

10.5. Rotational Crop Restrictions

Please see the following table for the crop rotational restrictions:

| Rotational Crops | Planting Time From Last Application of Azoxystrobin- and Propiconazole-containing Products |
|---|--|
| All crops with Azoxystrobin/Propiconazole registered uses | 0 days |
| All other crops Intended for Food and Feed | 105 days |
| Oats and rye | 45 days |

10.6. Spray Drift Management

ATTENTION

QUILT Fungicide is extremely phytotoxic to certain apple varieties.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT. Extreme care must be used to prevent injury to apple trees (and apple fruit). DO NOT spray QUILT Fungicide where spray drift may reach apple trees.

AVOID spraying when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application. Conditions which may contribute to drift include thermal inversion, wind speed and direction, sprayer nozzle/pressure combinations, spray droplet size, etc.

DO NOT use spray equipment which has been previously used to apply QUILT Fungicide to spray apple trees. Even trace amounts can cause unacceptable phytotoxicity to certain apple and crabapple varieties.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

11.0 CROP USE DIRECTIONS

11.1. Legume Vegetables (Crop Group 6) Including Soybeans

Soybeans

Edible-podded legume vegetables - Any succulent cultivar of edible podded bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) and any succulent cultivar of edible-podded pea (*Pisum* spp.): Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) (includes runner bean, snap bean, wax bean); bean (*Vigna* spp.) (includes asparagus bean, Chinese longbean, moth bean, yardlong bean); jackbean; pea (*Pisum* spp.) (includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea); pigeon pea; sword bean.

Succulent shelled pea and bean - Any succulent shelled cultivar of bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) and garden pea (*Pisum* spp.): Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) (includes lima bean, green); broad bean (succulent); bean (*Vigna* spp.) (includes black-eyed pea, cowpea, southern pea); pea (*Pisum* spp.) (includes English pea, garden pea, green pea); pigeon pea.

Dried shelled pea and bean - Any dried cultivar of bean (*Phaseolus* spp.) and dried cultivar of pea (*Pisum* spp.): Dried cultivars of bean (*Lupinus* spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and sweet white lupin); (*Vigna* spp.) (includes adzuki beans); (*Phaseolus* spp.) (includes field bean,

kidney bean, lima bean (dry), navy bean, pinto bean, tepary bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern bean, urd bean); broad bean (dry); chickpea; guar; lablab bean; lentil; pea (*Pisum* spp.) (includes field pea); pigeon pea.

| LEGUME VEGETABLES (Crop Group 6) INCLUDING SOYBEANS | |
|--|---|
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Asian (Soybean) Rust (<i>Phakopsora pachyrhizi</i>) |
| CROPS | All Crop Group 6 legume vegetables listed above, and soybean |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 - 1.5 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>Make the first application of QUILT Fungicide at the first sign of disease. Apply the high rate only under conditions of high disease pressures. A second application at 14 days interval may be needed if conditions persist. It is important to protect the developing pod of soybean and podded legume vegetables.</p> <p>Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Powdery Mildew (<i>Microsphaera diffusa</i> , <i>Erysiphe pisi</i> , <i>E. polygoni</i>) |
| CROPS | All Crop Group 6 legume vegetables listed above, and soybean |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>Make the first application of QUILT Fungicide at the first sign of disease. A second application at 14 days interval may be needed if conditions persist.</p> <p>Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum truncatum</i>) |
| CROPS | Lentils and soybean |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 - 1.5 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>The first application must be applied before disease is established and no later than the onset of flowering. Make the first application of QUILT Fungicide at the first sign of disease. Apply the high rate only under conditions of high disease pressures.</p> <p>A second application at 14 days interval may be needed if conditions persist. It is important to protect the developing pod of soybean and podded legume vegetables.</p> <p>Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> |

| | |
|--|--|
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Mycosphaerella blight (<i>Mycosphaerella pinodes</i>) |
| CROPS | Pea |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 - 1.5 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>Make the first application of QUILT Fungicide at the first sign of disease. Apply the high rate only under conditions of high disease pressures. A second application at 14 days interval may be needed if conditions persist. It is important to protect the developing pod of soybean and podded legume vegetables.</p> <p>Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Frogeye Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora sojina</i>) |
| CROPS | Soybean |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 - 1.5 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Make the first application of QUILT Fungicide at growth stage R3 (early pod set) and 14 days later at approximately growth stage R5. |
| DISEASE SUPPRESSED | White mold (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) |
| CROPS | Soybean |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.5 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Begin applications at the R1 (early bloom) to R2 (full bloom) stage of development and, if needed, again 10- to 14-days later at early pod formation (R3). Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage of foliage. Spray volumes to be used vary with amount of plant growth. For best performance use spray volumes that range from 200 to 600 litres per hectare depending on plant growth. |
| <p>Restrictions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. APPLY A MAXIMUM OF 2 APPLICATIONS OF QUILT FUNGICIDE PER SEASON. 2. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest for crop subgroup 6C (dry legume vegetables) and soybeans. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest for crop subgroup 6A (edible podded legume vegetables) and 6B (succulent shelled legume vegetables). 3. Do not make more than one application to soybean hay, dry pea hay and vines. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of soybean hay, dry pea hay and vines. 4. QUILT Fungicide may be applied by air or ground application equipment. QUILT is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. <p>For dry beans especially it is recommended to test a small area before applying QUILT Fungicide to entire field.</p> | |

11.2. Cereals

| CEREALS | |
|----------------------------|---|
| CROPS | Barley |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Barley net blotch (<i>Pyrenophora teres</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.5*-1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | At first sign of disease starting at the two-leaf stage (G.S. 12- 23). Where a rate range is indicated, use the higher rate if there is a history of high disease pressures in the field and/or field conditions favour disease development. |
| CROPS | Wheat |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Tan spot (<i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i>), Septoria leaf spot (<i>Septoria</i> sp.) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.5*-1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | At first sign of disease starting at the two-leaf stage (G.S. 12- 23). Where a rate range is indicated, use the higher rate if there is a history of high disease pressures in the field and/or field conditions favour disease development. |
| CROPS | Barley, Oats |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Barley net blotch (<i>Pyrenophora teres</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |
| CROPS | Barley, Rye |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Barley scald (<i>Rhynchosporium secalis</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| CROPS | Barley |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Barley leaf rust (<i>Puccinia hordei</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |
| CROPS | Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, Triticale |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Septoria leaf spot (<i>Septoria</i> sp.) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |
| CROPS | Wheat, Barley, Rye, Triticale |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Tan spot (<i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |
| CROPS | Wheat, Barley |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Stripe rust (<i>Puccinia striiformis</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 - 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. Where a rate range is indicated, use the higher rate if there is a history of high disease pressures in the field and/or field conditions favour disease development. |
| CROPS | Wheat |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Wheat leaf rust (<i>Puccinia triticina</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 - 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence (G.S. 29-55). Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. Where a rate range is indicated, use the higher rate if there is a history of high disease pressures in the field and/or field conditions favour disease development. |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| CROPS | Oats |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Crown Rust (<i>Puccinia coronata</i> var. <i>avenae</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 – 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply once between stem elongation and half-head emergence. Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. Where a rate range is indicated, use the higher rate if there is a history of high disease pressures in the field and/or field conditions favour disease development. |

*Suppression only at rates less than 0.75 L/ha

Specific Use Restrictions: DO NOT make more than two applications per season. DO NOT apply within 45 days of harvest for grain and straw (45 day PHI). DO NOT make more than one application for forage and hay. DO NOT harvest within 30 days for forage and hay (30 day PHI) QUILT Fungicide may be applied by air or ground equipment.

Under certain environmental conditions, tank mixes of QUILT plus herbicides (especially those containing bromoxynil) and/or fertilizers may cause crop injury.

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.

11.3. Grasses Grown for Seed

| ANNUAL RYEGRASS AND PERENNIAL RYEGRASS | |
|--|---|
| CROPS | Annual Ryegrass and Perennial Ryegrass |
| DISEASES | Crown Rust (<i>Puccinia coronata</i>) Leaf/Stem Spot Complex (<i>Pyrenophora dictyoides</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 - 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply prior to disease development. Make applications no closer than 14 days apart. |
| <p>Specific Use Restrictions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than two applications per season. DO NOT apply to crop 20 days before harvest (20 day PHI). DO NOT feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application. DO NOT graze treated areas within 140 days of the last application. <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified product rate in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare.</p> <p>AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified product rate in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> | |

11.4. Corn

| CORN | |
|---|---|
| CROPS | Field corn, Sweet corn (including Seed Production), Popcorn (including Seed Production) |
| DISEASES CONTROLLED | Rust (<i>Puccinia sorghi</i>) Northern Corn Leaf Blight (<i>Setosphaeria turcicum</i>) Southern Corn Leaf Blight (<i>Cochliobolus heterostrophus</i>) Eye Spot (<i>Aureobasidium zeae</i>) Grey Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora zeae-maydis</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 0.75 - 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Make first application at the first sign of disease, followed by a second application 14 days after the first, if environmental conditions are favourable for disease development. Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. Use the low rate under low to moderate disease pressure. Use the high rate only under conditions of severe disease pressure. |
| DISEASES SUPPRESSED | Anthracnose Leaf Blight (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Make first application at the first sign of disease, followed by a second application 14 days after the first, if environmental conditions are favourable for disease development. Good spray coverage and canopy penetration are important for best results. |
| <p>Specific Use Restrictions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply within 14 days for grain (14 day PHI). DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvest for forage (30 day PHI). DO NOT apply to sweet corn within 14 days of harvest (14 day PHI). DO NOT apply more than two applications of QUILT Fungicide per season. QUILT Fungicide may be applied by air or ground equipment. <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> | |

11.5. Canola

| CANOLA | |
|--|--|
| CROPS | Canola |
| DISEASE CONTROLLED | Virulent Blackleg (<i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Apply during the rosette stage between 2nd true leaf and bolting |
| <p>Specific Use Restrictions: DO NOT make more than one application per season.</p> <p>DO NOT apply to canola 30 days before harvest (30 day PHI).</p> <p>QUILT Fungicide is not a substitute for good management practices. For optimum control of Blackleg, plant seed treated with a seed treatment recommended for the control of seed borne Blackleg, followed by a foliar application of QUILT Fungicide.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 100 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> | |

12.0 MINOR USES

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Syngenta Canada Inc. under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Syngenta Canada Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

12.1. Mint

| Mint | |
|--|---|
| CROPS | Mint, Peppermint, Spearmint, Susceptible mint hybrids |
| DISEASES CONTROLLED | Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe</i> spp), Rust (<i>Puccinia menthae</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1.0 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Begin applications when the plants are 5-10 cm high or when conditions become favourable for disease development. Make a second application 14 days after the first application. |
| <p>Specific Use Restrictions: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply more than two applications of QUILT Fungicide per season. Do not apply more than 2.0 L/ha of QUILT Fungicide per season. QUILT Fungicide may be applied by air or ground equipment.</p> <p>GROUND APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 185 L of water per hectare. AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply specified rates in a minimum of 45 L of water per hectare.</p> | |

12.2. Blueberries

| BLUEBERRIES | |
|----------------------------|---|
| CROPS | Blueberries (low bush and high bush) |
| DISEASES | Control of Rust (<i>Thekopsora minima</i>) Suppression of Septoria Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria</i> spp.) and Valdensinia Leaf Spot (<i>Valdensinia heterodoxa</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>Apply at the first sign of disease in the spout year. After the initial application, one additional application may be made 10-14 days afterwards if conditions remain favourable for continued or increased disease development making no more than two applications per year on low bush blueberries.</p> <p>Use a minimum of 200 L per hectare of water or an appropriate water volume to provide full coverage.</p> |
| CROPS | Blueberries (low bush and high bush) |
| DISEASE | Control of mummyberry (<i>Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>For lowbush blueberries, apply the first application at or near flower bud swelling. A second application can be made at leaf bud swelling, making no more than two applications per year on low bush blueberries.</p> <p>For highbush blueberries apply the first application at or near flower bud swelling. A second application can be made at leaf bud swelling. If conditions remain favourable for disease development, a third application at pink bloom and a fourth application 7 to 10 days later at early bloom may be applied, making no more than four applications per year on high bush blueberries.</p> <p>Do not apply by aerial application to highbush blueberries. Ground or aerial applications may be used for lowbush blueberries.</p> <p>For ground application, use a minimum of 200L per hectare of water or an appropriate water volume to provide full coverage. For aerial application, use a minimum of 50L per hectare of water.</p> |

BLUEBERRIES

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| CROPS | Blueberries (low bush) |
| DISEASE | Control of monilinia blight (<i>Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>In the fruiting year for low bush blueberries apply the first application when flower bud scales first appear and make a second application 10 days later.</p> <p>Use ground application or aerial application equipment, making no more than two applications per year on low bush blueberries.</p> <p>Use a minimum of 200 L of water per hectare if applying by ground equipment; use 40-50 L of water per hectare if applying by air.</p> |
| CROPS | Blueberries (low bush and high bush) |
| DISEASE | Control of anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 |
| APPLICATION TIMING | <p>Make the first application during early bloom. A second application may be made 7 to 10 days later. A third application can be made if conditions remain favourable for disease development making no more than three applications per year.</p> <p>Use a minimum of 200 L per hectare of water or an appropriate water volume to provide full coverage.</p> |

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. The last application must be made 30 days prior to harvest (30 day PHI).
2. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications of 4.0 L/ha of Quilt to any blueberry crop per year.
3. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per year on low bush blueberries for control of rust, mummyberry, septoria leaf spot, Valdensinia leaf spot and monilinia blight.
4. DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per year on high bush blueberries.
5. For highbush blueberries only apply by ground application.

12.3. Fescue, Grown for Seed Production

FESCUE, GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| CROPS | Fescue, grown for seed production |
| DISEASES | Control of stem eyespot and leaf spot complex (<i>Didymella festucae</i>) and leaf spot (<i>Pyrenophora</i> spp., <i>Drechslera</i> spp.) |
| PRODUCT RATE (L/ha) | 1 L/ha (75 g ai/ha azoxystrobin and 125 g ai/ha propiconazole) |
| APPLICATION TIMING | Begin applications when conditions are favourable for disease infection and prior to disease symptom appearance. In commercial fescue for seed production, the first application is to be made preventively prior to tiller leaves expansion; the second application 14 days later. Use a minimum of 100 L per hectare of water |

Specific Use Restrictions:

1. Make the last application at least 20 days before seed matures; seed not for human or animal consumption
2. DO NOT apply sequential treatments of QUILT Fungicide, or other fungicides in the same fungicide group, in a season.
3. DO NOT apply at rates lower than recommended on the label.
4. DO NOT graze or harvest treated forage, and hay for livestock feed.
5. DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per year.
6. DO NOT apply using aerial application equipment.

13.0 RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For Resistance management, please note that QUILT Fungicide is a mixture of Group 3 (propiconazole) and Group 11 (azoxystrobin) fungicides. QUILT Fungicide has two modes of action: (1) DMI (Demethylation Inhibitor of sterol biosynthesis) [Group 3], and (2) inhibitor of the Qo (quinone outside) site within the electron transport system (QoI) as well as disrupting membrane synthesis by blocking demethylation [Group 11]. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to QUILT Fungicide and other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance:

DO NOT exceed the total number of applications of QUILT Fungicide per season per crop as stated in label.

Follow the specific crop recommendations that limit the total number of sprays on a crop and the required alternations with fungicides from other resistance management groups.

In situations requiring multiple sprays, develop season long spray programs for Group 11 (QoI) fungicides. The program should meet the goal of no more than 1/3 of the total sprays per season, when a Group 11 fungicide is used as a solo product, or 1/2 the total sprays when a Group 11 fungicide is used in a mixture. Programs that include both solo Group 11 products and/or mixes containing Group 11 products should be no more than 1/2 the total sprays.

Where possible, rotate the use of QUILT Fungicide or other Group 3 and 11 fungicides with different fungicide groups that control the same pathogens.

DO NOT apply sequential treatments of QUILT Fungicide, or other fungicides in the same Fungicide Group, in a season. DO NOT apply at rates lower than recommended on the label.

Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group when such use is permitted.

Fungicide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, historical information related to pesticide use and crop rotation and considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications.

Monitor treated fungal populations for sign of resistance development. Notify Syngenta Canada Inc. if reduced sensitivity of the pathogen to QUILT Fungicide is suspected.

If disease continues to progress after treatment with this product, DO NOT increase the use rate. Discontinue use of this product, and switch to another fungicide with a different target site of action, to which pathogen resistance has not developed.

Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact company representatives at 1-877-SYNGENTA (1-877-964-3682) or at www.syngenta.ca.

Application Limitation and Preharvest Interval (PHI) Summary

| Crop | Preharvest Interval (PHI) | Maximum number of applications per year |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| Soybeans and dry legume vegetables | 30 days | 2 |
| Succulent podded and shelled legume vegetables | 15 days | 2 |
| Soybean hay, dry pea hay | 14 days | 1 |
| Grain & Straw: wheat, barley, oats, triticale, rye | 45 days | 2 |
| Forage and Hay: wheat, barley, oats, triticale, rye | 30 days | 1 |
| Forage: corn | 30 days | 2 |
| Field corn, sweet corn (including seed production), popcorn (including seed production) | 14 days | 2 |
| Canola | 30 days | 1 |
| Mint (peppermint and spearmint and susceptible mint hybrids) | 7 days | 2 |
| Blueberries (high bush) | 30 days | 4 |
| Blueberries (low bush) | 30 days | 3 |
| Fescue (grown for seed production) | 20 days | 2 |
| Annual Ryegrass and Perennial Ryegrass | 20 days | 2 |