

Evaluation Report for Category B, Subcategory 2.1, 2.3, 2.5, 3.1, and 3.12 Application

Application Number: 2007-8947

Application: New/Changes EP or MA Product Chemistry (guarantee, identity of

form ulants, formulation type)

New or Changes to Product Labels (application rate increase, new

site or host, precautions)

Product: Vinyzene SB-27

Registration Number: 30348

Active ingredients (a.i.): 4,5-Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (Kathon 287)

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Purpose of Application

The purpose of this application was to register a new commercial product, 2Vinyzene SB-27, containing 4,5-dichloro-2-N-octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone (also known as Kathon 287; guarantee 10.2%) as an antimicrobial additive, in the form of pellets, for plastics.

Chemistry Assessment

Vinyzene SB-27 is formulated as a solid pellet containing 4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone at a nominal concentration of 10.0 %. This end-use product has a density of 0.789 g/cm³ and pH of 5.87. The chemistry requirements for Vinyzene SB-27 are complete.

Health Assessments

A quantitative health assessment has been conducted to register the new commercial end-use product Vinyzene SB-27, a material preservative for plastics, containing 4-10% 4,5-dichloro-2N-octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. Exposure to mixer/loader/applicators, post-application workers and consumers was determined to be acceptable.

Vinyzene SB-27 has low oral and dermal acute toxicity, with LD_{50} values above 5000 and 2000 mg/kg bw respectively. Due to its physical form, it is not expected to pose an acute toxicity hazard via the inhalation route. It is corrosive to the eye, and is considered to be a skin sensitizer.

Environmental Assessment

The active ingredient, Kathon 287, is toxic to aquatic organisms. Direct environmental exposure to Kathon 287 is not expected since the product is added to the plastic in indoor commercial facilities and the label does not permit discharge of effluent containing this product into aquatic systems. Depending on the product, the treated plastic is

exposed to various indoor and outdoor environments in its normal use. Environmental exposure to material preservatives leaching from treated materials such as plastics is considered negligible.

Value Assessment

One laboratory and one outdoor efficacy study was provided to evaluate the ability of Vinyzene SB-27 to protect flexible vinyl products (PVC) against fungi. The studies were conducted using four different PVC formulations to represents the possible variability of the end-use products. The outdoor study was conducted in South Florida to provide an environment simulating a worst-case scenario of heat and humidity. The data demonstrated that Vinyzene SB-27 provided effective protection to several PVC formulations against fungi under severe environmental conditions when used at the label rates.

Conclusion

The PMRA has completed an assessment of available information for Vinyzene SB-27 and has found the information sufficient to support a full registration for Vinyzene SB-27.

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