

## **Evaluation Report for Category B, Subcategory 3.12 Application**

**Application Number:** 2012-4258

**Application:** B.3.12 (Product label – new site or host)

**Product:** QUILT Fungicide

**Registration Number:** 28328

**Active ingredients (a.i.):** Azoxystrobin and Propiconazole

PMRA Document Number: 2350077

## **Purpose of Application**

The purpose of this application was to add canola with a pre-harvest interval (PHI) of 30 days and to add aerial application for canola to the QUILT Fungicide label and to establish a Maximum Residue Limit (MRL) for propiconazole in/on canola.

## **Chemistry Assessment**

A chemistry assessment was not required for this application.

## **Health Assessments**

A toxicology assessment was not required for this application.

The addition of the control of virulent blackleg on canola to the QUILT Fungicide label should not result in risks of concern from exposure to azoxystrobin or propiconazole when workers follow the label directions and wear the personal protective equipment identified on the label.

Residue data from field trials conducted in/on canola were assessed in the framework of this petition to support the addition of canola to the QUILT Fungicide label. A canola processing study was submitted.

#### **Maximum Residue Limit**

Based on the maximum residues observed in canola seeds treated according to one-fold supported rate, a maximum residue limit (MRL) of 0.02 ppm to cover residues of propiconazole *per se* in rapeseeds (canola) will be established as shown in Table 1. Residues in processed commodities not listed in Table 1 are covered under the proposed MRL for the raw agricultural commodity (RAC).

The currently established MRL for azoxystrobin in/on rapeseeds (canola) was not revised under the current submission as residues of azoxystrobin in/on rapeseeds (canola), following treatment at one-fold supported rate, will be covered by the MRL of 1 ppm.



TABLE 1.	Summary of Field Trial and Processing Data Used to Establish Maximum Residue Limits (MRL).							
Commodity	Application Method/	PHI (days)	Residues (ppm)		Experimenta l Processing	<b>Currently Established</b>	Recommended MRL	
	Total Application Rate (g a.i./ha)	•	Min	Max	Factor	MRL		
Propiconazole								
Rapeseeds (canola)	Foliar/ 125.3– 138.1-ULV	29-30	<0.01	0.013	None	None	0.02	
	Foliar/ 117.7– 130.5-HV		<0.01	<0.01				
	Foliar/ 117.7– 138.1- ULV + HV		<0.01	0.013				
Azoxystrobin								
Rapeseeds (canola)	Foliar/ 74.9–75.6 g a.i./ha	29-30	0.0	0.01	None	1	None	
Z-isomer								
Rapeseeds (canola)	Foliar/ 74.9–75.6 g a.i./ha	29-30	0.01	0.01	None	1	None	

ULV: Ultra-low volume spray; HV: High volume spray

Following the review of all available data, a MRL of 0.02 ppm is recommended to cover residues of propiconazole in/on rapeseeds (canola). The currently established MRL of 1 ppm for azoxystrobin in/on rapeseeds (canola) was not revised under the current application. Residues of propiconazole and azoxystrobin in rapeseeds (canola) at the recommended or established MRL will not pose an unacceptable risk to any segment of the population, including infants, children, adults and seniors.

#### **Environmental Assessment**

No environmental concerns were identified as the application rate of QUILT Fungicide (azoxystrobin and propiconazole) for the control of various diseases on canola fits within the registered use pattern for azoxystrobin and propiconazole use on canola (i.e. Quadris Flowable Fungicide – Registration Number 26153 and Tilt 250E Fungicide – Registration Number 19346,

respectively).

#### Value Assessment

The value of this new use was supported by a rationale stating that claims for control of virulent blackleg are already registered on the labels of products that contain the individual components of the pre-mixed product QUILT Fungicide; i.e. Tilt (propiconazole) and Quadris (azoxystrobin). Based on the similarity of use patterns for these single-active products and the new use of QUILT Fungicide along with the benefits of having multiple modes of action against a disease in a single application, the value of the use of QUILT Fungicide on canola was deemed to have been adequately demonstrated.

## Conclusion

The PMRA has completed an assessment of the available information and is able to support the addition of canola with a pre-harvest interval (PHI) of 30 days and to specify aerial application for canola on the QUILT Fungicide label and to establish a Maximum Residue Limit of 0.02 ppm for propiconazole in/on canola.

## References

## A. List of Studies/Information Submitted by Registrant

PMRA No.	References
2234028	2012, Use Description and Scenario (Mixer/Loader/Applicator and Post-
	application) for Quilt Fungicide. DACO: 5.2
1278522	2006, LIVESTOCK, POULTRY, EGG AND MILK RESIDUE DATA (FROM
	FEEDING OF TREATED CROPS), DACO: 7.5
2234038	2005, Residue Analytical Method for the Determination of Residues of
	Propiconazole (CGA64250) in Crop Samples Final Determination by LC-LC-
	MS/MS, DACO: 7.2.2
2234045	2012, 7.4.1 - Residue trial study - Add canola to Quilt, DACO: 7.4.1,7.4.2,7.4.5
2346368	2008, Validation of Residue Analytical Method REM 130.11 for the
	Determination of Residues in Crop Samples, DACO: 7.2.1
2349389	US EPA DER of canola crop field trials with propiconazole: (2012) SYN545192
	EC (A15457B), Difenoconazole EC (A7402T), Propiconazole EC (A6097AC)
	and Propiconazole/Azoxystrobin SU (A13705V) – Residue Levels on Canola
	Seed and Processed Fractions (Meal and Refined Oil) in Canada during 2011.
	Final Report. Project Number: CER 05903/11, 12SYN312.REP, TK0171471.
	Unpublished study prepared by Syngenta Crop Protection, and Syngenta Canada
	Inc. MRID 48604486 811 p.
2349392	US EPA DER of Canola processing study: (2012) SYN545192 EC (A15457B),
	Difenoconazole EC (A7402T), Propiconazole EC (A6097AC) and
	Propiconazole/Azoxystrobin SU (A13705V) – Residue Levels on Canola Seed
	and Processed Fractions (Meal and Refined Oil) in Canada during 2011. Final
	Report. Project Number: CER 05903/11, 12SYN312.REP, TK0171471.
	Unpublished study prepared by Syngenta Crop Protection, and Syngenta Canada

Inc. MRID 48604486 811 p.

2234052 2012. Summary Efficacy - Add canola to Quilt. 3 pp. DACO 10.1, 10.2.3.1, 10.2.3.2, 10.3.1, 10.3.2

## **B.** Additional Information Considered

## i) Published Information Considered

## 1.0 Human and Animal Health Assessment

1249254	1983. Residue levels of CGA 64250 Equivalent (Detected as 2m, 4-							
	dichloronezoic acid methyl ester converted to CGA 64250) in milk and tissues.							
	ABR-83091. 11 pgs.							
1100710	1000 D 11 COOL (1070 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							

1139712 1983. Residues of CGA 64250 and metabolites in eggs and tissues of laying hens receiving CGA 64250 in their diet. ABR-83092. 12 pgs.

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