

## Evaluation Report for Category B, Subcategory 3.12 and 7.0 Application

**Application Numbers:** 2010-5066, 2010-5067, 2010-5068  
**Application:** Labels – New Site or Host  
Reinstatement of Registered Product  
**Products:** Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide, Primextra II Magnum Herbicide, and Aatrex 480 Herbicide  
**Registration Numbers:** 29358, 25730 and 18450  
**Active ingredients (a.i.):** Aatrex [ATZ]  
**PMRA Document Number:** 2275351

### Background

Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. voluntarily withdrew the distribution, sale and use of atrazine end-use products in British Columbia prior to the completion of the re-evaluation of atrazine (RVD2007-05 – *Atrazine (Environmental Assessment)*). Aatrex 480 Herbicide contains the active ingredient atrazine at 480 g a.i./L; both Primextra II Magnum Herbicide and Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide contain 320 g/L atrazine as well as an additional herbicidal active ingredient metolachlor at 400 g/L. All three end-use products are currently registered nationwide for use on corn to control labeled weeds (with the exception of BC). The active ingredient metolachlor is registered for use nationwide to control labeled weeds on a variety of vegetable crops, fruit trees and outdoor ornamentals.

The re-evaluation of atrazine was completed in 2007 (PACR2007-05 – *Re-evaluation of Atrazine (Environmental Assessment)* and RVD2007-05 – *Atrazine (Environmental Assessment)*). The initial environmental risk assessment indicated that atrazine may pose a risk to salmon smolts during their sensitive migration period from freshwater to seawater. Because Syngenta voluntarily withdrew atrazine (distribution, sale and use) for BC during re-evaluation, the risk to salmonids undergoing smoltification was determined based on exposure to atrazine from its use in the Eastern Maritime Provinces only. Atrazine was shown to pose a risk to salmon smolts (RQ = 64) based on modeled EECs (32 µg/L for peak concentration) for an exposure scenario specific to Nova Scotia during the sensitive salmon smolt migration period (NOEC = 0.5 µg/L from a study by Waring and Moore, 2004). Based on the available monitoring data for the Eastern maritime provinces, however, the risk to migrating salmon smolts to atrazine was shown to be low (RQ = 0.3). Atrazine is registered solely for use on corn and the majority of the East coast surface water concentration data were not collected in areas of corn production. In addition, none of the water samples were collected at times that coincide with the smolt migration period. Given the limited surface water monitoring data available for atrazine in the Maritime Provinces to assess the risk to salmonids undergoing smoltification, the PMRA concluded that monitoring is necessary to assess the exposure of salmon smolts to atrazine during the sensitive smolt migration period.

As a condition of continued registration, Syngenta Crop Protection Inc. was required to conduct a surface water monitoring study in potential freshwater salmon bearing habitat on the east coast. The study was conducted in the spring/summer of 2008 and a final report was submitted to the PMRA in July 2009. The data provide an indication of the presence and levels of atrazine and its transformation products in three rivers considered to be representative of the worst case for potential exposure to atrazine among rivers in the Maritimes Provinces in which salmon populations might be present in agricultural watersheds where corn is grown. Residues of atrazine and its transformation products (DEA, DIA and DACT) were not detected at or above the LOD (0.02 µg/L). As such, atrazine is not expected to pose an unacceptable risk to salmonids undergoing smolt migration on the east coast.

All environmental data requirements listed as a condition of continued registration of atrazine (RVD2007-05 – *Atrazine (Environmental Assessment)*) have been satisfied. The reinstatement of Aatrex 480 Herbicide and the use of Primextra II Magnum Herbicide and Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide in the province of BC would require a risk assessment specific to atrazine exposure of salmonids undergoing smoltification and migration in BC waters.

### **Purpose of Application**

The purpose of this application was the reinstatement of Aatrex 480 Herbicide (registration number 18450; application number 2010-5068) in the province of BC. At the same time, Syngenta applied for use of Primextra II Magnum Herbicide (registration number 25730; application number 2010-5067) and Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide (registration number 29358; application number 2010-5066).

### **Chemistry, Health and Value Assessments**

Chemistry, health and value assessments were not required for these applications.

### **Environmental Assessment**

Additional data were required to support the reinstatement of Aatrex 480 Herbicide and the registration of Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide and Primextra II Magnum Herbicide for use in the province of British Columbia. As a result, a study was provided by the registrant that investigated the effects of atrazine on the survival and iono-regulatory performance on salmon smolts under realistic salinity-freshwater exposure conditions, and additional published studies, relevant to assessing the exposure risk of salmon smolts to atrazine during the sensitive smolt migration periods, were made available. Based on the analysis of these studies, an appropriate endpoint for the aquatic risk assessment was determined. Water modelling results (estimated environmental concentrations), surface water monitoring data and the determined endpoint were then used to conduct a risk assessment. The risk assessment concluded that the potential risk to salmon smolts undergoing smoltification and migration in BC is acceptable. The Pest Management Regulatory Agency has found the information provided to be sufficient to reinstate Aatrex 480 Herbicide and register Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide, Primextra II Magnum Herbicide.

## **Conclusion**

The Pest Management Regulatory Agency has completed an assessment of the information provided in support of the products and has found the information sufficient to reinstate Aatrex 480 Herbicide and register Primextra II Magnum Agricultural Herbicide and Primextra II Magnum Herbicide.

## **References**

### **A. APPLICANT SUPPLIED INFORMATION**

<b>PMRA number</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1970620	2009, Matsumoto J. and Van Der Kraak G., Atrazine: Salinity challenge study with Atlantic salmon ( <i>Salmo salar</i> ). Final Report. Syngenta Crop Protection Inc., Report # T000934-07, DACO: 9.5.2.4.1
1773298	2009, Atrazine and Related Compounds in Maritime Canadian Salmon Rivers, DACO: 8.3.3.1

### **B. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONSIDERED**

#### **i) Published Information**

<b>PMRA number</b>	<b>Reference</b>
1496124	1998, McCormick S.D., Hansen L.P., Quinn T.P. and Saunders R.L., Movement, migration and smolting of Atlantic Salmon ( <i>Salmo salar</i> ). Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences, 55(Suppl. 1), pp 77–92, DACO: 9.9
2099051	2007, Moore A., Lower N., Mayer I., and Greenwood L., The impact of a pesticide on migratory activity and olfactory function in Atlantic salmon ( <i>Salmo salar L.</i> ) smolts. Aquaculture, 273, pp 350–359, DACO: 9.9
2118994	2007, Nieves-Puigdoller K., Björnsson B.T. and McCormick S.D., Effects of hexatinone and atrazine on the physiology and endocrinology of smolt development in Atlantic salmon. Aquatic Toxicity, 84, pp 27-37, DACO: 9.9
1493902	2004, Waring C. and Moore A., The effect of atrazine on Atlantic salmon ( <i>Salmo salar</i> ) smolts in fresh water and after sea water transfer. Aquatic Toxicology, 66, pp 93-104, DACO: 9.9
2118996	2007, Tierney K.B., Singh C.R., Ross, P.S. and Kennedy C J., Relating olfactory neurotoxicity to altered olfactory-mediated behaviours in rainbow trout exposed to three currently-used pesticides. Aquatic Toxicology, 81, pp 55–64, DACO: 8.6
1307568	1999, Giroux I., Contamination de L'eau par les Pesticides dans les Régions de Culture de Maïs et de Soya au Québec. Campagnes D'échantillonnage de 1996, 1997 et 1998, Ministère de l'Environnement, Direction des écosystèmes Aquatiques, pp 24 and 5 Appendices, DACO: 8.6
1307569	1997, Giroux I., Duchemin M. and Roy M., Contamination de L'eau par les Pesticides dans les Régions de Culture Intensive du Maïs au Québec. Campagnes D'échantillonnage de 1994 et 1995, Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune, Direction des écosystèmes Aquatiques, Envirodoq No. EN970099, Report No. PES-8, pp 54 and 6 Appendices, DACO: 8.6

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| 1307570 | 1994, Berryman D. and Giroux I. La Contamination des Cours D'eau par les Pesticides dans les Régions de Culture Intensive de Maïs au Québec. Campagnes D'échantillonnage de 1992 et 1993. Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune, Direction des Écosystèmes Aquatiques, Envirodoq EN940594, Report No. PES-4, pp 134 and 5 Appendices, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1307571 | 2002, Giroux I., Contamination de L'eau par les Pesticides dans les Régions de Culture de Maïs et de Soya au Québec. Campagnes D'échantillonnage de 1999, 2000 et 2001, et Évolution Temporelle de 1992 à 2001, Québec, Ministère de l'Environnement, Direction du Suivi de L'état de L'environnement, Envirodoq EN/2002/0365, Report No. QE/137, pp 45 and 5 Appendices, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1307578 | 1998a, Giroux I., Suivi Environnemental des Pesticides dans des Régions de Vergers de Pommiers. Rapport D'échantillonnage de Petits Cours D'eau et de L'eau Souterraine au Québec en 1994, 1995 et 1996, Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune, Direction des écosystèmes Aquatiques, Envirodoq EN980361, pp 21 and 3 Appendices, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1307581 | 1998b, Giroux I., Impact de L'utilisation des Pesticides sur la Qualité de L'eau des Bassins Versants des Rivière Yamaska, L'Assomption, Chaudière et Boyer. Document Rédigé par le Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune, Direction des écosystèmes Aquatiques, dans le Contexte de Saint-Laurent- Vision 2000, pp 48, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1307591 | 2004, Struger J., L'Italien S. and Sverko E., In-use Pesticides Concentrations in Surface Waters of the Laurentian Great Lakes, 1994 – 2000: Journal of Great Lakes Research 30 (3): 435 – 450: International Association of Great Lakes Research, 2004, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1345576 | 2004, Fluegel M., Sylvestre S., Tuominen T., Sekela M. and Moyle G., The effects of non-point source pollution in small urban and agricultural streams, Data Report. Environmental Conservation Branch, Environment Canada, Vancouver, BC. EC/GB/04/77, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1345923 | 2000, Pharm T.T, Rondeau B., Sabik H., Proulx S. and Cossa D., Lake Ontario: The predominant source of Triazine herbicides in the St. Lawrence River, National Research Council Canada, Reprinted from Canadian Journal of fisheries and Aquatic Science, 57, Supplement 1. 9 pages, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1398451 | 2006, Giroux I., Robert C. and Dassylva N., Présence de Pesticides dans L'eau au Québec: Bilan dans des Cours D'eau de Zones en Culture de Maïs et de Soya en 2002, 2003 et 2004, et dans les Réseaux de Distribution D'eau Potable. Ministère du Développement Durable, de L'Environnement et des Parcs, Direction du Suivi de L'état de L'environnement, Direction des Politiques de L'eau et Centre D'expertise en Analyse Environnementale du Québec, ISBN 2 550 46504 0, DACO: 8.6 |

- |         |  |
|---------|--|
| 1723616 | 2007, Giroux I., Les Pesticides dans Quelques Tributaires de la Rive Nord du Saint- Laurent: Rivières L'Assomption, Bayonne, Maskinongé et du Loup, Ministère du Développement Durable, de l'environnement et des Parcs, Direction du Suivi de l'état de l'environnement, ISBN - 978-2-550-51312-4, pp 28 and 2 Appendices, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1739314 | 2008, Harris K.A., Dangerfield N., Woudneh M., Brown T., Verrin S. and Ross P.S. Partitioning of current-use and legacy pesticides in salmon habitat in British Columbia, Canada. Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry 27(11), pp 2253-2262, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1739329 | 2009, Woudneh, M.B., Ou Z., Sekela M., Tuominen T. and Gledhill M., Pesticide Multiresidues in waters of the Lower Fraser Valley, British Columbia, Canada, Part 1, Surface water, Journal of Environmental Quality, 38, pp 940-947, DACO: 8.6   |
| 2035772 | 2010, Giroux I. and Fortin J., Pesticides dans l'eau de surface d'une zone maraîchère - Ruisseau Gibeault-Delisle dans les <<terres noires>> du bassin versant de la rivière Châteauguay de 2005 à 200, Ministère du Développement durable, de l'Environnement et des Parcs. Direction du suivi de l'état de l'environnement et Université Laval, Département des sols et de génie agroalimentaire. 978-2-550-59088-0 (PDF), 28 pages, DACO: 8.6 |
| 2102602 | 2010, Giroux I., Présence de pesticides dans l'eau au Québec - Bilan dans quatre cours d'eau de zones en culture de maïs et de soya en 2005, 2006 et 2007 et dans des réseaux de distribution d'eau potable. Ministère du Développement durable, de l'Environnement et des Parcs, Direction du suivi de l'état de l'environnement, 78 pages, DACO: 8.6   |

**ii) Unpublished Information**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| 1269132 | Unpublished water monitoring data from the Ontario Region (2003-2004). Pesticide Science Fund, Environment Canada, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1307560 | 2004, Occurrence of pesticides in the Don and Humber River watersheds (1998-2002); Interim report. Environment Canada, The Ontario Ministry of the Environment and the City of Toronto, DACO: 8.6 |
| 1311104 | 2004, Environment Canada, Water Monitoring Data Collected in BC, Pesticide Science Fund, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1311112 | 2004, Environment Canada, National Water Monitoring Data. Pesticide Science Fund, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1357368 | 2002, Unpublished water monitoring data collected from Great Lakes Area of Concern and Great Lakes Connecting Channels, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1357369 | 2002, Unpublished Water Monitoring Data Collected From Lake Huron Tributaries, DACO: 8.6  |
| 1401896 | date Unpublished water monitoring data as part of the Urban Pesticide Monitoring Program - 2001, in eight Canadian tributaries of Lake Ontario, DACO: 8.6   |
| 1401897 | 2000, Unpublished water monitoring data as part of the Urban Pesticide Monitoring Program - 2000, in eight Canadian tributaries of Lake Ontario, DACO: 8.6  |

- 1401898            1998, Unpublished water monitoring data as on pesticide concentrations in eight Canadian tributaries of Lake Erie, DACO: 8.6
- 1403269            2006, Pesticide Science Fund Annual Report 2005–2006. Environment Canada, DACO: 8.6
- 1726638            2007, Pesticide Science Fund Annual Report 2006–2007. Prepared in Fulfilment to Treasury Board Commitments by Environment Canada, DACO: 8.6
- 1726642            2008, Pesticide Science Fund Annual Report 2007–2008. Prepared in Fulfilment to Treasury Board Commitments by Environment Canada, DACO: 8.6
- 1971119            2010, Raw Unpublished Pesticide Science Fund Water Monitoring Data from Mill Creek British Columbia, Pesticide Science Fund, Environment Canada, DACO: 8.6

ISSN: 1911-8082

**© Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, represented by the Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada 2013**

All rights reserved. No part of this information (publication or product) may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical photocopying, recording or otherwise, or stored in a retrieval system, without prior written permission of the Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0S5.