MCPA LV 500

Emulsifiable Farm Weed Killer

- Contains MCPA
- To control most broadleaved weeds in wheat, oats, barley, rye, flax, asparagus, pastures and noncropland.

AGRICULTURAL

CAUTION POISON

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USING. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

GUARANTEE:

REGISTRATION NO. 21260 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

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PRECAUTIONS: May cause Eye and Skin Irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID:

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Treat Symptomatically.

NOTICE TO USER: This control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on this label. It is an offence under the Pest Control Products Act to use a control product under unsafe conditions.

NOTICE TO BUYER: Seller's guarantee shall be limited to the terms set out on the label and subject thereto, the buyer assumes the risk to persons or property arising from the use or handling of

this product and accepts the product on that condition.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL: Do Not Ship Or Store With Food, Feeds, Drugs or Clothing.

Pioneer Grain Company, Limited 1 lombard place, winnipeg, Manitoba R3B 0X2

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - CROP USE

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply 50-200 L of spray solution per hectare depending on the type of application equipment used. Use sufficient water for even distribution. Spray at low pressures (200-275 kPa) when the weeds are actively growing.

AERIAL APPLICATION: (including fixed and rotary wing aircraft). Apply a minimum of 30 L of spray solution per hectare depending on the type of application system being used. Use boom pressures of 235 kPa or less. Avoid placing nozzles where spray will enter wing tip vortices.

To Prepare A Spray: Add half the required amount of water or oil to the spray tank, then add with agitation the required amount of product as shown for the different uses, and finally the balance of the water or oil with continued agitation. Provide agitation to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

Spot Treatment: For knapsack applications for spot treatment of weeds such as thistles, mix 200 mL of product in 10 L of water. Wet all foliage thoroughly.

Selective Weed control in Small Grains: Do not use on grain interplanted with a legume. Weeds differ in their susceptibility to MCPA LV 500 and not all types can be controlled satisfactorily in crops. The amount of product to use will depend upon the susceptibility and whether the crops will tolerate this amount. See chart.

Oats: Oats are more tolerant to MCPA than 2,4-D. Spray when

conditions of weeds warrant up to the flag-leaf stage (shot blade).

Wheat, Barley, Rye: MCPA LV 500 is used for the control of susceptible weeds in wheat, barley and rye. Treatments can be made from the 3-leaf expanded to the early flag-leaf stage. Treatments made between emergence and 3-leaf stage may cause some crop injury, but are less likely to with MCPA LV 500 than with 2,4-D esters. Winter wheat and fall rye should be treated in early spring, as soon as weeds appear and when the crop is in full tillering stage to the shot-blade stage.

Flax (linseed): Treat flax with MCPA LV 500 when flax is 5 cm tall to just before the buds begin to form. When weeds resistant to MCPA are present, use 2,4-D Amine 500 herbicide; however, some crop injury to the flax should be expected. Rates of MCPA LV 500 over 1.1 L/ha may cause a delay in maturity which is usually more than offset by increased yield caused by weed control.

APPLICATION

Suggested Amounts of MCPA LV 500 for Weed Control in Cereals (not underseeded to legumes) and Flax

Mixed Weedy Growth	Stage of Weed Kind of Weather	L/ha	Hectares Treated/ 20 L
Susceptible weeds such as: burdock, cocklebur, field pennycress, flixweed, kochia lambsquarters, mustard, (except dog & green tansy), prickly lettuce, ragweeds, Russian pigweed, shepherds purse, annual sunflower, vetch, wild radish, *field horsetail, *hoary cress, *plantain.	Seedling(2-4 leaves) Growing rapidly	700 mL	29
	Weeds in bud Dry, cool weather Heavy infestation	1.1	18

Hard-to-kill weeds such as:biennial wormwood, bluebur, dogmustard, field peppergrass, hairy galinsoga, hemp nettle, goatsbeard, oakleaf goosefoot, dandelion, redroot pigweed, smartweed, annual	Seedling(2-4 leaves)Growing rapidly	1.25#	16
sowthistle, sweet clover, tartary buckwheat, tumbleweed, *blue lettuce, *Canada thistle, *docks, *field bindweed, *gumweed, *hedge bindweed, *lady's thumb, *perennial sowthistle, *tansy.	Weeds in bud Dry or cool weather Heavy infestation	1.75#	12

The higher rates may cause deformities and delayed maturity which will be offset by a higher relative yield from a less weedy crop. * Top growth control only.

Asparagus: Treat asparagus with MCPA LV 500 following a cultivation just before the first spears appear. Use 3.5 L/ha. Treatment may be repeated at end of cutting season.

Established Grasses- Eastern Canada: For the control of yellow rocket and other susceptible winter annual weeds, spray with 2 L/ha of MCPA LV 500/ha. Application should be made in early fall.

Established Alfalfa and Grasses- Western Canada: To control such susceptible weeds as horsetail, hoary cress and shepherd's purse and other perennials or winter annuals, spray with MCPA LV 500 at 1.1 to 2.0 L/ha before growth of legumes and grasses starts in the spring.

Rangeland and Grass Pasture: To control susceptible weeds, use 1.5 to 2.75 L/ha in enough water for coverage.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS- NON-CROP USE

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply 100-1000 L of spray solution per

hectare depending on the type of application system being used. Use sufficient water to ensure uniform coverage.

AERIAL APPLICATION: (including fixed and rotary wing aircraft). Apply a minimum of 30 L of spray solution per hectare depending on the type of application system being used. Use boom pressures of 235 kPa or less. Avoid placing nozzles where spray will enter wing tip vortices.

ROADSIDE AND GENERAL WEED CONTROL: For taller weed growth such as in vacant lots on roadsides and along fence rows, sufficient spray solution should be used to wet all foliage thoroughly. Use MCPA LV 500 at the rate of 4 L per hectare. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as bindweed and Canada thistle, may require repeated applications as new growth appears.

USE PRECAUTIONS- WARNING

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION: Do not spray when winds exceed 8 kmph. Do not spray in dead calm near sensitive plants. The "cloud' of suspended droplets may drift onto sensitive plants when the wind comes up. Spray only when wind is blowing away from a sensitive crop, shelterbelt or garden.

SENSITIVE PLANTS: Vegetables, flowers, grapes, fruit trees and other desirable plants are sensitive to MCPA even in minute quantities. Care should be taken to avoid spraying these types of plants or allowing spray mist to drift onto these plants during both their growing and dormant periods. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. At higher temperatures, vapourization may cause injury to susceptible plants growing nearby.

This product may cause damage to lawns or pastures if applied before the grass is well established. In addition, most legumes may be damaged or killed.

STORAGE: This product must be stored away from fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, fungicides or other herbicides intended for use on MCPA sensitive crops.

USE: When the container is empty rinse and add the rinse water to the spray tank. Care must be taken during application to avoid contaminating irrigation ditches or domestic water supplies.

SPRAYER CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE: When spraying is complete, rinse all equipment and the original contain with water and

dispose of rinse water by burying in non-cropland away from water supplies. Avoid using sprayers which contained MCPA, to apply other pesticides to sensitive crops.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

- 1. Rinse the emptied container thoroughly and add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Follow provincial instructions for any required additional cleaning of the container prior to its disposal.
- 3. Make the emptied container unsuitable for further use.
- 4. Dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.
- 5. For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product and the cleanup of spills contact the regional office of Conservation and Protection, Environment Canada.

NOTE: Local conditions may affect the use of herbicides. Provincial agricultural authorities issue recommendations to fit local conditions. Be sure that use of this product conforms to all applicable regulations.

If this product is exposed to temperatures below -20'C, it should be warmed to at least 5.0'C and mixed thoroughly before using.

SPECIMEN LABEL 48147-L110

DATE CODE 689

REPLACES SPECIMEN LABEL (00000-L000)

DATE CODE (000)

DISCARD ALL PREVIOUS SPECIMEN LABELS

REVISIONS INCLUDE: NEW

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