container label

GROUP 5 HERBICIDE

METEOR™ HERBICIDE

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL)

Water Dispersible Granular

For control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: metribuzin 75%

REGISTRATION NO. 34370 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE

READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING

CAUTION



POISON

NET CONTENTS: 2.0 – 454 Kg

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incident Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-527-3887

NewAgco, Inc. 320 – 22nd Street East Saskatoon (Sask.) S7K 0H1 Canada 1-844-269-3276 Distributed by: **AgraCity Crop & Nutrition Ltd.** 320 – 22nd Street East Saskatoon (Sask.) S7K 0H1 Canada 1-844-269-3276

NOTICE TO USER:

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

See the printed booklet provided with this container.

PRECAUTIONS

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.
- · Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.
- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Wash contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use.
- Wash skin thoroughly with soap and warm water after handling.
- Do not contaminate any body of water.
- Do not contaminate food or feed.
- Read and follow label instructions and directives.
- When tank-mixes are permitted, read and observe all label directions, including rates and restrictions
 for each product used in the tank-mix. Follow the more stringent label precautionary measures for
 mixing, loading and applying stated on both product labels.
- Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation or areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.
- If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported and you require information regarding Maximum Residue Limits for an importing country, please contact NewAgco Inc, at 1-844-269-3276.

Applicators and other handlers must wear during mixing/loading, clean-up and repair activities:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves;
- Goggles or face shield;
- Shoes plus socks.

NOTE:

- Users should remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the
 outside of the gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean
 clothing.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) or use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

FIRST AID

Obtain prompt medical aid or contact a poison control center IMMEDIATELY if poisoning should occur. Remove victim to safe, uncontaminated area. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

IF IN EYES:

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TO PHYSICIAN: No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically. **SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:** The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Poisoning is accompanied by breathing difficulties and sedation.

STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed. Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, seeds, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

DISPOSAL

For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

For Bag and Non-Recyclable Container

- 1. Thoroughly rinse the emptied plastic bag, or triple-rinse the empty container, and add the rinsing's to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Follow provincial instruction for any required additional cleaning of the plastic bag/container prior to its disposal.
- 3. Make the empty plastic bag/container unsuitable for further use.
- 4. Dispose of the plastic bag/container in accordance with provincial requirements.

For Recyclable Container

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

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If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

For Refillable Container (Accubin):

GENERAL INFORMATION: The NET CONTENTS of this container is greater than 227/454 kg. The unit will only disperse up to the purchase quantity of 227/454 kg, leaving a small amount in the container. This amount is necessary to ensure accurate metering of purchased product down to the last kilogram.

This container and all attached or associated equipment are the property of NewAgco Inc. This unit is designed for recycle and refill. Your cooperation in this reusable packaging program will contribute to a cleaner environment and assure that this convenient packaging continues to be available.

- 1. After use, return the container to the point of purchase or designated locations.
- 2. This container must only be refilled with **METEOR HERBICIDE**.
- 3. Do not reuse container for other purposes.
- 4. Prior to refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage.
- 5. Check for leaks after refilling and before transportation.
- 6. Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking containers.
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- Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.
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- Wash contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use.
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- · Do not contaminate any body of water.
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 for each product used in the tank-mix. Follow the more stringent label precautionary measures for
 mixing, loading and applying stated on both product labels.
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Applicators and other handlers must wear during mixing/loading, clean-up and repair activities:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves:
- Goggles or face shield;
- Shoes plus socks.

NOTE:

- Users should remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the
 outside of the gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean
 clothing.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) or use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

FIRST AID

Obtain prompt medical aid or contact a poison control center IMMEDIATELY if poisoning should occur. Remove victim to safe, uncontaminated area. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

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Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

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TO PHYSICIAN: No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically. **SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:** The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be

diagnostic. Poisoning is accompanied by breathing difficulties and sedation.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

- Do not use treated vines or crops for food, feed, or forage unless they are specified on this label. Use only according to label direction.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not allow sprays to drift on to adjacent desirable plants.
- Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.
- Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present.
- The use of this chemical may result in contamination of groundwater particularly in areas where soils are permeable (e.g., sandy soil) and/or the depth to the water table is shallow.
- Following application and during rainfall events that cause runoff, these chemicals may reach surface water bodies including streams and reservoirs.
- To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, consider the characteristics and conditions
 of the site before treatment. Site characteristics and conditions that may lead to runoff include, but are
 not limited to, heavy rainfall, moderate to steep slope, bare soil, poorly draining soil (e.g., soils that are
 compacted, fine textured or low in organic matter such as clay). Avoid application of this product when
 heavy rain is forecast.
- Do not exceed rates recommended on this label. Uneven application such as swath overlapping, variable tractor speed, spraying on turns, etc., may result in crop injury and increase chances of injury to succeeding crops.
- After harvest, tillage practices that provide thorough mixing of the soil may be helpful in reducing the chance of injury to succeeding crops.
- This product is not to be used in combination with any other product except as specifically recommended on this label.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment must be thoroughly cleaned to remove remaining traces of herbicide that might injure other crops. Drain any remaining spray solution of **METEOR HERBICIDE** from the spray tank and discard in non-crop areas away from water supplies. Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding a heavy-duty detergent at the rate of 250 mL/100 L of water. Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes and spray out. Repeat this procedure twice. Fill the spray tank with clean water, recycle for 5 minutes, and spray out. Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly. Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of the spray tank, nozzles or spray rig.

STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed. Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, seeds, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

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- 6. Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking containers.
- 7. If the container is not being refilled, return to the point of purchase.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

MIXING AND SPRAYING INSTRUCTIONS

- It is essential that the sprayer be properly calibrated before making application.
- Spray Pressure 150 to 275 kPa; for lentils, peas, and processing peas use 275 kPa only.
- Spray Volume refer to appropriate crop section for water volume.
- Use screens no finer than 0.3 mm (50 mesh) in nozzle and in-line strainers (felt filters, or smaller screens will become clogged). A 16-mesh screen is recommended for the filter on the inlet side of the pump.
- Nozzle tips should be no finer than 6502, 8002 or TK 2.
- Do not use air blast or other high-pressure spray equipment to apply METEOR HERBICIDE.
- VIGOROUS, CONTINUOUS AGITATION IS ESSENTIAL FOR PROPER MIXING THROUGHOUT FILLING AND SPRAYING OPERATIONS. Return line agitation is not sufficient. Sparge tube, jet or mechanical agitation is required. Agitation should be sufficient to create a rippling or rolling action on the surface. A pump must be of sufficient capacity to provide adequate volume through the by-pass and/or jet agitation system to provide sufficient agitation even while the booms are operating.
- The sprayer should be checked frequently during application to be sure it is working properly and delivering a uniform spray pattern.
- Avoid over-laps that will increase dosages above those recommended.
- DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

Before mixing **METEOR HERBICIDE** and its labelled tank-mixtures, examine the spray equipment making sure it is completely clean and free of rust or corrosion. To ensure the equipment is free of any residues from previously used pesticides, flush lines with clean water or recommended detergents. Use an approved method for disposing of rinse water.

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations regarding mixing procedures. The proper mixing sequence for **METEOR HERBICIDE** and recommended tank-mixtures is as follows:

- 1. Fill the spray tank or nurse tank 1/4 full of water.
- 2. Start recirculation and agitation system and continue throughout mixing and application.
- 3. Add recommended amount of METEOR HERBICIDE.
- 4. If tank-mixing with wettable powders or other dry flowable products refer to these product labels for specific mixing instructions.
- 5. Fill the spray tank with water to the desired level.
- 6. If tank-mixing with emulsifiable concentrates or soluble products, add these products near end of filling the spray tank.
- 7. Continue agitation during transport and application until the spray tank is empty.

METEOR HERBICIDE and all registered mixtures should be kept agitated once mixed and then sprayed out immediately. Do not allow mixtures to stand for prolonged periods of time. Water quality, pH, temperature and/or other components of the mixture may affect how long the mixture can stand before application.

NOTE: If spraying and agitation is stopped before the spray tank is empty, the suspended material will settle to the bottom of the tank. When spraying must be interrupted, it is recommended to maintain agitation until spraying resumes. If agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, follow these steps to resume spraying:

- 1. Remove main filter.
- 2. Mechanically mix spray solution (i.e., paddle) prior to restarting pump. Ensure that loose sediment is moved out to the sump area.
- 3. Start agitation on full.
- 4. Paddle corners of the tank.
- 5. Reinstall main filter.

At the end of each spray day, rinse out the tank and sprayer lines with water.

RE-ENTRY INTERVAL

Do not enter or allow re-entry into treated areas until 12 hours after application. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, workers may enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

It is recommended that this product not be applied in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only handlers wearing personal protective equipment may be in the area during application.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

<u>Field sprayer application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm or when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) medium classification.

BUFFER ZONES

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, woodlots, hedgerows, pastures, rangelands, and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, and wetlands), and estuarine/marine habitats.

		Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:						
Crop	Method of Application	Freshwater Habitats of Depths		Estuarine/Marine Habitats of Depths			Terrestrial	
		Less than 1m	1–3m	Greater than 3m	Less than 1m	1–3 m	Greater than 3m	Habitat
All	Field sprayer	5	2	1	5	2	1	10
All crops except tomatoes	Field sprayer with shrouds	2	1	0	2	1	0	3
tomatoes	Field sprayer with cones	4	1	1	4	1	1	5
	Field sprayer	10	3	1	5	2	1	15
Tomatoes	Field sprayer with shrouds	3	1	0	2	1	0	5
	Field sprayer with cones	5	2	1	4	1	1	10

When tank mixes are permitted, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) spray buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The spray buffer zones for this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pesticides portion of the Canada.ca website.

EASTERN CANADA USES CROP INFORMATION AND RESTRICTIONS

METEOR HERBICIDE provides selective weed control in:

CANADA EAST

- Soybeans
- Potatoes
- Field Corn
- Transplanted Tomatoes (grown for processing only)
- Asparagus (Established)
- · Sweet White Lupins
- Carrots
- Fruit trees (newly planted, established)
- Highbush Blueberries (newly planted)
- Transplanted Tomatoes (grown for fresh market only)

METEOR HERBICIDE may injure rotational crops:

- Rotation crops such as onions, celery, peppers, cole crops, lettuce and spinach, sugar beets, table
 beets and turnips, pumpkin and squash, cucumbers and melons, tobacco, and non-triazine tolerant
 canola (rapeseed) are sensitive to METEOR HERBICIDE and may be injured if planted in soil treated
 with METEOR HERBICIDE during the year of application or the following crop year.
- Fall seeded or cover crops such as wheat, oats, and rye may be injured when seeded within the same season as the application of METEOR HERBICIDE.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

NOTE: METEOR HERBICIDE DOES NOT CONTROL TRIAZINE RESISTANT WEED BIOTYPES

GRASS WEEDS

Barnyard grass Fall panicum Johnson grass (seedling)

Cheat grass Giant foxtail Witch grass Crab grass Green foxtail Yellow foxtail

BROADLEAF WEEDS

Carpetweed¹ Jimsonweed¹ Shepherd's purse Cocklebur Stinkweed² Lady's-thumb Common chickweed Lamb's-quarter Velvetleaf Wild buckwheat² Common ragweed Prickly mallow¹ Corn spurry³ Prostrate pigweed Wild mustard Dandelion (seedling) Redroot pigweed Wild potato vine Green smartweed Russian thistle Yellow woodsorrel¹

- Hempnettle³
- 1. PREEMERGENCE only
- 2. POSTEMERGENCE only
- 3. Suppression with multiple postemergence applications of 200 g/ha.

WEEDS CONTROLLED (CANADA EAST) in Field Corn with **METEOR HERBICIDE** in tank-mixture with the herbicides Dual[®] Magnum[®] or Dual II Magnum plus Atrazine or Primextra[®] II Magnum

GRASS WEEDS

Barnyard grass Green foxtail Smooth crabgrass
Fall panicum Hairy crabgrass Yellow foxtail
Giant foxtail Old witchgrass

BROADLEAF WEEDS

American nightshade Purslane Smartweed
Lady's-thumb Ragweed Velvetleaf
Lamb's-quarter Redroot pigweed Wild buckwheat
Mustard

SOIL TYPES AND RESTRICTIONS

The recommended use rates of **METEOR HERBICIDE** are dependent upon soil texture and organic matter content of the soil being treated. Rate tables in this label refer to the following three soil texture groups: coarse, medium and fine. If you are not sure how to classify your soil, contact your AgraCity Crop & Nutrition ltd. representative, Soils & Crops Advisor, or another knowledgeable person. The following chart includes a complete listing of soil textures included in each of the soil texture groupings:

COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Loamy sand Sandy loam	Loam Silt loam Silt Sandy clay loam Sandy clay	Silty clay loam Silty clay Clay loam Clay

- On variable soils with coarse sandy areas, some crop injury may occur on the sandy areas if the rate used is for the finer soil type.
- Sandy loam and silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions.
- Do not use this product on MUCK soils. If METEOR HERBICIDE is applied to MUCK soils, subsequent crops may be injured.

• Do not use on coarse soils with less than 2% organic matter.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

PREPLANT SURFACE OR BURN-DOWN:

- In conservation tillage, minimum-tillage, ridge-tillage, strip-tillage, or no-tillage crop production systems.
- **METEOR HERBICIDE** alone or in combination with recommended tank-mixes may be applied as a broadcast spray up to 30 days before planting.
- If possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the soil surface during planting, as weed control may be reduced.
- Rainfall and/or overhead sprinkler irrigation is necessary to move **METEOR HERBICIDE** into the upper soil surface where weed seeds germinate.

PREPLANT INCORPORATION:

- Refer to the tank-mix partner label for proper incorporation instructions.
- Avoid deep incorporation since reduced weed control and/or crop injury may result.
- Incorporate with implements which provide uniform, shallow incorporation (example: finishing disk, harrow, rolling cultivator, etc.).
- A single incorporation is satisfactory; however, a second incorporation will generally improve herbicide soil blending and improves weed control (particularly on coarse soils).

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION:

- **METEOR HERBICIDE** alone, or in the recommended tank-mixes, may be applied to the soil surface as a broadcast spray after planting of the crop, but prior to weed or crop emergence.
- Preemergence application may be made in all tillage systems (conventional, conservation, minimum, ridge, etc.).
- Rainfall and/or overhead sprinkler irrigation is necessary to move **METEOR HERBICIDE** into the upper soil surface where weed seeds germinate.
- If adequate moisture is not received within 7 to 10 days after application and weeds begin to emerge from the soil, a light rotary hoeing or shallow incorporation (no deeper than 1.25 cm deep) will improve performance, minimize crop damage, activate chemical and prevent soil crusting.
- Dry weather conditions as well as excessive rainfall or irrigation following application may reduce weed control.
- Do not apply heavy irrigation immediately after application.

EARLY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION:

- Do not tank-mix with liquid fertilizers, oils, oil concentrates, or surfactants when applying postemergence because severe crop injury may occur.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of postemergence application unless otherwise indicated.
- Thorough spray coverage on weed foliage is essential for adequate control with post emergent applications.

SPLIT APPLICATION (POTATOES ONLY):

- If a split application is desired, the chemical may be applied preemergence and postemergence. Avoid soil incorporation.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 kg/ha total per growing season.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of postemergence application unless otherwise indicated.

BAND APPLICATION:

• If a band application is desired, the chemical may be applied preemergence and postemergence as described above by using proportionally less **METEOR HERBICIDE** per hectare:

 $\frac{Band\ width\ in\ centimeters}{Row\ width\ in\ centimeters} \times \ broadcast\ rate/ha = Band\ rate/ha$

 Weeds between treated bands should be removed by cultivating, as needed, using protective fenders to keep freshly turned soil off treated bands.

SOYBEANS - EASTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as preemergence broadcast spray in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare and as preplant incorporated in at least 100 L of water per hectare.
- Applications of METEOR HERBICIDE made at rates above those recommended may result in burning, yellowing or stunting of the crop. If heavy rains occur soon after application, plant injury may result, especially in poorly drained areas where water may stand for several days. Soybean seeds must be planted at least 4 cm below the soil surface.
- VARIETIES: Do not use METEOR HERBICIDE on AC Brant, Apache, Baron, Eramosa, Maple Amber, Maple Ridge, IA 1003 or S-240. Consult your AgraCity Crop & Nutrition, representative, chemical dealer, or your seed supplier for information on the tolerance of soybean varieties, prior to METEOR HERBICIDE use.
- DO NOT USE **METEOR HERBICIDE** ON SANDY SOILS OR ON COARSE SOILS WITH LESS THAN 2% ORGANIC MATTER.
- Do not apply more than once per season regardless of method of application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Preemergence Application¹

٠.	Biolog / Honor i roomorgonoo / Apprication							
	SOIL TYPES	Rates pe	Rates per hectare and organic matter					
	SOIL ITPES	Less than 2%	2 to 4%	Over 4%				
	COARSE	DO NOT USE	550 g	750 g				
	MEDIUM	750 g	925 g	1.1 kg				
	FINE	1.1 kg	1.25 kg	1.5 kg				

^{1.} REMARKS FOR NO or MINIMUM TILLAGE: DO NOT USE **METEOR HERBICIDE** on coarse soils. Under adverse conditions (drought), the following additives may be applied with the recommended treatments: crop oil concentrate (Assist®) at 1% v/v or non-ionic surfactant at 0.1% v/v.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated

INIETEORY TIERS FOR THE	it mixeer i replant meerp	0.404		
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Draduata	Rates per hectare and soil types		il types
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Ammund arrange and	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	550 g	750 g	750 g
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	plus	· ·		· ·
broadlear weeds	Treflan® E.C. (480 g/L)	1.2 L	1.7 L	2.4 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	550 g	750 g	750 g
	plus	_		
	Dual Magnum	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L
Above plus yellow	or			
nutsedge	Dual II Magnum	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE	550 g	750 g	750 g
	plus			
	Frontier ^{®2}	1.25 - 1.4 L	1.25 - 1.4 L	1.25 – 1.4 L
Annual grasses and	METEOR HERBICIDE	0.5 kg	0.65 kg	0.83 kg
nontriazine resistant	plus			
annual broadleaf weeds	Axiom® DF ³	0.84 kg	1.12 kg	1.26 kg

- On heavy Brookston Clay soils, the **METEOR HERBICIDE** rate should be increased to a maximum rate of 1.1 kg/ha for season long control.
- The lower rate of Frontier Herbicide provides suppression only for yellow nutsedge.
- 3. Tank-mixtures with Axiom DF can be applied up to 7 days before planting.

METEOR HERBICIDE Preemergence Following Preplant Incorporated Applications of Other Herbicides

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare and soil types		
Weeds Controlled	Floudets	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L) followed by METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	1.2 L 550 - 750 g	1.7 L 750 - 1100 g	2.4 L 1.1 - 1.5 kg
		•		-
	Dual Magnum	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L
Above plus yellow nutsedge	or Dual II Magnum followed by	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L	1.15 - 1.75 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	550 - 750 g	750 - 1100 g	1.1 - 1.5 kg

The rate of METEOR HERBICIDE depends on soil organic matter levels. See rates for METEOR
HERBICIDE alone. When broadleaf weed populations are low, rates of METEOR HERBICIDE may be
reduced by 25%.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes (No or Minimum Tillage Systems): Preplant Surface (up to 30 days before planting) or Burndown Application

	g) or Burnaown Application	D-4		
Weeds controlled	Products ¹		per hectare and	
Woods someoned	1 1044010	COARSE MEDIUM FIN		FINE
Annual weeds less than 4 cm in height and residual control of annual weeds ²	METEOR HERBICIDE	Do not use	0.75 - 1.1kg	1.1 - 1.5 kg
	METEOR HERBICIDE		560 g	730 g
Above including grasses	plus Dual Magnum	Do not use	1.15 - 1.75L	1.15 - 1.75L
	or Dual II Magnum		1.15 - 1.75L	1.15 - 1.75L
	METEOR HERBICIDE	Do not	0.53 - 1.0 kg	0.64 - 1.3 kg
	plus, Pursuit® (240 g a.e./L)	use	312 – 420mL	312 - 420mL
For improved burndown of above including control of annual weeds taller than 4 cm and emerged perennial weeds	One of the above treatments plus, Roundup Transorb® Liquid³	Do not use	1.25 L	1.25 L
Annual grasses and	METEOR HERBICIDE	Do not	0.65 kg	0.83 kg
nontriazine resistant annual broadleaf weeds ⁴	plus Axiom DF ⁵	use	1.12 kg	1.26 kg

(Cont'd.)

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes (No or Minimum Tillage Systems): Preplant Surface (up to 30 days before planting) or Burndown Application (cont'd.)

to 30 days before planting) or Burndown Application (cont'd.)					
Weeds controlled	Products ¹	Rates per hectare and soil types			
Weeds Controlled	Products.	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	
Annual grasses and annual broadleaf weeds including triazine resistant weeds ⁴	METEOR HERBICIDE plus Axiom DF ⁵	Do not use	0.6 kg 1.12 kg	0.65 kg 1.26 kg	
For burndown of above including control of weeds taller than 4 cm and perennial weeds	One of the above 2 treatments plus, Roundup Transorb Liquid ³	Do not use	2.5 L	2.5 L	
Emerged annual and perennial weeds and residual control of annual weeds including spreading atriplex, up to the 10-leaf stage	METEOR HERBICIDE ⁷ plus, Roundup Transorb Liquid ³ or Nufarm Credit [®] Liquid ³ or Roundup WeatherMax [®] with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide ³	Do not use	0.75 – 1.1kg 2.35-2.5 L 2.35-2.5 L 1.67 L	1.1-1.5 kg 2.35-2.5 L 2.35-2.5 L 1.67 L	
Annual weeds less than 4 cm in height	METEOR HERBICIDE plus	0.67 - 0.75kg 1.15-1.75 L	0.75 - 1.1 kg 1.15-1.75 L	1.1 - 1.5 kg 1.15-1.75 L	
and residual control of annual weeds ⁶	Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum	1.15-1.75 L	1.15-1.75 L 1.15-1.75 L	1.15-1.75 L	
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds, including emerged annual or perennial weeds	Above treatment plus Roundup Transorb Liquid ³ or Nufarm Credit Liquid ³		2.35-2.5 L 2.35-2.5 L		

- 1. Under adverse conditions (drought), and for improved burndown of small emerged annual weeds, the following additives may be applied with the recommended treatments:
 - crop oil concentrate (Assist) at 1% v/v non-ionic surfactant at 0.1% v/v
 - crop oil, 28-0-0, or 10-34-0 at 5% v/v (only for tank mixtures with the herbicides Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum +/- glyphosate Herbicide)
- 2. Use the higher rate for the control of grass weeds or when broadleaf weeds are dense.
- 3. Some perennial weeds, such as quackgrass, may not be controlled with these rates of Roundup, or Credit. Consult the Roundup or Credit herbicide labels regarding perennial weeds controlled.
- 4. If weeds are present at the time of application, apply this tank mixture with Roundup Herbicide.
- 5. Tank-mixtures with Axiom DF can be applied up to 7 days before planting.
- 6. Use the higher rates when weeds are dense and/or soils with high organic matter (over 4%) and at the heavy end of the soil texture class.
- 7. Consult Table entitled "**METEOR HERBICIDE** alone: Pre-emergence Application" for specific rates based on soil types and organic matter.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank Mixes: Preemergence Applications <u>for all tillage systems unless</u> specified otherwise

Moodo controlled	Products	Rates per hectare and soil types				
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE		
	Conventional Tillage METEOR HERBICIDE ^{2,3,5}	550 – 750 g	750 - 1100 g	1.1 - 1.5 kg		
	plus Dual Magnum ⁶ or	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L		
	Dual II Magnum ⁶	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L		
Annual grasses and	No or Min. Tillage METEOR HERBICIDE ^{1, 2,3,5} plus	550 g	750 - 1100 g	1.1 - 1.5 kg		
broadleaf weeds	Dual Magnum ⁶	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L		
	or Dual II Magnum ⁶	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L		
	METEOR HERBICIDE	500 g	650 g	830 g		
	plus, Axiom DF⁴	840 g	1120 g	1260 g		
	METEOR HERBICIDE	550 g	670 g	750 g		
	plus, Frontier	1.1 - 1.25 L	1.1 - 1.4 L	1.1 - 1.4 L		
Above weeds plus	Conventional Tillage METEOR HERBICIDE ²	550 – 750 g	750 - 1100 g	1.1 - 1.5 kg		
partial control of eastern black nightshade and Proso millet	plus Pursuit (240 g a.e./L)	312 – 420 mL	312 – 420 mL	312 – 420 mL		
	No or Min. Tillage METEOR HERBICIDE ^{1,5} plus	Do not use	0.53 –1.0 kg	0.64 – 1.33 kg		
(ti	Pursuit(240 g a.e./L)		312 – 420 mL	312 – 420 mL		

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METEOR HERBICIDE Tank Mixes:

Preemergence Applications for all tillage systems unless specified otherwise (continued)

genee / pp.		Rates per hectare and soil types		
	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
	METEOR HERBICIDE	500 g	600 g	650 g
	plus	· ·	· ·	
	Axiom DF ⁴	840 g	1120 g	1260 g
	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	465 g	565 g	665 g
Weeds controlled	plus			
	Dual Magnum ⁴	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L
	or			
	Dual II Magnum ⁴	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE		480 - 670 g	670 - 750 g
	plus	Do not use		
	Frontier		1.1 - 1.4 L	1.1 - 1.4 L
	One of the above treatments			
	in			
For improved	No or Min. Tillage	Do not use		
burndown of above	plus		1.25 L	1.25 L
including control of	Roundup Transorb Liquid ^{7,8}			
weeds taller than 4	No or Min. Tillage			
cm and emerged perennials	METEOR HERBICIDE		600 g	650 g
	plus	Do not use		
	Axiom DF	Do 1101 030	1120 g	1260 g
	plus			
	Roundup Transorb Liquid ⁸		2.5 L	2.5 L

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METEOR HERBICIDE Tank Mixes:

Preemergence Applications for all tillage systems unless specified otherwise (continued)

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare and soil types COARSE MEDIUM FINE		oil types
weeds controlled	Products			FINE
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds including nightshade, emerged annual or perennial weeds	No or Min. Tillage METEOR HERBICIDE ^{1, 2,3,5} plus	550 g	750 - 1100 g	1.1 - 1.5 kg
	Dual Magnum or	1.15 – 1.75L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75L
	Dual II Magnum	1.15 – 1.75L	1.15 – 1.75 L	1.15 – 1.75L
	Roundup Transorb Liquid ⁸	2.35-2.5 L		_
	Nufarm Credit Liquid ⁸	2.35-2.5 L		

- In NO or MINIMUM TILLAGE, under adverse conditions (drought), and for improved burndown of small emerged annual weeds, the following additives may be applied with the recommended treatments:
 - crop oil concentrate (Assist) at 1% v/v
 - non-ionic surfactant at 0.1% v/v
 - crop oil, 28-0-0, or 10-34-0 at 5% v/v (only for tank mixtures with the herbicides Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum +/- *glyphosate* Herbicide)
- The rate of METEOR HERBICIDE depends on soil organic matter levels. See rates for METEOR HERBICIDE alone.
- 3. When broadleaf weed populations are low, rates of **METEOR HERBICIDE** may be reduced by 25%.
- In NO or MINIMUM TILLAGE, DO NOT USE this tank-mixture on coarse soils.
- ^{5.} Use the higher rate when weeds are dense and/or soils with high organic matter (over 4%) and at the heavy end of the soil texture class.
- Including nightshade: Eastern black nightshade and American nightshade are controlled with tank-mixture including Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum only.
- ^{7.} Except tank-mixtures that include Axiom DF Herbicide or Frontier Herbicide.
- Some perennial weeds, such as quackgrass, may not be controlled with these rates of Roundup, or Credit. Consult the Roundup, or Credit herbicide labels regarding perennial weeds controlled.
- 9. Apply this tank-mixture after planting, but no later than 3 days prior to crop emergence.

POTATOES: EASTERN CANADA, COASTAL BRITISH COLUMBIA, AND UNDER IRRIGATED CONDITIONS IN WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage in 100 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices.
- Do not use on the varieties Belleisle or Tobique.
- Consult your chemical dealer or your seed supplier for information on the tolerance of newly released potato varieties, prior to **METEOR HERBICIDE** use.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
- If a hilling is done before emergence, allow time for the soil to settle or crust before application. This will help reduce loose treated soil from moving off the hill to the bottom of the trench and leaving untreated areas on the side of the hills. For best results it is also recommended that hilling following application be delayed if possible before foliage fills in the rows. Supplemental row cultivation on potatoes may also be helpful to improve weed control.
- The higher rates are recommended for longer season potatoes or where longer control is required and where weed infestations are heavy.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Preemergence Applications¹

	· · J · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. Suppression of quackgrass and yellow nutsedge at high rate	METEOR HERBICIDE	550-1500 g
	METEOR HERBICIDE Plus	750 - 1500 g
Above including grasses	Dual Magnum² Or	1.25 – 1.75 L
	Dual II Magnum ²	1.25 – 1.75 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE	700 - 1000 g
Heavy infestation of annual grasses and/or	Plus Dual Magnum²	1.15 – 1.6 L
nightshade in late potatoes	or Dual II Magnum²	1.15 – 1.6 L

- Apply immediately after planting or after hilling. Avoid soil incorporation. If a hilling is done before emergence, allow time for the soil to settle or crust before application. This will help reduce loose treated soil from moving off the hill to the bottom of the trench and leaving untreated areas on the sides of the hills. For best results it is also recommended that hilling following application be delayed if possible before foliage fills the rows.
- Do not use tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum on the variety Superior or on sandy or coarse textured soils low in organic matter. Do not apply tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum at ground crack or if potatoes have emerged. Do not use tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum on muck, peat or high organic matter soils.
- 3. The 560 g/ha rate of **METEOR HERBICIDE** has provided effective annual broadleaf weed control in full season potatoes in Atlantic Canada. Higher rates are recommended for longer season potatoes or where longer control is required and where weed infestations are heavy.

METEOR HERBICIDE in Tank-Mix with STZ Herbicide: Preemergence Applications

EASTERN CANADA AND COASTAL	BRITISH COLUMBIA ONL	Υ
Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare

Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on the METEOR HERBICIDE label, including certain triazine resistant weeds such as redroot pigweed and lamb's-quarters. ¹ Plus, when STZ Herbicide is applied at 219 mL/ha: Control of Kochia,	METEOR HERBICIDE plus STZ Herbicide	600 - 800 g 157 – 219 mL
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- ¹ This tank-mix will also provide control of ALS and glyphosate resistant weeds.
 - Do not apply to emerged potato shoots, injury will occur. A minimum of one inch of soil must cover emerging potato shoots at time of application. After a hilling event, allow the soil to settle or crust before application. Avoid soil incorporation after application.
 - Do not use on soils with a pH of 7.8 or greater.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Early Postemergence¹

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds ²	METEOR HERBICIDE	550 - 1500 g
Annual grasses ⁴ including Volunteer corn, Persian darnel, Volunteer spring wheat and barley, Wild oats, Wild proso millet, Quack grass ⁵ , Wirestem Muhly	METEOR HERBICIDE plus, Venture® L ³	550 g 0.6 – 2.0 L ⁶

- Apply specified dosage per hectare as a broadcast postemergence spray over the tops of potatoes when they are less than 10 cm high. Not all potato varieties have been tested for tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Some potato varieties (such as early maturing, red-skinned, Atlantic, Eramosa, Shepody) can be sensitive to and injured by an application of METEOR HERBICIDE (such as yellowing/necrosis of leaf veins or leaf margins, stunting, and possible delay in harvest). First use of METEOR HERBICIDE on a potato variety must be limited to a small test area to ensure risk or level of potential injury is acceptable to the grower prior to adoption as a general field practice. Sensitivity to or injury after a post emergent application of METEOR HERBICIDE is typically visible in the test area within 5 days after application. Temporary yellowing or leaf burn may occur, especially if crop is under stress from poor growing conditions such as periods of cool, wet, and cloudy weather. Avoid postemergence application under these conditions.
- ^{2.} Spray before weeds are 4 cm high. Use high rates for grasses or dense broadleaf weeds.
- 3. Do not harvest within 90 days of application.
- ^{4.} Apply to actively growing annual grasses at the full 2-leaf to 5-leaf stages. For green and yellow foxtail, apply at full 2-leaf to 4-leaf stage.
- 5. Apply to actively growing plants that have 3 to 5 fully developed leaves.
- ^{6.} Refer to Venture L Herbicide label for weed/rate chart.

METEOR HERBICIDE Preemergence or Early Postemergence¹ Following Preplant Incorporated Application of Other Herbicides or METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes Preplant Incorporated

	•	•
Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
	METEOR HERBICIDE	750 - 1500 g
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds (less than 4	plus	
cm in height) including yellow nutsedge	Dual Magnum ²	1.25 – 1.75 L
citi in fielgitt) including yellow flutseage	Or	
	Dual II Magnum ²	1.25 – 1.75 L
Heavy infestation of barnyard grass, annual	METEOR HERBICIDE	750 - 1100 g
grasses, and broadleaf weeds (less than 4 cm in	Plus	
height)	Eptam® 8-E	4.25 - 5.5 L

- Apply specified dosage per hectare as a broadcast postemergence spray over the tops of potatoes when they are less than 10 cm high. Not all potato varieties have been tested for tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Some potato varieties (such as early maturing, red-skinned, Atlantic, Eramosa, Shepody) can be sensitive to and injured by an application of METEOR HERBICIDE (such as yellowing/necrosis of leaf veins or leaf margins, stunting, and possible delay in harvest). First use of METEOR HERBICIDE on a potato variety must be limited to a small test area to ensure risk or level of potential injury is acceptable to the grower prior to adoption as a general field practice. Sensitivity to or injury after a post emergent application of METEOR HERBICIDE is typically visible in the test area within 5 days after application.
- Do not use tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum on the variety Superior or on sandy or coarse textured soils low in organic matter. Do not apply tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum at ground crack or if potatoes have emerged. Do not use tank-mixes with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum on muck, peat or high organic matter soils.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone in Split Applications (Preemergence or early Postemergence¹)

	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Weeds controlled		Products	Rates per hectare
	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	No more than 1.5 kg per growing season

Apply specified dosage per hectare as a broadcast postemergence spray over the tops of potatoes when they are less than 10 cm high. Not all potato varieties have been tested for tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Some potato varieties (such as early maturing, red-skinned, Atlantic, Eramosa, Shepody) can be sensitive to and injured by an application of METEOR HERBICIDE (such as yellowing/necrosis of leaf veins or leaf margins, stunting, and possible delay in harvest). First use of METEOR HERBICIDE on a potato variety must be limited to a small test area to ensure risk or level of potential injury is acceptable to the grower prior to adoption as a general field practice. Sensitivity to or injury after a post emergent application of METEOR HERBICIDE is typically visible in the test area within 5 days after application.

FIELD CORN - EASTERN CANADA

METEOR HERBICIDE can be used as a 3-way tank-mix with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum and atrazine or as a 2-way tank-mix with Primextra II Magnum Herbicide. Apply specified dosage as preemergence broadcast spray in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare. Do not use on Sweet Corn or Seed Corn. These tank-mix herbicide treatments control certain grass and broadleaf weeds, especially velvetleaf. Corn seeds must be planted at least 4 cm below the soil surface. Do not apply after corn has emerged. Some corn varieties are sensitive to **METEOR HERBICIDE**. Use **METEOR HERBICIDE** on the following varieties only:

	Pioneer		Hyland	Asgrow	Cargill	Renk	Funk's	COOP
3737	3803	3732	LG2350	RX578	4587	R148	G4309	6356
3925	3902	3475	LG2461		5157		G4299	
3906	3790	3772	HL2803					
3744			HL2570					

NK	DeKalb	Ferguson	Golden Harvest	Garst	Agri	Pickseed	First Line	Cardinal
PX9214	DK-485	8758	H-2410	8882	501	5577	1783	MX285
N4350	DK-535	8868		8808				

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare ²
	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	400 - 675 g
	plus	
	Dual Magnum	1.15 L
	or	
Annual grasses and	Dual II Magnum	1.15 L
broadleaf weeds	plus,	
	atrazine 500 g/L	2.2 L
	METEOR HERBICIDE ¹	400 - 675 g
	plus	
	Primextra II Magnum	2.6 L

^{1.} The **METEOR HERBICIDE** 675 g/ha rate should be used if a heavy weed infestation is expected.

TRANSPLANTED TOMATOES (GROWN FOR PROCESSING ONLY) - EASTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices.
- Do not apply to direct seeded tomatoes.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1.0 kg/ha of **METEOR HERBICIDE** to COARSE SOILS, 1.5 kg/ha to MEDIUM SOILS, or 1.8 kg/ha to FINE SOILS per crop season.
- Do not apply the above mentioned total amounts of METEOR HERBICIDE for each soil type within a time span of less than 35 days.
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.
- Avoid application when tomatoes are under stress.
- Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from postemergence applications if tomatoes are growing
 under stress conditions such as periods of drought, flooding, or cool, wet or cloudy weather before
 application or at time of application. Stress can be expected if temperatures have been below 15°C or
 above 30°C. Three days of sunny weather should follow cloudy, cool weather before spraying
 METEOR HERBICIDE postemergence.

² Do not apply to sandy soils or light soils. Apply only to medium or fine soils.

 Varieties differ in tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Newly introduced varieties with unknown tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE should only be treated in a small test area to determine tolerance.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application

Crop	Rates per hectare	Remarks
Transplant Tomatoes (grown for processing only) for	Single Application 375 g to 1.1 kg	Avoid contacting at least the top 2/3 of the tomato foliage with spray. Best results are usually obtained when application is about 3 weeks after transplanting. Use the lower rate on sandy soils. At the lower rate the treatment may not provide acceptable control of grasses. Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
weeds less than 4 cm in height	Multiple Application 200g	Reapply as new flushes of weeds emerge. Do not make more than 4 applications per season. The treatment may not provide acceptable control of grasses. Do not harvest within 30 days of application. On sunny days application should be made in the afternoon or early evening.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes Preplant Incorporated Followed by Postemergence Application of METEOR HERBICIDE Alone

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare and soil types		
vveeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
	METEOR HERBICIDE	330 - 400 g	500 - 750 g	800 - 900 g
Annual grasses and	Plus Treflan E.C. (480 g/L) followed by	1.2 L	1.7 L	2.4 L
broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE (Postemergence)	600 g	750 g	800 - 900 g

NOTE: For best season long control of annual grasses and annual broadleaf weeds apply a tank-mix of METEOR HERBICIDE with Treflan E.C. Herbicide and preplant incorporate into the soil before transplanting tomatoes. Then follow up with a directed postemergence application of METEOR HERBICIDE when weed escapes are less than 2.5 cm in height and transplants are well established (3 weeks after transplanting). Transplants must have recovered from transplant shock and new growth should be evident. This follow up METEOR HERBICIDE application is usually timed for early July but should not be applied any earlier than 21 days after transplanting tomatoes or no later than 60 days before harvest. METEOR HERBICIDE spray should be directed onto any emerged weeds in a manner to minimize application to crop plants. The total rate of two applications of METEOR HERBICIDE should not exceed the maximum total of METEOR HERBICIDE for each soil type. Do not mix or apply other pesticides to tomatoes within 24 hours of METEOR HERBICIDE application. If weed pressure is light to medium, it may not be necessary to apply METEOR HERBICIDE twice. Shallow cultivation may also be used to complete the control of any weeds not normally controlled by METEOR HERBICIDE.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare and soil types			
weeds controlled		COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	
	METEOR HERBICIDE	330 g	670 g	670 g	
Annual grasses, broadleaf weeds including nightshade	plus Treflan E.C. (480 g/L) Plus	1.1 L	2.1 L	2.1 L	
and yellow nutsedge	Dual Magnum	1.0 L	1.25 L	1.25 L	
	or Dual II Magnum	1.0 L	1.25 L	1.25 L	

CAUTION: THIS TANK-MIX MAY DAMAGE TRANSPLANTS AND REDUCE CROP YIELD IF TRANSPLANTS HAVE BEEN WEAKENED BY ANY CAUSE. TO PREVENT DAMAGE PLANT ONLY HEALTHY TRANSPLANTS; DO NOT PLANT WHEN WET, COOL OR UNFAVORABLE CONDITIONS PREVAIL. FOLLOW ALL APPLICATION AND INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS EXACTLY. Do not use this mixture more than once per year. Apply spray solution followed by a shallow incorporation (5-7.5 cm). Then transplant tomatoes 5-10 cm deep. Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

ASPARAGUS (Established) - EASTERN AND WESTERN CANADA

METEOR HERBICIDE is recommended for use in ground spray equipment as a preemergence surface application to established asparagus in early spring before spears or ferns emerge and/or following last cutting. Apply specified dosage in 100 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices. Do not use on newly seeded asparagus or on young plants during the first growing season after setting crowns. Do not apply to established crops after emergence of spears.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Preemergence Application

Crop	Rate per hectare	Remarks
Asparagus (established)	1.5 kg	If the field is to be disked, apply METEOR HERBICIDE after disking but before the crop emerges. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

SWEET WHITE LUPINS - MARITIME PROVINCES ONLY

- DO NOT APPLY TO LUPINS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.
- Apply specified dosage in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices.
- Seed must be planted at least 4 cm below the soil surface.
- Do not apply on COARSE soils with less than 2% organic matter.
- · Apply during planting or as a separate operation, before crop emerges.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Applications of **METEOR HERBICIDE** made at rates above those recommended may result in burning, yellowing or stunting of the crop.
- If heavy rains occur soon after application, plant injury and stand reduction may result, especially in poorly drained areas where water may stand for several days.
- Do not use treated vines for feed or forage

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Preemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates	per hectare and s	oil types
vveeus controlled	Floudets	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Annual weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	560 g	675 g	675 g
METEOR HERBICIDE		675 g	675 g	675 g
Annual grasses and			4.4.4.75.1	4.4.4.75.1
broadleaf weeds	Dual Magnum¹	1.1 – 1.75 L	1.1 – 1.75 L	1.1 – 1.75 L
including nightshade1	or			
	Dual II Magnum¹	1.1 – 1.75 L	1.1 – 1.75 L	1.1 – 1.75 L

¹ For optimum nightshade control and for heavier weed problems, use higher rate of the herbicides Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum.

PROCESSING CARROTS - ATLANTIC CANADA ONLY

- To be used only on processing carrots previously treated with preemergent application of linuron Herbicide (1100 g ai/ha; please refer to respective product labels for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions and precautions).
- Apply METEOR HERBICIDE when the fourth leaf is partially expanded on most carrot plants, followed by a second application, if necessary, when the fifth leaf is partially expanded (about 6 days after first application).
- Carrot varieties differ in their tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE: growers should limit first use of METEOR HERBICIDE to a limited area of each cultivar before adoption as a field practice.
- It may be necessary to delay harvest of more sensitive cultivars treated with METEOR HERBICIDE.
- Do not apply on COARSE soils with less than 2% organic matter.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Product	Rate per hectare
Annual weeds including Scentless chamomile	METEOR HERBICIDE	375 g

NEWLY PLANTED FRUIT TREES - EASTERN CANADA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA

- Use on apple, apricot, cherry, peach, pear and plum trees in the year of planting.
- Apply specified dosage as a preplant incorporated application in 150 300 L of water per hectare before transplanting fruit trees.
- Do not apply more than once per crop season.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-mixes: Preplant Incorporated

	Б	Rates per hectare and soil types		
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE 1	500 g	750 g	1 kg
Annual grasses and broadleaf	METEOR HERBICIDE plus	550 g	750 g	750 g
weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	1.2 L	1.7 L	2.4 L

¹ Do not use on pear or plum trees.

ESTABLISHED FRUIT TREES - EASTERN CANADA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA

- Use on established (bearing) apple, apricot, peach, pear, plum and sweet and sour cherry trees.
- Apply specified dosage as a preemergence band application under the trees in at least 150 L to 300 L
 of water per hectare.
- Do not apply more than once per crop season.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Preemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Product	Rate per hectare
Annual broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	1.0 kg
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	1.0 kg
including yellow nutsedge, American nightshade and eastern black	plus, Dual Magnum or	1.75 L
nightshade	Dual II Magnum	1.75 L
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds including bluegrass, perennial rye	METEOR HERBICIDE	1.0 kg
grass, wild barley, annual sow thistle, henbit, prickly lettuce and purslane	plus Sinbar ^{®1,2,3}	0.63 kg

^{1.} Do not use on soil coarser than sandy loam with less than 3% organic matter.

^{2.} Do not use on apricot and plum trees.

^{3.} Treatment usually provides partial control of quackgrass, horse nettle and yellow nutsedge.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS (BELOW): The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than NewAgco Inc under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, NewAgco Inc has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

NEWLY PLANTED HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRIES - EASTERN AND WESTERN CANADA

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Preemergence to Weeds

Weeds controlled	Products	Rate per hectare	Preharvest Interval (PHI)
Annual broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	1 Kg	2 years

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS and USE LIMITATIONS

- Apply specified dosage as a banded spray to the soil surface directed to the base of blueberry bushes in a spray volume of 150 – 300 L water/ha.
- · Apply preemergence to the weeds.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Do not use on soils with less than 2% organic matter.
- Rainfall and/or overhead sprinkler irrigation is necessary to move **METEOR HERBICIDE** into the upper soil surface where weed seeds germinate.
- **DO NOT** apply if heavy rainfall (more than 1") is expected shortly after application.
- **DO NOT** apply excessive irrigation (more than 1") after application.
- If adequate moisture is not received within 7 to 10 days after application and weeds begin to emerge from the soil, a light rotary hoeing or shallow incorporation (no deeper than 1.25 cm deep) will improve performance, minimize crop damage, activate chemical and prevent soil crusting.
- Dry weather conditions as well as excessive rainfall or irrigation following application may reduce weed control.
- Weeds between treated bands should be removed by cultivating, as needed, using protective fenders to keep freshly turned soil off treated bands.

TRANSPLANTED TOMATOES (grown for fresh market only) - EASTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices.
- Do not apply to direct seeded tomatoes.
- Apply after transplanted tomatoes have recovered from transplant shock and new growth is evident.
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.
- Avoid application when tomatoes are under stress.
- Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from postemergence applications if tomatoes are growing
 under stress conditions such as periods of drought, flooding, or cool, wet or cloudy weather before
 application or at time of application. Stress can be expected if temperatures have been below 15°C
 or above 30°C. Three days of sunny weather should follow cloudy, cool weather before spraying
 METEOR HERBICIDE postemergence.
- Tomato varieties differ in tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Since not all tomato varieties have been tested for tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE, first use of METEOR HERBICIDE should be limited to a small area of each variety to confirm tolerance prior to adoption as a general field practice. Additionally, consult your plant supplier for information on the tolerance of specific tomato varieties to METEOR HERBICIDE.
- Do not apply on COARSE soils with less than 2% organic matter.
- DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

Weeds controlled	Products*	Rate per hectare	Remarks
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds less than 4 cm in height	METEOR HERBICIDE	200 g	Reapply as new flushes of weeds emerge. Do not make more than 4 applications per season. The treatment may not provide acceptable control of grasses. Do not harvest within 30 days of application. On sunny days application should be made in the afternoon or early evening.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS (BELOW): The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for this product for the uses described below in this section of the label were developed by persons other than NewAgco Inc and accepted for registration by Health Canada under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, NewAgco Inc has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

CARROTS - EASTERN AND WESTERN CANADA

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Product	Rate per hectare
Annual broadleaf weeds less than 4 cm in height	METEOR HERBICIDE	190 g

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Ball Mustard	Corn spurry ³	*Lady's-thumb	*Russian thistle	Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola
*Carpetweed1	*Dandelion (seedling)	Lamb's-quarter	*Shepherd's purse	*Wild buckwheat ²
*Cocklebur	Green smartweed	*Prickly mallow ¹	Stinkweed ²	Wild mustard
Common chickweed	Hempnettle ³	*Prostrate pigweed	Tartary Buckwheat	*Wild potato vine
*Common ragweed	*Jimsonweed ¹	*Redroot pigweed	*Velvetleaf	*Yellow woodsorrel ¹

^{*} EASTERN CANADA ONLY

- 1. PREEMERGENCE only
- ^{2.} POSTEMERGENCE only

NOTE: **METEOR HERBICIDE** DOES NOT CONTROL TRIAZINE RESISTANT WEED BIOTYPES

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS AND USE LIMITATIONS IN CARROTS:

- To be used only on carrots previously treated with preemergent application of linuron Herbicide (1100 g ai/ha; please refer to respective product labels for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions and precautions).
- Apply specified dosage in 150 to 300 L of water per hectare, depending on equipment and local practices.
- Apply METEOR HERBICIDE when the fourth leaf is partially expanded on most carrot plants, followed by a second application, if necessary, when the fifth leaf is partially expanded (about 6 days after first application).
- Carrot varieties differ in their tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE: growers should limit first use of METEOR HERBICIDE to a limited area of each cultivar before adoption as a field practice.
- It may be necessary to delay harvest of more sensitive cultivars treated with METEOR HERBICIDE.
- Avoid application when carrots are under stress.
- Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from postemergence applications if carrots are growing
 under stress conditions such as periods of drought, flooding, or cool, wet or cloudy weather before
 application or at time of application. Stress can be expected if temperatures have been below 15°C or
 above 30°C. Three days of sunny weather should follow cloudy, cool weather before spraying
 METEOR HERBICIDE postemergence.
- On sunny days application should be made in the afternoon or early evening.
- Do not apply on COARSE soils with less than 2% organic matter.

EARLY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION:

- Do not tank-mix with liquid fertilizers, oils, oil concentrates, or surfactants when applying postemergence because severe crop injury may occur.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of postemergence application unless otherwise indicated.
- Thorough spray coverage on weed foliage is essential for adequate control with post emergent applications.
- To improve coverage the spay boom may be rotated forward by 45°.
- **METEOR HERBICIDE** may be applied when crop is wet with dew but weed control may be reduced if there is rainfall within 6 hours after application.

^{3.} Suppression with multiple postemergence applications of 190 g/ha.

WESTERN CANADA USES

CROP INFORMATION AND RESTRICTIONS

METEOR HERBICIDE provides selective weed control in:

CANADA WEST				
Spring Barley and Spring Wheat Dryland Winter Wheat Field Peas Processing Peas Chickpeas Lentils Soybeans	 Potatoes Potatoes - Sprinkler Irrigation Asparagus (Established) Shelterbelts Highbush Blueberries (newly planted) Carrots Narrow-leaved Lupin 			
Fababeans	·			

METEOR HERBICIDE may injure the following rotational crops:

- Rotation crops such as onions, celery, peppers, Cole crops, lettuce and spinach, sugar beets, table
 beets and turnips, pumpkin and squash, cucumbers and melons, tobacco, and non-triazine tolerant
 canola (rapeseed) are sensitive to METEOR HERBICIDE and may be injured if planted in soil treated
 with METEOR HERBICIDE during the year of application or the following crop year.
- Fall seeded or cover crops such as wheat, oats, and rye may be injured when seeded within the same season as the application of **METEOR HERBICIDE**.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

NOTE: **METEOR HERBICIDE** DOES NOT CONTROL TRIAZINE RESISTANT WEED BIOTYPES AND TREFLAN E.C. HERBICIDE, AND RIVAL HERBICIDE DO NOT CONTROL TRIFLURALIN RESISTANT WEED BIOTYPES.

Spring Barley and Spring Wheat (Postemergence at a rate of 200 g/ha)

Common chickweed, Green smartweed, Hempnettle (suppression** only), Lady's-thumb, Lamb's-quarter, Redroot pigweed, Stinkweed, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard

Spring Barley and Spring Wheat (Postemergence at a rate of 275 to 375 g/ha)

Ball mustard, Common chickweed, Common Groundsel, Corn spurry, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Henbit (375 g/ha only), Lady's-thumb, Lamb's-quarter, Night flowering catchfly, Redroot pigweed, Russian thistle (375 g/ha only), Stinkweed, Tartary buckwheat, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard, Wormseed mustard

Dryland Winter Wheat (Norstar only) (Postemergence at a rate of 560 to 750 g/ha) Downy Brome, Stinkweed, Flixweed, Shepherd's purse

Chickpeas and Lentils as Postemergence Application (SUPPRESSION** ONLY)

Ball mustard, Common chickweed, Corn spurry, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Lamb's-quarter, Stinkweed, Tartary buckwheat, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard

Processing Peas, Field Peas (Postemergence)

Ball mustard, Common chickweed, Corn spurry, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Lamb's-quarter, Stinkweed, Tartary buckwheat, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard

Field Peas, Soybeans, Lentils and Fababeans (Preplant Incorporated with Treflan E.C. Herbicide)

Annual blue grass, Barnyard grass, Brome grass, Cheat grass, Goose grass, Green foxtail, Persian darnel, Stink grass, Wild oats, Yellow foxtail, Carpetweed, Chickweed, Cow cockle, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Knotweed, Lady's-thumb, Lamb's-quarter, Purslane, Redroot pigweed, Russian Thistle (not controlled in Fababeans), Shepherd's purse, Stinkweed, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild buckwheat, Wild mustard

Field Peas (Preplant Incorporated with Rival Herbicide)

Annual blue grass, Barnyard grass, Brome grass, Cheat grass, Crab grass, Goose grass, Green foxtail, Persian darnel, Stink grass, Wild oats, Yellow foxtail, Carpetweed, Chickweed, Corn spurry, Cow cockle, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Knotweed, Kochia, Lady's-thumb, Lamb's-quarter; Purslane, Redroot pigweed, Shepherd's purse, Stinkweed, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild buckwheat, Wild mustard

Potatoes and Potatoes Sprinkler Irrigation Application

Ball mustard, Common chickweed, Corn spurry, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Lady's-thumb, Lamb's-quarter, Redroot pigweed, Shepherd's purse, Stinkweed, Tartary buckwheat, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard

Shelterbelts

Green foxtail, Wild oats, Witch grass, Lamb's-quarter, Prostrate pigweed, Purslane, Russian thistle, Shepherd's purse, Stinkweed, Wild buckwheat

Narrow-leaved Lupin

Ball mustard, Common chickweed, Corn spurry, Green smartweed, Hempnettle, Lamb's-quarter, Stinkweed, Tartary buckwheat, Volunteer non-triazine tolerant canola, Wild mustard.

**Suppression is a visual reduction in weed competition (reduced population and /or vigour) as compared to an untreated area.

SOIL TYPES AND RESTRICTIONS

The recommended use rates of **METEOR HERBICIDE** are dependent upon soil texture and organic matter content of the soil being treated. Rate tables in this label refer to the following three soil texture groups: coarse, medium, and fine. If you are not sure how to classify your soil, contact your AgraCity Crop & Nutrition Ltd., representative, Soils & Crops Advisor, or another knowledgeable person. The following chart includes a complete listing of soil textures included in each of the soil texture groupings:

COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE
Loamy sand Sandy loam	Loam Silt loam Silt Sandy clay loam Sandy clay	Silty clay loam Silty clay Clay loam Clay

- On variable soils with coarse sandy areas, some crop injury may occur on the sandy areas if the rate used is for the finer soil type.
- Sandy loam and silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions.
- Do not use this product on MUCK soils. If METEOR HERBICIDE is applied to MUCK soils, subsequent crops may be injured.
- Do not use on coarse soils with less than 2% organic matter.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

PREPLANT INCORPORATION (FALL AND SPRING APPLICATIONS)

- Cultivate to destroy existing weeds before METEOR HERBICIDE plus tank-mix partner application.
 When applying to stubble field, chop and thoroughly mix crop residue into soil to a depth of 10-15 cm.
 Disc type implements provide the best results. To avoid concentration of wild oat seed below the treated layer, do not plow (moldboard).
- **METEOR HERBICIDE** tank-mixes may be applied as a broadcast spray and incorporated into the soil in two different directions (see table below for specific instructions).
- METEOR HERBICIDE in combination with recommended tank-mix may be applied in the spring or the
 fall. First incorporation must be done within 24 hours after application. For fall application, the second
 incorporation may be done in the spring at the time of seedbed preparation. It is preferred to do both
 incorporations in the fall followed by shallow tillage (disc or vibrashank cultivator operated at 5-8 cm
 deep) in the spring prior to planting.
- Incorporation with implements set to cut less than 8 cm deep or more than 10 cm deep may result in erratic weed control or crop damage.
- Uneven application or improper incorporation of METEOR HERBICIDE and tank-mix partner can result in erratic weed control or crop injury depending on rate used.
- Stress conditions such as seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high salt
 concentration, or drought may weaken seedlings and increase the possibility of crop damage from the
 herbicides. Temporary lightening in color may occur on the margin of leaves or cotyledons and a
 slight delay in crop development may be observed. This is quickly outgrown and usually has no
 lasting effect.

Implement	Working depth	Tractor speed	Remarks
Tandem disk or discer	8 - 10 cm	7 - 10 km/hr.	Preferred on stubble
Vibrashank cultivator	8 - 10 cm	10 - 13 km/hr.	Do not use if soil is crusted, lumpy, or too wet for good mixing action.
Deep tillage cultivator			
Rod weeder			
Harrows		Not r	recommended
Chisel plow			
Hoe drills			

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

- Crop must be planted at least 5 cm below the soil surface.
- Do not use in crop under seeded with forage.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Do not tank-mix with other pesticides, wetting agents, or surfactants.
- To improve coverage the spray boom may be rotated forward by 45°.
- Activity on weeds may not be noticeable for 7 to 10 days after application.
- **METEOR HERBICIDE** may be applied when crop is wet with dew but weed control may be reduced if there is rainfall within 6 hours after application.
- Temporary (7-10 days) lightening in crop color and occasional slight reduction in crop height may be
 observed, especially if frost or abnormally high temperatures occur within 1 to 2 days of application. If
 frost occurs, allow 4 to 5 days for crop to recover before applying METEOR HERBICIDE.
- Activity on weeds and crop tolerance may be reduced if METEOR HERBICIDE is applied later than specified crop stages.
- Allow a 4 to 5-day interval between application of METEOR HERBICIDE and other pesticides such as wild oat herbicides.

SPRING BARLEY and SPRING WHEAT - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in 80 to 100 L of water per hectare.
- Do not graze or feed treated crop to livestock within 30 days of application.
- Do not harvest for grain within 60 days of application.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 3% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.
- Use higher rate on barley for the best residual control of chickweed and hemp nettle or when weed infestation is dense.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Postemergence Application in SPRING BARLEY¹

WETEON HENDICIDE Alone of in Talik-Wixes. Posterilergence Application in SPRING BARLET					
Weeds controlled	Crop stage	Products	Rates per hectare		
	2 to 5 leaf (midtillering)	METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 375 g		
		METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 375 g		
	3 to 5 leaf	plus			
Annual broadleaf	(midtillering)	MCPA (amine 500)	0.85 - 1.1 L		
weeds (refer to	(mathernig)	or			
other product		2,4-D (amine 500)	0.85 - 1.1 L		
labels for		METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 275 g		
additional		plus			
weeds)		Banvel [®]	230 mL		
weeds)	2 to 3 leaf	or			
		Banvel II	230 mL		
		or			
		Target® Liquid	1.0 - 1.5 L		

Barley varieties Klondike, Leduc, and Johnston are less tolerant to METEOR HERBICIDE than other varieties. Some temporary lightening of crop color may be expected and, occasionally, crop height may be reduced. Apply METEOR HERBICIDE to these varieties in one of the following ways: 200 - 275 g/ha of METEOR HERBICIDE alone; or 200 g/ha of METEOR HERBICIDE in tank-mix with MCPA Herbicide. Do not tank-mix METEOR HERBICIDE with the herbicides Banvel, Target or 2,4-D on these varieties.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Postemergence Application in SPRING WHEAT

		- ·	
Weeds controlled	Crop stage	Products	Rates per hectare
	2 to 5 leaf (midtillering)	METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 275 g
		METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 275 g
		plus	
	3 to 5 leaf (midtillering)	MCPA (amine 500)	0.85 - 1.1 L
Annual broadleaf		or	
weeds (refer to		2,4-D (amine 500)	0.85 - 1.1 L
other product labels for		METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 275 g
		plus	
additional	2 to 4 leaf ¹	Banvel	230 mL
weeds)		or	
		Banvel II	230 mL
		METEOR HERBICIDE	200 - 275 g
	2 to 5 leaf	plus,	
		Target Liquid	1.0 - 1.5 L

^{1.} Crop tolerance may be reduced at the 4-leaf stage.

DRYLAND WINTER WHEAT - WESTERN CANADA

- Use on Norstar variety only.
- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 100 L of water per hectare in late fall (October or November).
- Apply after the crop has commenced tillering and initiated development of secondary roots. This is
 usually after the 3-leaf stage. To achieve this stage, the wheat would normally need to be planted no
 later than September 15th. Crop injury may occur if secondary roots have not developed at time of
 application. Before applying METEOR HERBICIDE, examine plants to determine if secondary rooting
 has occurred, even though plants have tillered.
- For best results, apply before weeds are 3 cm tall or have 3 cm rosettes.
- Do not apply on irrigated wheat as crop injury may occur.
- Do not tank-mix **METEOR HERBICIDE** with other pesticides or liquid fertilizers.
- Activities on weeds may not be noticeable until the following spring when growth starts.
- Do not plant any crop for at least 12 months after application.
- Weed control may be reduced if winter wheat is planted into unworked spring wheat stubble.
- Temporary chlorosis may occur after application of METEOR HERBICIDE to winter wheat, especially
 if heavy frost occurs.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application

Weeds controlled	Crop stage	Products	Rates per hectare
Downy Brome and winter annual broadleaf weeds	Secondary root initiation	METEOR HERBICIDE	560-750 g

FIELD PEAS - WESTERN CANADA

Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 170 L of water per hectare or as preplant incorporated in at least 100 L of water per hectare.

- Do not apply more than once per season except when following split-application recommendations.
- Do not graze or feed treated crop to livestock within 70 days of application.
- Do not harvest for grain within 70 days of application.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 4% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.
- Use higher rate when weed infestation is dense.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, and precautions. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Postemergence Application¹

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Weeds controlled ²	Products	Rates per hectare	Remarks	
Annual broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE (Single application)	275 - 375g in one application	better weed control than a single application. The first application should be made at the cotyledon to	
(less than 5 cm in height)	METEOR HERBICIDE (Split application)	140 - 190g per application	2-leaf stage of the weeds. The second application should be made when a second flush of weeds has emerged or if weeds which were more advanced at the time of the first application are starting to regrow. Allow 7 to 10 days between applications.	
Green smartweed, lady's thumb, lamb's- quarter, wild mustard, stinkweed, redroot pigweed, volunteer non- triazine tolerant canola	METEOR HERBICIDE plus MCPA Sodium salt (300 g/L)	190g 467 mL		

- Pea vines must be less than 15 cm long at the time of application. Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather as crop injury may occur.
- Peas may provide poor competition against weed growth. Under conditions of heavy weed pressure or lush weed growth, METEOR HERBICIDE alone may not provide adequate control due to regrowth of some weeds.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Spring applications) 1

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		Soil types and rates per hectare		
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils	
		(5-6% organic matter) ²	with 6-15% organic matter) ²	
	METEOR HERBICIDE	375 g	375 - 475 g	
Appual grasses and	plus	_		
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	1.7 L	2.3 - 3.0 L ³	
broadlear weeds	or			
	Rival [®] EC	2.2 L	2.2 - 2.8 L ³	

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Fall applications) 1

		Soil types and rates per hectare	
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE (4-6% organic matter) ²	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils with 6-15% organic matter) ²
Annual grasses and	METEOR HERBICIDE	475 g	475 - 550 g
broadleaf weeds	plus Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	2.3 L	3.0 - 3.4 L ³

NOTES **METEOR HERBICIDE** TANK-MIXES PREPLANT INCORPORATED (SPRING AND FALL APPLICATIONS)

- ¹ Fall application: before freezing up. Spring application: when soil is warm enough to promote germination. Avoid transplanting weed seedlings; seed into a weed free seedbed using accepted cultural practices.
- 2. Herbicides rate varies with soil organic matter; the higher the organic matter, the higher the rate of herbicides required.
 - do not use on soils with less than 4% organic matter (fall application) or 5% organic matter (spring application)
 - on soils with 4-6% (fall application) or 5-6% (spring application) organic matter, use the lowest recommended rate
 - on all soils with 6-10% organic matter, select a rate in the range recommended for Medium and Fine soils
 - on all soils with 10% organic matter or greater, use the highest recommended rate (broadleaf weed control may not be adequate)

3. Use high rate in fields with high weed infestations.

PROCESSING PEAS - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 170 L of water per hectare.
- Do not graze or feed treated crop to livestock within 70 days of application.
- Do not harvest within 40 days of application.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 4% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils, may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.
- Use higher rate when weed infestation is dense.
- Do not tank-mix with other pesticides, wetting agents or surfactants.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone:

Postemergence Application¹

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual broadleaf weeds (less than 5 cm in height) ²	METEOR HERBICIDE	275 - 375 g

- Pea vines must be less than 15 cm long at the time of application. Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather as crop injury may occur.
- Peas may provide poor competition against weed growth. Under conditions of heavy weed pressure or lush weed growth, METEOR HERBICIDE alone may not provide adequate control due to regrowth of some weeds.

CHICKPEAS - WESTERN CANADA

- Use on Desi and Kabuli types only.
- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 170 L of water per hectare.
- Do not apply more than once per crop season.
- Do not graze or feed treated crop to livestock within 70 days of application.
- Do not harvest within 40 days of application.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 4% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils, may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.
- Do not tank-mix with other pesticides, wetting agents or surfactants.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application¹

Weeds suppressed	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual broadleaf weeds (less than 5 cm in height) ²	METEOR HERBICIDE	275 g

- Apply when pea vines are at the 1-3 above ground node stage (maximum height of 6 cm). NOTE: APPLICATION PAST THE RECOMMENDED GROWTH STAGE MAY CAUSE SEVERE CROP INJURY. Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather as crop injury may occur.
- Chickpeas may provide poor competition against weed growth. Under conditions of heavy weed pressure or lush weed growth, METEOR HERBICIDE alone may not provide adequate suppression due to regrowth of some weeds.

LENTILS - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 170 L of water per hectare or as preplant incorporated in at least 100 L of water per hectare.
- Do not apply more than once per season except when following split-application recommendations.
- Do not graze or feed treated crop to livestock within 70 days of application.
- Do not harvest for grain within 70 days of application.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 4% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.

• Use higher rate when weed infestation is dense.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone: Postemergence Application¹

Weeds suppressed	Products	Rates per hectare	Remarks
Annual broadleaf	METEOR HERBICIDE (Single in one		Under certain field or weather conditions a split application of METEOR HERBICIDE may provide better weed suppression than a single application. The first application should be made at the
weeds (less than 5 cm in height) ²	METEOR HERBICIDE (Split application)	140 - 190 g per application	cotyledon to 2-leaf stage of the weeds. The second application should be made when a second flush of weeds has emerged or if weeds which were more advanced at the time of the first application are starting to regrow. Allow 7 to 10 days between applications.

- Lentil vines must be less than 15 cm long or in the 3 to 5-node stage at the time of application. Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather as crop injury may occur.
- Lentils may provide poor competition against weed growth. Under conditions of heavy weed pressure or lush weed growth, METEOR HERBICIDE alone may not provide adequate suppression due to regrowth of some weeds.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, and precautions. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mix: Preplant Incorporated - Fall applications - prior to soil freeze-up

		Soil types ¹ and rates per hectare	
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE (4-6% organic matter) ²	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils with 6-15% organic matter) ²
Annual grass and	METEOR HERBICIDE plus	475 g	475 - 550 g
broadleaf weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	2.3 L	3.0 - 3.4 L ³

- 1. Do not use on muck soils
- 2. **METEOR HERBICIDE** rate varies with the soil organic matter; the higher the organic matter, the higher the rate of **METEOR HERBICIDE** required.
 - •do not use on soils with less than 4% organic matter
 - •on soils with 4-6% organic matter, use the lowest recommended rate
 - •on all soils with 6-10% organic matter, select a rate in the range recommended for Medium and Fine soils
 - •on all soils with 10% organic matter or greater, use the highest recommended rate (broadleaf weed control may not be adequate)
- 3. Use high rate of Treflan E.C. Herbicide if wild oat infestation is heavy.

Spring tillage following fall application of **METEOR HERBICIDE** plus Treflan E.C. Herbicide should be done when the soil is warm enough to promote germination. Avoid transplanting weed seedlings; seed into a weed free seedbed using acceptable cultural practices.

SOYBEANS - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as preplant incorporated in at least 100 L of water per hectare.
- VARIETIES: Do not use METEOR HERBICIDE on AC Brant, Apache, Baron, OAC Eramosa, Maple Amber, Maple Ridge, IA 1003 or S-240. Consult your AgraCity Crop & Nutrition Ltd., representative, chemical dealer, or your seed supplier for information on the tolerance of soybean varieties, prior to METEOR HERBICIDE use.
- Seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high soil pH (above 7.5), high salt concentration, or drought may weaken soybean seedlings and increase the possibility of damage from

METEOR HERBICIDE and Treflan E.C. Herbicide. Under these conditions, delayed crop development or reduced yield may result.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Spring application)

		<u> </u>	
		Soil types and rates per hectare	
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils
		(2-6% organic matter) ¹	with 6-15% organic matter) ¹
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	275 - 375 g	375 - 550 g
	plus	_	_
broadlear weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	1.7 L	2.3 - 3.0 L ²

- METEOR HERBICIDE rate varies with the soil organic matter; the higher the organic matter the higher the rate of METEOR HERBICIDE required.
- do not use on soils with less than 2% organic matter
- on soils with 2-3% organic matter use 275 g/ha on soils with 3-6% organic matter use 375 g/ha
- on all soils with 6-10% organic matter, select a rate in the range recommended for Medium and Fine soils
- on all soils with 10% organic matter or greater, use the highest recommended rate (broadleaf weed control may not be adequate)
- Use high rate of Treflan E.C. Herbicide if wild oat infestation is heavy.

FABABEANS - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as preplant incorporated in at least 100 L of water per hectare.
- Do not use on soils with high salt content, which can be determined using a conductivity test at a provincial laboratory. Do not use when the conductivity reading is higher than 1 mS/cm using the 1 to 1 method or 2 mS/cm using the standard paste method.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Spring applications) 1

		Soil types and rates per hectare		
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils	
		(2-6% organic matter) ²	with 6-15% organic matter) ²	
Annual graces and	METEOR HERBICIDE	275 - 375 g	375 - 550 g	
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	Plus	-		
broadlear weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	1.7 L	2.3 L	

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Fall applications) 1

		Soil types and rates per hectare	
Weeds controlled	Products	COARSE	MEDIUM or FINE (all soils
		(2-6% organic matter) ²	with 6-15% organic matter) ²
Annual gracege and	METEOR HERBICIDE	375 - 475 g	475 - 550 g
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	plus	_	_
broadlear weeds	Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	2.3 L	3.0 L

NOTES **METEOR HERBICIDE** TANK-MIXES PREPLANT INCORPORATED (SPRING AND FALL APPLICATIONS)

- 1. Fall application: before freezing up. Spring application: when soil is warm enough to promote germination. Avoid transplanting weed seedlings; seed into a weed free seedbed using accepted cultural practices.
- 2. Herbicides rate varies with the soil organic matter; the higher the organic matter, the higher the rate of herbicides required.
- do not use on soils with less than 2% organic matter
- on soils with 2-3% organic matter, use the lowest recommended rate
- on soil with 3-6% organic matter, use 375 g/ha in spring application or 475 g/ha in fall application
- on all soils with 6-10% organic matter, select a rate in the range recommended for Medium and Fine soils
- on all soils with 10% organic matter or greater, use the highest recommended rate (broadleaf weed control may not be adequate)

POTATOES - MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA, AND INTERIOR BRITISH COLUMBIA (INCLUDING THE PEACE RIVER REGION)

- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray or preplant incorporated in 100 to 300 L of water per hectare.
- Do not use on the varieties Belleisle or Tobique.
- Consult your chemical dealer, AgraCity Crop & Nutrition Ltd. representative or your seed supplier for information on the tolerance of newly released potato varieties, prior to **METEOR HERBICIDE** use.
- Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
- FOR ADDITIONAL USES IN WESTERN CANADA UNDER IRRIGATION AND IN COASTAL BRITISH COLUMBIA, SEE THE EASTERN CANADA POTATO SECTION OF THIS LABEL.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, precautions, and any additional weeds not specified on this label. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast or band application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Alone or in Tank-Mixes: Postemergence Application¹

<u> </u>				
Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare		
Annual broadleaf weeds less than 4 cm in height	METEOR HERBICIDE	375 g		
	METEOR HERBICIDE	280 - 375 g ³		
Above plus green foxtail	plus			
	Prism ^{™2}	60 g		

- Not all potato varieties have been tested for tolerance to METEOR HERBICIDE. Some potato varieties (such as early maturing, red-skinned, Atlantic, Eramosa) can be sensitive to and injured by an application of METEOR HERBICIDE (such as yellowing/necrosis of leaf veins or leaf margins, stunting, and possible delay in harvest). First use of METEOR HERBICIDE on a potato variety must be limited to a small test area to ensure risk or level of potential injury is acceptable to the grower prior to adoption as a general field practice. Sensitivity to or injury after a post emergent application of METEOR HERBICIDE is typically visible in the test area within 5 days after application.
- Prism Herbicide must be applied with a recommended non-ionic surfactant, i.e. Citowett[®] Plus, Agral[®] 90 or Agsurf[®] at 2 L per 1000 L of spray solution (0.2% v/v).
- 3. The application rate of **METEOR HERBICIDE** at 375 g per hectare should be used under conditions of heavy weed infestation.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated1

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	375 - 550 g
	plus	
	Eptam 8-E	4.25 - 5.5 L

Do not use on soils with greater than 7% organic matter.

POTATOES - SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA, AND INTERIOR BRITISH COLUMBIA (INCLUDING THE PEACE RIVER REGION)

METEOR HERBICIDE and Eptam 8-E Herbicide are recommended for application preemergence through sprinkler irrigation equipment to potatoes as directed on this label. Refer to the crop sections of this label for recommended rates, weeds controlled or suppressed, restrictions and special precautions.

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) irrigation systems, equipped with low pressure nozzles. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

CALIBRATION: (Centre Pivot and Self-Propelled Lateral Move Systems)

Sprinkler irrigation systems must deliver a uniform application of water and be accurately calibrated for application of **METEOR HERBICIDE**. Greater accuracy in calibration (and distribution) will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of more dilute mixture of product and water per hour. Follow the steps below to calibrate center pivot and lateral move systems:

- 1. Determine number of minutes required to make one complete revolution while applying 6 to 19 mm of water per hectare.
- With the system at operating pressure determine the exact number of minutes required to inject 3.8 liters of water.
- 3. Divide the time required for one revolution (step 1) by the time required to inject 3.8 liters (step 2) and multiply by 3.8. This gives total liters of product-water mixture to be added to nurse tank.
- Add required amount of water to nurse tank and start the agitation system. Then add sufficient METEOR HERBICIDE at the recommended rate (See RECOMMENDED BROADCAST APPLICATION) to the nurse tank.

EXAMPLE: If 20 hours (1200 minutes) were required for one revolution and if 2 minutes were required to inject 3.8 liters then a total of 2280 liter of product-water mixture are required [(1200 \div 2) x 3.8 = 2280]; to treat 55 ha at 0.75 kg/ha, 41.25 kg of **METEOR HERBICIDE** is required.

Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water system are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the irrigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in the injection nurse tanks during the herbicide application, sufficient to keep the herbicide in suspension.

Application of more than the quantity of irrigation water recommended on this label may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently unacceptable weed control may result. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, crop injury may result. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure that all lines are flushed and free of remaining pesticide, an indicator dye may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Use a minimum of 1-part water to 1-part herbicide for injection. The use of a larger volume of water will insure greater accuracy and more uniform distribution. The runoff water (tail water) from sprinkler irrigation should be recirculated.

METEOR HERBICIDE Plus Eptam 8-E Tank-Mix¹: Preemergence Through Sprinkler Irrigation System:

Weeds controlled	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	METEOR HERBICIDE	375-750 g
	plus	
	Eptam 8-E	4.25 - 5.5 L

REMARKS:

PREEMERGENCE IN SPRINKLER IRRIGATION: Apply specified dosage in 8 to 19 mm of water per hectare as a continuous injection in center pivot systems, or in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems or self-propelled wheel move systems. On sandy soil apply in 8 to 12 mm of water and use the lower rate of **METEOR HERBICIDE** and Eptam 8-E Herbicide. Apply preemergence to crop and weeds. Use the higher rate for control of grass weeds or when broadleaf weeds are dense. Do not harvest within 60 days of application.

ASPARAGUS (Established) - WESTERN CANADA

SEE ASPARAGUS RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE EASTERN CANADA SECTION OF THIS LABEL.

SHELTERBELTS - WESTERN CANADA

- Apply specified dosage as preplant incorporated broadcast spray in at least 100 L to 225 L of water per hectare.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Do not use on soils with less than 5% organic matter.
- On soils with 10% organic matter and higher, broadleaf weed control will not be adequate.
- Seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high soil pH (above 7.5), high salt
 concentration, or drought may weaken seedlings and increase the possibility of damage from
 METEOR HERBICIDE and Treflan E.C. Herbicide.

METEOR HERBICIDE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER HERBICIDES

Refer to the other product label for pertinent recommendations, directions for use, restrictions, and precautions. Unless prohibited on this or other product labels, apply as a broadcast application.

METEOR HERBICIDE Tank-Mixes: Preplant Incorporated (Spring application)

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Crop	Products	Rates per hectare	
Shelterbelt Species: Green ash Caragana Chokecherry Villosa lilac Poplar Saskatoon berry Sea-buckthorn	METEOR HERBICIDE plus Treflan E.C. (480 g/L)	400 g 5.2 L	

^{1.} Do not use on the varieties Belleisle or Tobique.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS (BELOW): The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for this product for the uses described below in this section of the label were developed by persons other than NewAgco Inc and accepted for registration by Health Canada under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, NewAgco Inc has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

NEWLY PLANTED HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRIES - WESTERN CANADA

SEE USE RECOMMENDATIONS ON NEWLY PLANTED HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRIES IN THE EASTERN CANADA SECTION OF THIS LABEL.

CARROTS - WESTERN CANADA

SEE USE RECOMMENDATIONS ON CARROTS IN THE EASTERN CANADA MINOR USE CROPS SECTION OF THIS LABEL

NARROW-LEAVED LUPIN - WESTERN CANADA

- DO NOT APPLY TO LUPINS INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.
- Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.
- Apply specified dosage as postemergence broadcast spray in at least 170 L of water per hectare.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Do not use on soils containing less than 4% organic matter. Application made before heavy rainfall or irrigation (3 cm or more) on these low organic matter soils may cause crop injury ranging from leaf burn to stand reduction.

METEOR HERBICIDE ALONE: Postemergence Application¹

WEEDS ² SUPPRESSED	Products	Rates per hectare
Annual broadleaf weeds (less than 5 cm in height)	METEOR HERBICIDE	275 g

- 1. Lupins must be in the 2 to 3-node stage at the time of application. Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather as crop injury may occur.
- 2. Lupins may provide poor competition against weed growth. Under conditions of heavy weed pressure or lush weed growth, **METEOR HERBICIDE** alone may not provide adequate suppression due to regrowth of some weeds.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, **METEOR HERBICIDE** is a Group 5 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to **METEOR HERBICIDE** and other Group 5 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of METEOR HERBICIDE or other Group 5 herbicides within a growing season (sequence) or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. To delay resistance, the less resistance-prone partner should control the target weed(s) as effectively as the more resistance-prone partner.
- Herbicide use should be based on an integrated weed management program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (for example, higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Monitor weed populations after herbicide application for signs of resistance development (for example, only one weed species on the herbicide label not controlled). If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area if possible by an alternative herbicide from a different group. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- Have suspected resistant weed seeds tested by a qualified laboratory to confirm resistance and identify alternative herbicide options.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact the AgraCity Crop & Nutrition Ltd. at 1-844-269-3276.