Primary Display Panel

Group 2 Herbicide

# **FBN Chlori Herbicide**

# WETTABLE GRANULES

# FOR SALE FOR USE ON SOYBEANS IN EASTERN CANADA ONLY COMMERCIAL

REGISTRATION NO. 34002 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING

Warning, contains the allergen sulfite

NET CONTENTS: 36 g to 14,400 g

# **Sharda Cropchem Limited**

2nd Floor, Prime Business Park Dashrathlal Joshi Road Vile Parle (West) Mumbai - 400056, India Canadian Agent:

# **Sharda Cropchem Limited**

63 Kingsview Blvd Etobicoke, Ontario, CA

M9R1V1

1-844-810-5720 1-416-840-5639

#### PRECAUTIONS:

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Avoid breathing spray mist.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
- Keep the outer container or bag away from water.
- Do not contaminate any body of water.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:**

TOXIC to non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

TOXIC to freshwater plants and algae. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTION FOR USE.

#### To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats:

Avoid application to areas with moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.

Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated areas and the edge of the water body.

#### FIRST AID:

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### IF INHALED:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Treat symptomatically.

#### STORAGE:

Store product in original container in a secure, dry area away from food or feed. Not for use or storage in or around the home. Keep container tightly closed. Keep outer container away from moisture.

# **DISPOSAL:**

- 1. Triple-or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Follow provincial instruction for any required additional cleaning of the container prior to its disposal.
- 3. Make the empty container unsuitable for further use.
- 4. Dispose of the empty container in accordance with provincial requirements.

5. For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

## **NOTICE TO USER:**

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE LABEL

# **FBN Chlori Herbicide**

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- Avoid breathing spray mist.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
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- Do not contaminate any body of water.

#### **IMPORTANT:**

Injury to or loss of desirable trees or vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:

Do not apply, drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts or similar areas. Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants. Do not contaminate any body of water, including irrigation water that may be used on other crops. Carefully observe sprayer clean-up instructions, as spray tank residue may damage crops other than soybeans.

DO NOT APPLY USING AERIEL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.
APPLY FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE WITH A RECOMMENDED SURFACTANT.

DO NOT handle pesticides with bare hands. Chemical-resistant gloves significantly reduce hand exposure. Wear coveralls, or a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes during mixing, loading, application, clean —up and repair. Gloves are not required during application within a closed cab.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Apply only to agricultural crops when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation and human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, applications equipment, and sprayer settings.

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#### STORAGE:

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#### DISPOSAL:

- 1. Triple-or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- Follow provincial instruction for any required additional cleaning of the container prior to its disposal.
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#### NOTICE TO USER:

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

FBN Chlori Herbicide is recommended for selective postemergence control of broadleaf weeds in soybeans. FBN Chlori Herbicide can also be applied pre plant or post plant preemergence to soybeans, either conventional or glyphosate tolerant. FBN Chlori Herbicide is formulated as a water soluble granule to be mixed in water and applied as a uniform broadcast spray. It is noncorrosive, nonflammable, nonvolatile, and does not freeze.

FBN Chlori Herbicide can be applied with a recommended surfactant either as a pre plant or post plant preemergence application to soybeans, either conventional or glyphosate tolerant or early postemergence to the main flush of actively growing weeds. Warm, moist growing conditions promote active weed growth and enhance the activity of FBN Chlori Herbicide by allowing maximum foliar uptake and contact activity. Weeds hardened off by environmental stress may not be adequately controlled and regrowth may occur. FBN Chlori Herbicide may only be applied using ground equipment. For best results, ensure thorough spray coverage of target weeds.

FBN Chlori Herbicide rapidly stops growth of susceptible weeds. However, typical symptoms (discoloration) of dying weeds may not be noticeable for 1 to 3 weeks after application, depending on growing conditions and weed susceptibility. Favourable growing conditions following treatment promote the activity of FBN Chlori Herbicide while cold, dry conditions delay the activity.

Degree of control and duration of effect depend on weed sensitivity, weed size, crop competition, growing conditions and spray coverage.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:**

The following precautions are recommended for application of FBN Chlori Herbicide on soybean.

FBN Chlori Herbicide applications made during or immediately following a large and rapid fluctuation in temperature (20°C or greater difference between night time lows and daytime highs) which stresses the crop may increase the potential for crop injury.

Apply FBN Chlori Herbicide when temperature is expected to be below 28° C within 12 hours of application.

Apply when the minimum temperature in the 24 hours before and after application is above 5° C. If soybeans have been injured by frost, wait at least 48 hours before applying the herbicide(s).

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

Do not apply FBN Chlori Herbicide more than once per year.

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, **DO NOT** use to control aquatic pests.

**DO NOT** contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

**Field sprayer application: DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) medium classification. Boom height must be 60cm or less above the crop or ground.

**DO NOT** apply using aerial application equipment.

# **Buffer zones:**

Spot treatments using hand-held equipment DO NOT require a buffer zone.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands) and sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands).

#### Buffer zones required:

Method of Application	Crop	Buffer Zones (met	rotection of:	
		Freshwater Habita	Terrestrial Habitat:	
		Less than 1 m	Greater than 1 m	חמטונמנ.
Field Sprayer	Soybean	1	1	20

For tank mixes, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank-mix partners.

The buffer zones for this product, with the exception of the freshwater habitat, can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Buffer Zone Calculator found on the Drift Mitigation page of the Pesticides section of Canada.ca.

#### **RATES AND TIMING:**

For the season long control of dandelion (up to bolting) apply 36 g/ha of FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE, plus a non-ionic surfactant such as Agral 90, Citowett Plus, or Ag-Surf at 0.2 % v/v, pre plant or post plant pre-emergence to soybeans, either in conventional or glyphosate tolerant.

Optimum timing of FBN Chlori Herbicide for annual broadleaf weed control is from pre-plant to the 3 trifoliate stage of growth. Do not apply FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE after the initiation of flowering. FBN Chlori Herbicide can be applied up to 60 days before harvest.

Use 36 grams of FBN Chlori Herbicide per hectare. A non-ionic surfactant such as AGRAL\* 90, CITOWETT\* PLUS, or AG-SURF\* must also be used at 0.2% v/v. OPTIONAL: The addition of liquid fertilizer containing 28% nitrogen to the spray mixture at the rate of 2 litres per hectare may improve control of velvetleaf and should be added after the surfactant.

For best results, apply to young actively growing weeds before the soybean canopy closes. Weeds that emerge after treatment may not be controlled.

NOTE: Do not apply to soybeans that have been stressed by severe weather conditions such as frost or hot, humid weather as crop injury may result.

If rain occurs after application, control may be reduced. Two - four hours of dry weather are needed to allow FBN Chlori Herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.

## WEEDS CONTROLLED BY FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE ALONE:

Weeds	Leaf Stage	Height (tall or across)	
Common Ragweed	2-6	10 cm	
Redroot Pigweed	2-8	10 cm	
Velvetleaf	2-4	10 cm	
Yellow Nutsedge	Up to 8	5-15 cm	
Dandelion*	pre-bloom	15 cm	

<sup>\*</sup>Top Growth Control (4 to 6 weeks)

#### FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE TANK MIXES:

When applied as a tank-mix combination, read and observe all label directions, including rates, personal protective equipment, restrictions and precautions for each product used in the tank-mix. Always use in accordance with the most restrictive label restrictions and precautions.

Apply FBN CHLORI HERBICIDE at 36 grams per hectare, tank mixed with glyphosate (present as potassium salt, isopropylamine salt, or di-ammonium salt) and adjuvant (where required).

Companion Herbicide	Application Rate (grams acid equivalent per hectare)	Application Timing	For Use On	Weeds Controlled	Application Leaf Stage or Application Height (cm)
glyphosate (present as potassium salt,	900 g ae/ha	Pre-plant burndown	Conventional & glyphosate	Dandelion (season long control)	Up to bolting
isopropylamine			tolerant soybeans	Annual Sow- thistle	2-5 leaf

salt, or di- ammonium salt)				Common Lamb's Quarters	Up to 6 leaf
				Prickly Lettuce	1-7 leaf
				Yellow Nutsedge (suppression only)	Up to 3 leaf
Glyphosate (present as potassium salt, isopropylamine	900 g ae/ha	1-3 Trifoliate	glyphosate tolerant soybeans	Annual Sow- thistle (Season Long Control)	Less than 15 cm tall and across
salt, or di- ammonium salt)				Common Lamb's Quarters	Up to 6 leaf
plus non ionic surfactant (Agral 90, Citowett Plus or Ag-Surf)	0.2% v/v			Dandelion (Season Long Control)	Less than 15 cm tall and across
				Prickly Lettuce	1-7 leaf
				Yellow Nutsedge (Season long control)	Up to 8 leaf

In some cases, tank mixing a pest control product with another pest control product or a fertilizer can result in biological effects that could include, but are not limited to: reduced pest efficacy or increased host crop injury. The user should contact Sharda Cropchem Limited at 1-844-810-5720 for information before mixing any pesticide or fertilizer that is not specifically recommended on this label.

If rain occurs after application, control may be reduced. Two - four hours of dry weather are needed to allow FBN Chlori Herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED BY FBN Chlori Herbicide + ASSURE II Herbicide:

For the control of Annual Grasses, Common Ragweed, Redroot Pigweed and Velvetleaf, apply a tank mixture of FBN Chlori Herbicide + ASSURE II Herbicide. Use FBN Chlori Herbicide at 36 grams per hectare plus ASSURE II Herbicide at 0.38 to 0.5 litres per hectare. Add CANPLUS\* 411 at 1.0% v/v (1 litre per 100 litres of spray solution) or Sure-Mix\* at 0.5% v/v (0.5 litre per 100 litres of spray solution).

Use the 0.5 litre per hectare rate of ASSURE II Herbicide when quackgrass and yellow foxtail are present in the field. The tank mix of FBN Chlori Herbicide and Assure II Herbicide may result in reduced control of these two grassy weeds.

Consult the ASSURE II Herbicide label for specified rates and optimum leaf stage timing for grassy weeds. If leaf stages of the grass and broadleaf weeds do not coincide, a sequential application of the grass and broadleaf herbicides is required to ensure satisfactory control.

Consult the ASSURE II label for general information and use precautions.

#### **FBN Chlori Herbicide + Metribuzin:**

Apply FBN Chlori Herbicide at 36 grams per hectare, tank mixed with a metribuzin-containing end use product listed below at 550 grams per hectare for residual season long control of Canada fleabane including glyphosate resistant biotypes in soybeans. This tankmix is to be applied pre-plant or post-plant preemergence. To ensure control of emerged Canada fleabane seedlings, tank-mix pre-plant applications with a burndown partner such as 2,4-D Ester or Eragon. Pre-plant applications tank mixed with 2,4-D

Ester must be applied a minimum 7 days before planting soybeans. FBN Chlori Herbicide plus metribuzin can be applied with glyphosate if required.

Tank mix partners: TriCor MX Herbicide TriCor 75 DF Herbicide Lexone DF Herbicide Sencor 75 DF Herbicide

# NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Sharda Cropchem Limited under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Sharda Cropchem Limited has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

#### SOYBEANS (Eastern Canada):

**POSTEMERGENCE:** Apply 36 g/ha FBN Chlori Herbicide + 0.2% v/v of a non-ionic surfactant + 2 L/ha liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 28% nitrogen for the suppression of wild carrot (*Daucus carota*) and volunteer adzuki beans (*Vigna angularis* Ohwi & Ohashi). Make only one application per year. Apply to soybeans in the 1-3 trifoliate stage of growth; apply to wild carrot when in the 2-20 leaf stage of growth and apply to volunteer adzuki beans when in the 1-3 trifoliate stage of growth.

Apply in a spray volume of 140-190 L water/ha.

Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

Refer to other sections of this label for additional application instructions, soil limitations and/or use precautions.

The addition of liquid fertilizer containing 28% nitrogen to the spray mixture at the rate of 2 L/ha is required for the suppression of volunteer adzuki beans and wild carrots and it may also improve control of velvetleaf.

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Fill clean tank about 1/4 full with fresh water.
- 2. Turn on full agitation.
- Add the proper amount of FBN Chlori Herbicide to the water in the spray tank with the agitator running. Maintain full agitation until product is fully dispersed. Continuous agitation is required to keep the product in suspension.
- 4. After FBN Chlori Herbicide has been well mixed and is in suspension, add the tank mix partner, if applicable.
- 5. Add a recommended amount of spray adjuvant (if required).
- 6. Fill the remainder of the spray tank with clean water.

On repeat tank loads, ensure that the amount of spray solution left in the tank from the previous load is less than 10% of the volume about to be mixed.

Agitation is required for uniform mixing and application. The optimum water volume for FBN Chlori Herbicide application is 140-190 litres of water per hectare (minimum of 100 litres of water per hectare).

Flat fan nozzles are recommended. Use 50 mesh filter screens or larger. Use spray preparation of FBN Chlori Herbicide within 24 hours or product degradation may occur resulting in a loss of weed control. Use vigorous agitation to thoroughly disperse spray mixtures that have been allowed to stand in the tank.

NOTE:

FBN Chlori Herbicide will degrade in acidic or highly alkaline water. Mix no more than can be used in one day. If spraying is interrupted, thoroughly re-agitate the spray mixture before resuming spraying.

Do not mix or load where there is potential to contaminate wells or aquatic systems.

#### **SPRAYER CLEANUP:**

To avoid subsequent injury to crops other than soybeans immediately after spraying and prior to spraying other crops, thoroughly remove all traces of FBN Chlori Herbicide from mixing and spray equipment as follows:

- Drain tank; then flush tank, boom and hoses with clean water for a minimum of ten minutes. Visually inspect tank to assure removal of all visible residues of FBN Chlori Herbicide. If necessary, repeat step 1. DO NOT CLEAN SPRAY EQUIPMENT NEAR WELLS, AQUATIC SYSTEMS, OR OTHER WATER SOURCES, OR NEAR DESIRABLE VEGETATION.
- 2. Fill tank with clean water while adding 1 litre household ammonia (containing a minimum 3% ammonia) per 100 litres of water. Flush solution through boom and hoses, and then add more water to completely fill tank. Allow to sit for 15 minutes with agitation. Again flush the hoses, boom and nozzles with the cleaning solution and drain tank.
- 3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing cleaning agent and water.
- 4. Repeat Step 2.
- 5. Thoroughly rinse the tank with clean water for a minimum of 5 minutes, flushing water through the hoses and boom.

#### **REPLANTING TO OTHER CROPS:**

FBN Chlori Herbicide is degraded by natural soil processes, and field tests have shown that the following crops may safely be planted at the prescribed interval following soybeans that have been treated with FBN Chlori Herbicide. The recropping intervals are dependent on the pH of the soil, as well as the sensitivity of the specific rotational crop.

Replanting Interval (Months)

Soil pH	Winter Wheat	Tomatoes	Field Corn, Soybeans	White Bean, Alfalfa	For Southern Ontario only: Cabbage, Garden Pea, Sweet Corn*
<7.0	3	12	10	10	11
>7.0<7.4	3	12	10	10	Do Not Plant
>7.4<7.8	4	12	10	Do Not Plant	
>7.8<8.0	4	12	Do Not Plant		

<sup>\*</sup> Warning: Sweet corn varieties may vary in their sensitivity to chlorimuron ethyl residues. Soil pH may vary significantly within a single field. It may be affected by soil amendments (i.e. lime, fertilizers, etc.) or soil conditions (i.e. eroded knolls, etc.).

For other crops, a field bioassay is recommended before planting. A successful field bioassay means growing to maturity a test strip of the crop(s) intended for production the following year.

#### **FIELD BIOASSAY:**

Select a representative area or areas of the field previously treated with FBN Chlori Herbicide to plant your bioassay crop(s). Be sure to consider factors such as size of field, soil texture, drainage and turnaround areas when selecting the site(s) that are most representative of the soil conditions in the field. On large fields, more than one site may be needed in order to obtain reliable results.

Plant the test strips perpendicular to the direction in which the field was sprayed. The strips should be long enough to cross the width of several spray swaths. Large test strip areas are more reliable than small ones.

Use standard tillage and seeding equipment to plant the bioassay. Prepare a seed bed and plant the crops and varieties you want the option of growing the following year. It is important to use the same planting time, conditions, techniques and cultural practices you normally use to plant and grow the bioassay crop(s). Also plant into an adjacent area not treated with FBN Chlori Herbicide to use as a comparison.

As the crop(s) emerges and grows, examine these key points in FBN Chlori Herbicide treated and non-treated areas:

- crop stand
- plant colour and vigour
- root development
- vield
- rate of growth

Allow the bioassay crop(s) to grow to maturity while making your observations. Do not overspray the test strips with herbicides that may damage the bioassay crop(s). If the bioassay indicates that FBN Chlori Herbicide residues are still present, continue cropping only to those crops listed on the label and do not rotate to other crops until bioassay results indicate that susceptible crops are growing normally.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS:**

Do not apply FBN Chlori Herbicide during periods of intense rainfall or to soils saturated with water. Do not apply directly to standing or running water. Do not apply in areas where surface water from the treatment site can run off to adjacent cropland, either planted or to be planted, or into bodies of water (such as streams, ponds, rivers, lakes, and irrigation water), wetlands, or wells. Applications should only be made when there is no hazard of spray drift contaminating non-target land areas since very small quantities of the FBN Chlori Herbicide spray solution may severely injure susceptible crops and other sensitive terrestrial habitats during both growing and dormant periods.

Do not apply to soybeans that have been stressed by severe weather conditions, frost, low fertility, drought, water saturated soil, disease or insect damage as crop injury may result.

Under extreme weather conditions, such as hot, dry weather, excessive moisture, or frost, weed control may be reduced.

Rainfall within 4 hours after application of FBN Chlori Herbicide may reduce weed control.

Because soybean varieties differ in their tolerance to herbicides, limit first use of FBN Chlori Herbicide to a small area of each variety prior to adoption as a field practice.

Overspray or drift to important aquatic and terrestrial wildlife habitats should be avoided. Leave a 16 metre buffer zone between the last spray swath and bodies of water such as ponds, lakes, rivers, and streams. Leave a 39 metre buffer zone between the last spray swath and wetlands, vegetated areas at the edges of bodies of water, woodlots and shelterbelts, and other terrestrial wildlife habitats.

FBN Chlori Herbicide must not be applied within 60 days of harvest.

Make only one application of FBN Chlori Herbicide per season.

Do not graze the treated crop or cut for hay; sufficient data is not available to support such use.

Do not apply FBN Chlori Herbicide to soybean grown on soil of pH  $\geq$  8.0 due to risk of rotational crop injury.

#### RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, FBN Chlori Herbicide is a Group 2 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to FBN Chlori Herbicide and other Group 2 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of FBN Chlori Herbicide or other Group 2 herbicides within a
  growing season (sequence) or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that
  control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. To delay
  resistance, the less resistance-prone partner should control the target weed(s) as effectively as
  the more resistance-prone partner.
- Herbicide use should be based on an integrated weed management program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (for example, higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favour the crop and not the weeds), biological (weedcompetitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Monitor weed populations after herbicide application for signs of resistance development (for example, only one weed species on the herbicide label not controlled). If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area if possible by an alternative herbicide from a different group. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- Have suspected resistant weed seeds tested by a qualified laboratory to confirm resistance and identify alternative herbicide options.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Sharda Cropchem Limited at 1-844-810-5720.