GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Roundup WeatherMAX® With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide

SOLUTION

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL and INDUSTRIAL) + RESTRICTED USE

CAUTION



EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

REGISTRATION NO. 27487 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Glyphosate, 540 grams per litre, present as potassium salt.

Water Soluble Herbicide for non-selective weed control

READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BROCHURE BEFORE USING.

NET CONTENTS: 6.7 LITRES to Bulk

BAYER CROPSCIENCE INC Suite 200, 160 Quarry Park Blvd SE Calgary, Alberta T2C 3G3 1-888-283-6847 www.cropscience.bayer.ca

PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY IRRITATE THE EYES AND SKIN. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid inhaling spray mist.

Wear a long-sleeved shirt and long pants during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear goggles or a face shield and chemical-resistant gloves during mixing and loading, clean-up and repair.

The restricted entry interval (REI) is 12 hours after application for all uses.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

For first aid instructions or the toxicological information essential for treatment, obtain and read the approved label from the registrant or phone the number indicated on this container.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically. This product contains a petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

• TOXIC to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe spray buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

- To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative filter strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic and plastic-lined steel containers. **DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.** This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

In case of an emergency involving this product, call Bayer CropScience collect, day or night:

Accident/Spills/Medical Emergency 1-800-334-7577

Read NOTICE before buying or using. If NOTICE terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

For additional information on this or other Bayer CropScience agricultural products, call the Product Support Line at: 1-888-283-6847.

STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed.

Avoid contamination of seed.

Soak up small amounts of spill with absorbent clays.

DISPOSAL

RECYCLABLE CONTAINERS:

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1) Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank
- 2) Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial/ territorial requirements.

RETURNABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. For disposal, this empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer).

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS:

For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer and the provincial/ territorial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial/ territorial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for the clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

ALWAYS READ AND FOLLOW PESTICIDE LABEL DIRECTIONS. Roundup WeatherMAX®, Roundup Ready®, Roundup Ready 2 Xtend®, Transorb®, VaporGrip® and XtendiMax®, XtendFlex™ are registered trademarks of Bayer Group. Used under license. ©2020 Bayer Group. All rights reserved.

Roundup WeatherMAX® With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide

SOLUTION

COMMERCIAL (AGRICULTURAL and INDUSTRIAL) + RESTRICTED USE

CAUTION



POISON

EYE AND SKIN IRRITANT

REGISTRATION NO. 27487 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Glyphosate, 540 grams per litre, present as potassium salt.

Water Soluble Herbicide for non-selective weed control

READ THE LABEL AND BROCHURE BEFORE USING.

NET CONTENTS: 6.7 LITRES to Bulk

BAYER CROPSCIENCE INC Suite 200, 160 Quarry Park Blvd SE Calgary AlbertaT2C 3G31-888-283-6847

CONTENTS

Page(s)

1.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

- 2.0 EMERGENCY NUMBERS
- **2.1** Information
- 3.0 PRECAUTIONS
- 3.1 FIRST AID
- 3.2 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 3.3 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS
- 3.4 PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
- 3.5 STORAGE
- 3.6 DISPOSAL

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- 4.0 GENERAL INFORMATION
- 5.0 MIXING AND APPLICATION
- **5.1** Precautions
- **5.2** Mixing and Application Equipment
- **5.3** Spray Buffer Zones
- **5.4** Tank Mixes
- 6.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED
- **6.1** Annual Weeds
- **6.2** Perennial Weeds
- **6.3** Woody Brush and Trees

CROPLAND USES

- 7.0 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL
- **7.1** Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX® with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide
- 7.2 Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures
- **7.3** Surfactant Information
- 7.4 Additional Important Information for Annual Weed Control
- 7.5 Weed Control in TruFlex™ Roundup Ready® Canola Varieties7.5.1 TruFlex Roundup Ready Hybrid Canola Seed Production
- 7.6 Weed Control in Roundup Ready® Canola Varieties
 - 7.6.1 Tank Mixtures in Roundup Ready® Canola Varieties
 - 7.6.2 Roundup Ready® Hybrid Canola Seed Production
- 7.7 Weed Control in Second Generation Canola

- 7.8 Weed Control in Roundup Ready or Roundup Ready 2 Yield® Soybean Varieties
 - 7.8.1 Weed Control in Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean Varieties
 - **7.8.2** Weed Control in Roundup Ready Soybean Varieties
 - **7.8.3** Tank Mixtures
- **7.9** Weed Control in Roundup Ready 2[™] Xtend Soybeans and XtendFlex[™] Soybeans
- 7.10 Weed Control in Corn Varieties with Roundup Ready ® 2 Technology 7.10.1 Tank Mixtures
- 7.11 Weed Control in Sweet Corn Varieties with Roundup Ready 2 Technology
- 7.12 Weed Control in Roundup Ready® Sugar Beet Varieties
- 7.13 Aerial Application for Weed Control in TruFlex Roundup Ready Canola, Roundup Ready Canola, Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybeans, Roundup Ready Soybeans, Roundup Ready Corn Varieties with Roundup Ready ® 2 Technology and Roundup Ready Sugar Beets Wet Field Conditions Only
 - 7.13.1 Aerial Application for Weed Control in TruFlex Roundup Ready Canola
 - 7.13.2 Aerial Application for Weed Control in Roundup Ready Canola
 - 7.13.3 Aerial Application for Weed Control in Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybeans and Roundup Ready Soybeans
 - **7.13.4** Aerial Application for Weed Control in Roundup Ready Corn Varieties with Roundup Ready® 2 Technology
 - **7.13.5** Aerial Application for Weed Control in Roundup Ready Sugar Beets
- **7.14** Weed Control in Alfalfa varieties with Roundup Ready® Technology (do not apply to alfalfa grown for seed production)
- **7.15** Hybrid Corn Seed Production using the RHS® system with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

8.0 PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL

- **8.1** Perennial Weed control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide
- **8.2** Special Notes for Perennial Weed Control
 - **8.2.1** Quackgrass
 - **8.2.2** Surfactant Information
 - **8.2.3** Canada Thistle
 - **8.2.4** Toadflax
 - 8.2.5 Dandelion
 - 8.2.6 Alfalfa Control with 2,4-D Tank Mix8.2.6.1 Removal of Roundup Ready Alfalfa Tank mixes
 - **8.2.7** All Perennial Weeds

9.0 CROPLAND SITUATIONS

- **9.1** Prior to Planting All Crops
 - **9.1.1** Prior to Planting Tank Mixes Soybeans
 - **9.1.2** Prior to Planting Tank Mixes Corn
 - **9.1.3** Prior to Planting Tank Mixes Canola
- **9.2** Postharvest Stubble Treatment
- **9.3** Spot Treatment (In-Crop)

- **9.3.1** Grazing Restrictions
- **9.4** Summerfallow Treatment
- 9.5 Minimum and Zero Tillage Cropping Systems
 - **9.5.1** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus 2,4-D amine or ester
 - **9.5.2** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Pardner
 - **9.5.3** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Pursuit
 - **9.5.4** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus MCPA
 - **9.5.5** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Buctril M
 - **9.5.6** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus MCPA Amine
 - **9.5.7** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Express SG Herbicide
 - **9.5.8** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Banvel II
 - **9.5.9** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Heat WG
- **9.6** Forage Legumes and Grasses
- **9.7** Pasture Renovation
- **9.8** Forage Seed Production
- 9.9 Preharvest Control of Quackgrass, Canada Thistle, Milkweed, Toadflax and Dandelion; Season-Long Control of Perennial Sow Thistle, and Harvest Management
 - **9.9.1** Guidelines for Timing of Preharvest Applications
 - **9.9.2** Preharvest Aerial Application
- **9.10** Tree Plantings**9.11** Tree, Vine, Berry and Other Crops
- **9.12** Selective Equipment
- 9.13 Aerial Application for Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Prior to Seeding All Crops and in Summerfallow – Wet Field Conditions Only
- 10.0 NON-CROPLAND USES: INDUSTRIAL, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, RECREATIONAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS
- **10.1** Weed Control in Non-Cropland Areas with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide
- **10.2** Application Information for Non-Cropland Uses
 - **10.2.1** Ground Applications for all Non-Cropland Uses
 - **10.2.2** Purple Loosestrife Control
- **10.3** Selective Equipment for Non-Cropland Uses
- **10.4** Turf Grass
- **10.5** Injection Applications for all Non-Cropland Uses
 - **10.5.1** Woody Vegetation

10.5.2 Hollow Stem Injection10.6 Cut Stump Application

Roundup WeatherMAX® with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide

1.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Water soluble herbicide for non-selective weed control in CROPLAND SYSTEMS AND IN NON-CROPLAND AREAS.

CROPLAND USES INCLUDE:

In cropping systems before planting of all crops; in minimum tillage systems; postemergent in TruFlex™ Roundup Ready® canola, Roundup Ready® 2 Yield soybeans, Roundup Ready® 2 Xtend™ soybeans, XtendFlex™ soybeans Roundup Ready® canola, soybean, corn and sugar beet; preharvest applications in wheat, barley, oats, canola (rapeseed), flax (including low linolenic acid varieties), peas, lentils, dry beans, soybeans, chickpeas, dried lupins, dried fava beans, canary seed and forages; in pasture renovation; in forage, legume and grass establishments; in tree crops including apple, pear, cherry, plum, peach, nectarines, apricot, filbert, hazelnut, walnut, chestnut, Japanese heartnut; in grapes, cranberries, blueberries and strawberry; in sugar beets; in asparagus; in North American ginseng; in tree plantings; and grasses for seed production.

NON-CROPLAND USES INCLUDE:

Industrial; recreational, rights-of-way, and public areas; turf grass renovation.

Not for relabelling or repackaging.

ALWAYS READ AND FOLLOW PESTICIDE LABEL DIRECTIONS. Roundup WeatherMAX®, Roundup Ready®, Roundup Ready 2 Xtend®, Transorb®, VaporGrip® and XtendiMax®, XtendFlexTM are registered trademarks of Bayer Group. Used under license. ©2020 Bayer Group. All rights reserved.

2.0 EMERGENCY NUMBERS

In case of an emergency involving this product, call Bayer CropScience collect, day or night:

Accident/Spills/Medical Emergency 1-800-334-7577

Read NOTICE before buying or using. If NOTICE terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

2.1 INFORMATION

For additional information on this or other Bayer CropScience agricultural products, call the Product Support Line at: 1-888-283-6847.

3.0 PRECAUTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED.
MAY IRRITATE THE EYES AND THE SKIN.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.
Avoid inhaling spray mist.

Wear a long-sleeved shirt and long pants during mixing, loading, application, clean-up and repair. In addition, wear goggles or a face shield and chemical-resistant gloves during mixing and loading, clean-up and repair.

The restricted entry interval (REI) is 12 hours after application for all uses.

3.1 FIRST AID

IF IN EYES, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED, call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED, move the person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

For first aid instructions or the toxicological information essential for treatment, obtain and read the approved label from the registrant or phone the number indicated on this container.

3.2 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Treat symptomatically. This product contains a petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

3.3 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

- **TOXIC** to aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe spray buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
- To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with a moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative filter strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

3.4 PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied only in stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic and plastic-lined steel containers. **DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.** This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

3.5 STORAGE

Store this product away from food or feed. Avoid contamination of seed. Soak up small amounts of spill with absorbent clays.

3.6 DISPOSAL

RECYCLABLE CONTAINERS:

DO NOT reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1) Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2) Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial/ territorial requirements.

RETURNABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. For disposal, this empty container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer).

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS:

For disposal, this container may be returned to the point of purchase (distributor/dealer). It must be refilled by the distributor/dealer with the same product. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

For information on the disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer and the provincial/ territorial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial/ territorial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for the clean-up of spills.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

4.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not apply this product using aerial spray equipment except under conditions as specified within this label.

Glyphosate is not to be applied using hand-wicking or hand-daubing methods.

Observe spray buffer zones specified in section 5.3.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide, a water soluble liquid, mixes readily with water for application as a foliage spray for the control or destruction of most herbaceous plants. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water in accordance with the booklet instructions.

This herbicide moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days but on most perennial weeds may not occur until 7 to 10 days. Extremely cool or cloudy weather at treatment time may slow down activity of this product and delay visual effects of control. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Delay application until vegetation has emerged to the stages described for control of such vegetation under the "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (section 7.0 and 8.0) to provide adequate leaf surface to receive the spray. Unemerged plants arising from underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the spray and

will continue to grow. For this reason best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the higher rate of this product per hectare within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control follow a label approved herbicide program.

Rainfall occurring within 60 minutes of treatment may result in reduced weed control. Heavy rainfall immediately after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required. Do not apply if rainfall is forecast for the time of application.

For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of run-off.

As this product is not registered for the control of pests in aquatic systems, DO NOT use to control aquatic pests

DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is a Group 9 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide and other Group 9 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

• Where possible, rotate the use of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide or other Group 9 herbicides within a growing season (sequence) or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.

- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. To delay resistance, the less resistance-prone partner should control the target weed(s) as effectively as the more resistance-prone partner.
- Herbicide use should be based on an integrated weed management program that
 includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop
 rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (for
 example, higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and
 timing to favour the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops
 or varieties) and other management practices.
- Monitor weed populations after herbicide application for signs of resistance development (for example, only one weed species on the herbicide label not controlled). If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area if possible by an alternative herbicide from a different group. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- Have suspected resistant weed seeds tested by a qualified laboratory to confirm resistance and identify alternative herbicide options.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Bayer CropScience Inc. at 1-888-283-6847 or at www.cropscience.bayer.ca

5.0 MIXING AND APPLICATION

5.1 PRECAUTIONS

ATTENTION: AVOID CONTACT WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES SINCE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

DO NOT USE IN GREENHOUSES. REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS WATER FROM PONDS AND UNLINED DITCHES.

Clean sprayers and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water. Do not contaminate water sources by disposal of wastes or cleaning of equipment.

DO NOT use human flaggers.

Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation and areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into

consideration wind speed, wind directions, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this booklet may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

5.2 MIXING AND APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

MIXING WITH WATER

For ground or industrial type sprayers, fill the spray tank with one-half the required amount of water. Add the proper amount of herbicide, see "Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) and mix well before adding the remaining portion of water. Placing the filling hose below the surface of the liquid solution will prevent excessive foaming. Removing hose from tank immediately will avoid back siphoning into water source. Use of mechanical agitators may cause excessive foaming. Bypass lines should terminate at the bottom of the tank.

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the proper amount of this herbicide be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

TANK MIXING PROCEDURE

The following steps should be followed when adding tank mix partners, using a herbicide loading system or adding product directly into the tank:

- 1. Fill spray tank 3/4 full of water.
- 2. Start agitation and run for entire mixing and spraying operation.
- 3. Add required amount of the tank mix partner.
- 4. Flush herbicide loading tank and herbicide containers with water.
- 5. If using a herbicide loading system ensure that the loading tank and lines to the pump are empty and flushed out with water before adding tank mix partner.
- 6. Add required amount of Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.
- 7. Flush herbicide loading tank and herbicide containers with water.
- 8. If using a herbicide loading system ensure that the loading tank and lines to the pump are flushed with water and empty before starting spray operation.

Always start and end the mixing and spraying operation with a clean system.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

BOOM EQUIPMENT

For control of perennial weeds and woody brush and trees listed on this booklet using conventional boom equipment – apply this product in 50 to 300 litres of clean water per hectare as a broadcast spray using no more than 275 kPa pressure. See "Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for rates to control specific weeds.

For control of annual weeds listed on this booklet using conventional boom equipment – Apply this product in 50 to 100 litres of clean water per hectare as a broadcast spray, except as otherwise stated on this label using no more than 275 kPa pressure. See "Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for rates to control specific weeds.

HAND HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT (use coarse sprays only)

For control of weeds and woody brush and trees listed in the "Weed Control" section (6.0) of this label using knapsack sprayers or high volume spraying equipment utilizing handguns or other suitable nozzle arrangements — Unless otherwise specified, make a 0.67 percent solution of this product in water (0.67 litres of this product in 100 litres of water) and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For best results, use a 1.34 percent solution (1.34 litres of this product in 100 litres of water) on harder to control perennials such as field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

Applications should be made on a spray-to-wet basis. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to point of run-off. Handgun applications should be properly directed to avoid spraying desirable plants.

SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Selective equipment such as **WIPER** and **ROLLER** applicators can be used for weed control in soy and dry beans, orchards, vineyards, cranberries, strawberries and non-crop areas. For information regarding use of this product with selective equipment, refer to "**Selective Equipment**" (section 9.12).

AERIAL EQUIPMENT

Aerial application can only be used for weed control in preharvest situations. Refer to sections 5.3 and 9.9.2 for application information.

Directions for use

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label. Ensure that the maximum boom width does not exceed 65% of the wing span. Nozzle type, size and orientation must be configured to deliver a droplet size VMD in the coarse (400-600 microns) or very coarse (600-1000) range.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices, or equivalent electronic positioning systems (GPS). The use of spotter planes is recommended.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38412 may prevent corrosion.

Use Precautions

Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the *National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual*, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Operator Precautions

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

Product Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the manufacturer at 1-888-283-6847 or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative.

Application of this product must meet and/or conform to the following:

Volume: Apply the recommended rate in a minimum spray volume 30-100 litres per hectare.

5.3 SPRAY BUFFER ZONES

<u>Field sprayer application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) coarse classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

Airblast or mist blower application: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** direct spray above plants to be treated. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at the application site as measured outside of the treatment area on the upwind side. For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows.

<u>Aerial application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at flying height at the site of application. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE S572.1) coarse classification. Reduce drift caused by turbulent wingtip vortices. Nozzle distribution along the spray boom length **MUST NOT** exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan.

Spray Buffer zones:

A spray buffer zone is NOT required for:

- uses with hand-held application equipment permitted on this label,
- low-clearance hooded or shielded sprayers that prevent spray contact with crop, fruit or foliage.

For application to rights-of-way, spray buffer zones for protection of sensitive terrestrial habitats are not required; however, the best available application strategies which minimize off-site drift, including meteorological conditions (e.g., wind direction, low wind speed) and spray equipment (e.g., coarse droplet sizes, minimizing height above canopy), should be used. Applicators must, however, observe the specified spray buffer zones for protection of sensitive aquatic habitats

The spray buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands) and sensitive aquatic habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, wetlands and estuarine/marine water bodies).

Agricultural systems and non	Maximum		r Zones (metres) r the Protection of:
cropland	number of applications	Aquatic habitat	Terrestrial habitat
Agricultural crop system and ground boom application method			
Pre-seeding applications for rye, cranberry, and all other crops. Established pasture and summer fallow. Ginseng new garden.	1	1	1
Ginseng - existing established garden, Canola – Roundup Ready hybrid for seed production	2	1	1
Filberts or hazelnut, sugar beets (glyphosate tolerant varieties)	4	1	1
Corn (glyphosate non-tolerant varieties including grain, silage and ornamental types), sugar beet (glyphosate non-tolerant varieties), strawberry, blueberry highbush and lowbush, walnut, chestnut, Japanese heartnut, Turf grass (prior to establishment or renovation)	2	1	2

Agricultural systems and non	Maximum	Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:		
cropland	number of applications	Aquatic	Terrestrial	
XX71	applications	habitat	habitat	
Wheat, barley, oats, soybean (glyphosate non-tolerant				
varieties), corn-sweet				
(glyphosate tolerant varieties),				
canola (glyphosate non-				
tolerant varieties), peas, dry				
beans, flax (including low				
linoleic acid varieties), lentils,				
chickpea, lupin (dried), fava	3	1	2	
bean (dried), mustard				
(yellow/white, brown,				
oriental), pearl millet, sorghum				
(grain) (not for use as a forage crop), asparagus, corn				
(glyphosate tolerant varieties),				
forage grasses and legume				
including seed production				
Canola (glyphosate tolerant				
varieties), soybean (glyphosate	4	1	2	
tolerant varieties)				
Apple, apricot, cherry	_			
(sweet/sour), peaches, pears,	3	1	3	
plums, grapes				
Agricultural crop system and airblast application method				
(including mist blower)				
Pasture	1	20	30	
Turfgrass (Prior to	2	25	25	
establishment or renovation)	2	23	35	
Non-cropland system and				
ground boom application				
method				
Non-crop land and industrial uses:				
Industrial and rights of way	3	1	3*	
areas, Recreational and public	J	1	5	
areas				
Non-cropland system and				
airblast application method				
(including mist blower)				

Agricultural systems and non		Maximum	Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:	
cropland		number of applications	Aquatic habitat	Terrestrial habitat
uses: Industrial and rights	Industrial and rights of way areas, Recreational and public		1	30*
Agricultural crop system and aerial application method	Wing type			
Rye, corn-sweet (glyphosate tolerant varieties), chickpea, lupin (dried), fava bean (dried), mustard (yellow/white, brown, oriental), pearl millet, sorghum (grain) (not for use as a forage crop), all other crops for pre- seeding treatments only	Fixed and rotary wing	1	15	20
Canola (glyphosate tolerant varieties)	Fixed and rotary wing	3	20	40
Sugar beets	Fixed wing	2	20	30
(glyphosate tolerant varieties)	Rotary wing	2	15	30
Wheat, barley, oats, soybean	Fixed wing	2	20	35

Agricultural systems and non		Maximum	Spray Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:	
cropland	is and non	number of applications	Aquatic habitat	Terrestrial habitat
(glyphosate non- tolerant varieties), canola (glyphosate non-tolerant varieties), peas, dry beans, flax (including low linoleic acid varieties), lentils	Rotary wing	2	20	30
Forage grasses and legume including seed production	Fixed and rotary wing	1	20	40
Soybean	Fixed wing	3	20	45
(glyphosate tolerant varieties)	Rotary wing	3	20	40
Summer fallow	Fixed wing	1	20	45
Summer famow	Rotary wing	1	20	40
Corn (glyphosate	Fixed wing	2	20	50
tolerant varieties)	Rotary wing	2	20	45
Non Cropland system and				
	aerial application method			
Non-crop land and industrial uses:	Fixed wing	3	100	NR
rights-of way areas only	Rotary wing	3	100	NR

^{*} Spray Buffer zones for the protection of terrestrial habitats are not required for use on rights-of-way including railroad ballast, rail and hydro rights-of-way, utility easements and roads. NR = Not Required

When tank mixes are permitted, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) spray buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

The spray buffer zones for this product can be modified based on weather conditions and spray equipment configuration by accessing the Spray Buffer Zone Calculator on the Pesticides portion of the Canada.ca website.

5.4 TANK MIXES

This product may be tank mixed with registered pest control products, whose labels also allow tank mixing, provided the entirety of both labels, including Directions For Use, Precautions, Restrictions, Environmental Precautions, and Spray Buffer Zones are followed for each product. In cases where these requirements differ between the tank mix partner labels, the most restrictive label must be followed. Do not tank mix products containing the same active ingredient unless specifically listed on this label.

In some cases, tank mixing pest control products can result in reduced pesticide efficacy or increased host crop injury. The user should contact Bayer CropScience Inc. at 1-888-283-6847 or www.cropscience.bayer.ca for information before applying any tank mix that is not specifically recommended on this label.

Bayer CropScience Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) of all potential tank mixes under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties. Tank mixes that are not specifically listed on this label should be tested on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the tank mix is suitable for widespread application.

To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products, use a jar test.

Do not apply any tank mixes with products containing glufosinate.

6.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

This product controls many annual and perennial grasses, broadleaf weeds, and woody brush and trees when applied as recommended and under conditions described. For information on how to control specific weeds including herbicide rate, refer to "Annual Weed Control" and "Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1). The following is a partial list of weeds controlled:

6.1 ANNUAL WEEDS

ANNUAL GRASSES

Barnyard Grass

Echinochloa crusgalli
Blue Grass (annual)

Poa annua

Crab Grass (large)

Digitaria sanguinalis

Crab Grass (smooth)

Digitaria ischaemum

Downy Brome-grassBromus tectorum

Fall Panicum

Panicum dichotomiflorum

Giant Foxtail

Setaria faberii

Green Foxtail

Setaria viridis

Persian Darnel

Lolium persicum

Volunteer Barley

Hordeum spp.

Volunteer Corn

Zea mays

Volunteer Wheat

Triticum spp.

Wild Oats

Avena fatua

Wild Proso Millet

Panicum miliaceum

Yellow Foxtail

Setaria glauca

OTHER

Dodder

Cuscuta spp.

ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS

Chickweed

Stellaria media

Cleavers

Galium aparine

Cocklebur

Xanthium strumarium

Corn Spurry

Spergula arvensis

Cow Cockle

Saponaria vaccaria

Eastern Black Nightshade

Solanum ptycanthum

Fleabane (Canada)

Erigeron canadensis

Flixweed

Descurainia sophia

Green Smartweed

Polygonum scabrum

Hempnettle

Galeopsis tetrahit

Kochia

Kochia scoparia

Lady's-Thumb

Polygonum persicaria

Lamb's-quarters (common)

Chenopodium album

Narrow-leaved Hawk's Beard

Crepis tectorum

Narrow-leaved Vetch

Vicia angustifolia

Night-flowering Catchfly

Silene noctiflora

Pennsylvania Smartweed

Polygonum pensylvanicum

Prickly Lettuce

Lactuca scariola

Ragweed (common)

Ambrosia artemisiifolia

Redroot Pigweed

Amaranthus retroflexus

Round-Leaved Mallow

Malva pusilla

Russian Thistle

Salsola pestifer

Shepherd's Purse

Capsella bursa-pastoris

Smooth Pigweed

Amaranthus hybridus

Sowthistle (annual)

Sonchus oleraceus

Stinkweed

Thlaspi arvense

Storksbill

Erodium cicutarium

Velvetleaf

Abutilon theophrasti

Volunteer Canola (rapeseed)

Brassica spp.

Volunteer Flax

Linum spp.

Wild Buckwheat

Polygonum convolvulus

6.2 PERENNIAL WEEDS

PERENNIAL GRASSES/SEDGES

Blue Grass (Canada)

Poa compressa

Blue Grass (Kentucky)

Poa pratensis

Brome Grass (smooth)

Cottontop

Eriophorum chamissonis

Foxtail Barley

Hordeum jubatum

Quackgrass

Agropyron repens

Wire-Stemmed Muhly

Muhlenbergia frondosa

Yellow Nutsedge

Cyperus esculentus

PERENNIAL BROADLEAVED WEEDS

Alfalfa

Medicago spp.

Curled Dock

Rumex crispus

Dandelion

Taraxacum officinale

Field Bindweed

Convolvulus arvensis

Hemp Dogbane

Apocynum cannabinum

Hoary Cress

Cardaria draba

Knotweed (Japanese)

Polygonum cuspidatum

Wild Mustard

Sinapis arvensis

Wild Tomato

Solanum triflorum

Bromus inermis

Cattail (common)

Typha latifolia

Common Reed

Phragmites australis

Milkweed (common)

Asclepias syriaca

Poison Ivy

Rhus radicans

Purple Loosestrife

Lythrum salicaria

Sow Thistle (perennial)

Sonchus arvensis

Thistle (Canada)

Cirsium arvense

Toad Flax

Linaria vulgaris

Wormwood (Absinth)

Artemisia absinthium

6.3 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

Alder

Alnus spp.

Birch

Betula spp.

Broadleaved meadowsweet

Spiraea latifolia

Cedar

Thuja spp.

Cherry

Prunus spp.

Douglas Fir

Pseudotsuga spp.

Hemlock

Tsuga spp.

Maple

Acer spp.

Mountain-fly honeysuckle

Lonicera villosa

Pine

Pinus spp.

Poplar

Populus spp.

Raspberry/Salmonberry

Rubus spp.

Rhododendron (Canadian)

Rhododendron canadense

Sheep laurel

Kalmia angustifolia

Snowberry (Western)

Symphoricarpos occidentalis

Sweet fern

Comptonia peregrina

Willow

Salix spp.

Withrod

Viburnum cassinoides

CROPLAND USES

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

7.0 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL

The following tables provide rates and specific application instructions for control of the annual weeds listed.

7.1 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE	CONTROLLED	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
0.5	Weeds up to 8 cm in height	Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat Non-Roundup Ready® volunteer canola (rapeseed), wild mustard, lady's-thumb, stinkweed	 For wild oats apply at 1-3 leaf stage. Add 350 mL of a non-ionic surfactant For heavy wild oat infestations use 0.67 L/ha rate.
0.67	Weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above. All annual broadleaved weeds listed above plus flixweed* and kochia*	 Add 350 mL of non-ionic surfactant. * Suppression only. Refer to higher rates of this table or tank mix table (section 7.2) for control options.
0.83 – 1.27	Weeds up to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above plus downy brome, giant foxtail, and Persian darnel. All annual broadleaved weeds listed above plus cleavers, lamb's-quarters, redroot pigweed, hempnettle, flixweed, Russian thistle, volunteer flax, common ragweed*, Canada fleabane*, wild buckwheat**, narrowleaved hawk's beard***	 No surfactant required. For tank mix weed control options see section 7.2. * DO NOT use these rates on plants greater than 8 cm in height. ** For 3-4 leaf stage use 1.27 L/ha rate. *** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height use 1.27 L/ha rate.
1.5	Weeds up to 15 cm in height	All annual grasses listed above plus crab grass and annual blue grass	• For additional annual broadleaved weed control options,

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE	CONTROLLED	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
			refer to tank mix table (section
		All annual broadleaved	7.2).
		weeds listed above plus	
		kochia, prickly lettuce,	
		shepherd's purse, annual	
		sow thistle, and narrow-	
		leaved vetch	
2.33	Weeds over	All annual grasses and	For additional annual
	15 cm in	broadleaved weeds listed	broadleaved weed control options,
	height	above	refer to tank mix table (section
			7.2).

NOTE: For spot treatment, 0.5 - 2.33 litres per hectare is approximately equivalent to $5 - 23 \text{ mL}/100\text{m}^2$, respectively.

7.2 ANNUAL WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE TANK MIXTURES

FOR SUMMERFALLOW & MINIMUM TILLAGE SYSTEMS

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
Roundup	0.5 –	Volunteer cereals, wild	This tank mix is registered for
WeatherMAX	0.67	oats, green foxtail	summerfallow use only. Weeds
with Transorb			should be less than 15 cm tall and
2 Technology		Non-Roundup Ready®	actively growing for best results.
Liquid		volunteer canola	
Herbicide		(rapeseed), wild	Use higher rate if weeds are
		mustard, flixweed*,	beyond 8 cm in height.
+	+	lamb's-quarters, lady's-	
		thumb, stinkweed,	* Roundup WeatherMAX with
XtendiMax® 2	0.29	kochia, Russian thistle,	Transorb 2 Technology Liquid
with		cow cockle, redroot	Herbicide applied at 0.67 L/ha
VaporGrip ®		pigweed**, wild	rate only.
Technology		buckwheat**	wh G
			** Suppression only. See other
			tank mixtures for control options.
			Add 350 mL/ha of surfactant
D 1	0.61	X7-141111	
Roundup WeatherMAX	0.61 –	Volunteer cereals, wild	Use this tank mix prior to seeding
with Transorb	1.2/	oats, green foxtail,	in wheat, barley, rye, oats, field
		downy brome, Persian	corn only (do not apply to sweet
2 Technology		darnel	corn).
Liquid Herbicide		Man Raundun Raadw®	
nerbicide		Non-Roundup Ready®	

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED ♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
+ XtendiMax® 2 with VaporGrip® Technology	+ 0.31	volunteer canola (rapeseed), wild mustard, flixweed, lamb's-quarters, lady's- thumb, stinkweed, kochia, Russian thistle, cow cockle, redroot pigweed, wild buckwheat*, smartweed	Certain broadleaved crops such as lentils, peas, canola and flax can be injured by a pre-seeding application and so should not be planted to a field receiving this treatment. Annual grasses - apply any time between emergence and heading. Weeds should be less than 15 cm tall and actively growing for best results. The higher rate should be applied when weeds are under poor growing conditions such as drought.
Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide + Pardner®	0.5 – 0.67 + 1.25	Volunteer cereals, green foxtail, volunteer canola (rapeseed), wild mustard, lady's-thumb, stinkweed, wild buckwheat* Redroot pigweed**, kochia**, wild oats**	*1- to 4- leaf stage. This tank mix is registered only for use in summerfallow, and prior to wheat, oats and barley in minimum tillage systems. Weeds should be less than 15 cm tall and actively growing for best results. Use higher rate if weeds are beyond 8 cm in height. * Use Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 0.67 L/ha rate
Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb	0.83 – 1.27	Volunteer cereals, wild oats, green foxtail,	only for wild buckwheat control. ** 0.67 L/ha rate, suppression only. See other tank mixtures for control options. Add 350 mL/ha of surfactant Weeds should be less than 15 cm tall and actively growing for best results.

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
2 Technology		downy brome, giant	
Liquid		foxtail, Persian darnel	Use higher rate if weeds are
Herbicide			beyond 8 cm in height.
		Volunteer canola,	
+	+	(rapeseed) (non-	* DO NOT use these rates on
2 4 DA	0.6	Roundup Ready), wild	plants greater than 8 cm in height.
2,4-D ^A	$0.6 - 0.9^4$	mustard, flixweed,	** Ear 2 to 4 loof stage was 1 27
		redroot pigweed, lady's-	** For 3- to 4-leaf stage use 1.27 L/ha rate.
	or 1.2 –	thumb, stinkweed,	L/na rate.
	$1.2 - 1.5^5$	kochia, lamb's-quarters, hempnettle, Russian	*** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in
	1.5	thistle, volunteer flax,	height use 1.27 L/ha rate.
		common ragweed*,	neight use 1.27 L/ha fate.
		Canada fleabane, wild	⁴ 2,4-D at 0.6 – 0.9 L/ha (280 –
		buckwheat**, narrow-	420 g ai/ha).
		leaved hawk's beard***	,
			⁵ 2,4-D at 1.2 – 1.5 L/ha (560 –
		Volunteer Roundup	700 g ai/ha). Use a minimum of
		Ready canola (1-4 leaf	80 L/ha water when using 2,4-D
		stage) ⁴ , bluebur ⁴ ,	amine formulations at these rates.
		burdock ⁴ , cocklebur ⁴ ,	
		common plantain ⁴ , daisy	Use this tank mix prior to seeding
		fleabane ⁴ , false flax ⁴ ,	or after seeding but before crop
		false ragweed ⁴ , goat's	emergence in wheat, winter
		beard ⁴ , mustards ⁴	wheat, barley and rye.
		(except dog and tansy),	
		prickly lettuce ⁴ ,	No surfactant required.
		ragweeds ⁴ , Russian pigweed ⁴ , shepherd's	
		purse ⁴ , stinging nettle ⁴ ,	
		sweet clover ⁴ , thyme-	
		leaved spurge ⁴ , wild	
		radish ⁴ , wild sunflower ⁴	
		100.511 , 1110 50.1116 11 61	
		Volunteer Roundup	
		Ready canola (rapeseed)	
		(4-6 leaf stage) ⁵ , annual	
		sowthistle ⁵ , common	
		chickweed ⁵ , common	
		purslane ⁵ , dog and tansy	
		mustard ⁵ , oak-leaved	
		goosefoot ⁵ , common	
		groundsel ⁵ , hairy	
		galinsoga ⁵ , hawkweed ⁵ ,	

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
		heal-all ⁵ , knotweed ⁵ ,	
		peppergrass ⁵ , pineapple	
		weed ⁵ , prostrate	
		pigweed ⁵ , purslane ⁵ ,	
		sheep sorrel ⁵ , green	
		smartweed ⁵ , tumble	
		pigweed ⁵ , velvetleaf ⁵ ,	
		volunteer canola	
Dana dana	0.5 –	(rapeseed) ⁵	This tauly universe and internal form
Roundup WeatherMAX	0.5 – 0.67	Volunteer cereals, wild oats*, green foxtail*	This tank mix is registered for summerfallow use only. Weeds
with Transorb	0.07	oats, green toxtain	should be less than 15 cm tall and
2 Technology		Volunteer canola	actively growing for best results.
Liquid		(rapeseed), wild	detively growing for sest results.
Herbicide		mustard, flixweed,	Use higher rate if weeds are
		redroot pigweed, lady's-	beyond 8 cm in height.
+	+	thumb, stinkweed,	5
		kochia	* Use Roundup WeatherMAX
$2,4-D^B$	1.2		with Transorb 2 Technology
		Lamb's-quarters**,	Liquid Herbicide at 0.67 L/ha rate
		Russian thistle**	only for wild oat and green foxtail
			control.
			** Suppression only. See other
			tank mixtures for control options.
			tank infatures for control options.
			Add 350 mL/ha of surfactant
Roundup	0.83 –	Volunteer cereals, wild	Weeds should be less than 15 cm
WeatherMAX	1.27	oats, green foxtail,	tall and actively growing for best
with Transorb		downy brome, giant	results.
2 Technology		foxtail, Persian darnel	The higher sets if
Liquid Herbicide		Volunteer canola	Use higher rate if weeds are
neroicide		(rapeseed) (non-	beyond 8 cm in height.
+	+	Roundup Ready), wild	* DO NOT use these rates on
	'	mustard, flixweed,	plants greater than 8 cm in height.
MCPA ^C	0.5 –	redroot pigweed, lady's	plants greater than 6 cm m neight.
500 g/L	0.7^{1}	thumb, stinkweed,	** For 3- to 4-leaf stage use 1.27
formulation; if		kochia, lamb's quarters,	L/ha rate.
another	OR 0.5	hempnettle, Russian	
formulation is	-1.0^{2}	thistle, volunteer flax,	*** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in
used, adjust		common ragweed*,	height use 1.27 L/ha rate.
rate		Canada fleabane, wild	
accordingly.			

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
		buckwheat**, narrow- leaved hawk's beard***	¹ MCPA amine at 0.5 – 0.7 L/ha (250 – 350 g ai/ha) prior to peas.
		Volunteer Roundup Ready canola (1-4 leaf stage) ^{1,2} , bluebur ³ , burdock ³ (before 4 leaf stage), false flax ³ , flixweed ³ , lamb's quarters ³ , mustards ³ (except dog and tansy), prickly lettuce ³ , ragweeds ³ , redroot pigweed ³ , Russian pigweed ³ , shepherd's purse ³ , stinkweed (field pennycress) ³ , vetch ³ , wild radish ³ , wild sunflower ³	 MCPA at 0.5 – 1.0 L/ha (250 – 500 g ai/ha) prior to wheat, barley, oats, corn (field and sweet)^C, rye and flax. MCPA at 0.7 – 1.0 L/ha (350 – 500 g ai/ha) only. Use this tank mix prior to seeding in wheat, barley, rye, oats, corn (field and sweet)^C, flax and field peas^C. No surfactant required.
Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology	0.83 – 1.27	Volunteer cereals, wild oats, green foxtail, downy brome, giant foxtail, Persian darnel.	Weeds should be less than 15 cm tall and actively growing for best results.
Liquid Herbicide		Volunteer canola (rapeseed) (non-	Use higher rate if weeds are beyond 8 cm in height.
+ Buctril® M	+ 0.5 -	Roundup Ready), wild mustard, flixweed, redroot pigweed, lady's	* DO NOT use these rates on plants greater than 8 cm in height.
Herbicide	1.0^1	thumb, stinkweed, kochia, lamb's quarters,	** For 3- to 4-leaf stage use 1.27 L/ha rate.
		hempnettle, Russian thistle, volunteer flax, common ragweed*,	*** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height use 1.27 L/ha rate.
		Canada fleabane, wild buckwheat**, narrow- leaved hawk's beard***	¹ Buctril M at 0.5 – 1.0 L/ha (280 – 560 g ai/ha) for all crops listed.
		Volunteer Roundup Ready Canola (1-4 leaf stage) ^{1,2}	² Buctril M at 1.0 L/ha (560 g ai/ha only).
			³ Spray before plants are 5 cm high.

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	Seedlings up to the 4-leaf stage ² : green smartweed, pale smartweed, lady's thumb, cow cockle, redroot pigweed, flixweed, bluebur, shepherd's purse, kochia ³ , Russian thistle ³ , scentless chamomile ⁴ , volunteer sunflower, night flowering catchfly, cocklebur, velvetleaf ⁵ ,	4 Spring annuals only. 5 Spray before plants are 8 cm high. Use this tank mix prior to seeding in wheat, barley, rye, oats, corn, flax, canary seed and seedling grasses (including brome grass, crested wheatgrass, intermediate wheat grass, slender wheatgrass, tall
		ball mustard, American nightshade Seedlings up to the 6-leaf stage ² : wild tomato Seedlings up to the 8-leaf stage ² : wild buckwheat, tartary buckwheat, common	wheatgrass, Russian wild rye, timothy, orchard grass, creeping red fescue, meadow fescue, meadow foxtail, seedling tall fescue, seedling meadow bromegrass, seedling streambank wheatgrass and reed canary grass. No surfactant required.
		buckwheat, common buckwheat, stinkweed, wild mustard, wormseed mustard, lamb's quarters, common ragweed, common groundsel Perennials (top growth) ² : Canada thistle, perennial sowthistle	No surfactant required.
Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide	0.83 – 1.27	Volunteer cereals, wild oats, green foxtail, downy brome, giant foxtail, Persian darnel. Volunteer canola	Weeds should be less than 15 cm tall and actively growing for best results. Use higher rate if weeds are beyond 8 cm in height.
+ MCPA amine	+ 0.5 –	(rapeseed)(non Roundup Ready), wild mustard, flixweed, redroot pigweed, lady's thumb,	* DO NOT use these rates on plants greater than 8 cm in height.
(500 g/L	0.7	stinkweed, kochia,	

TANK	RATE	WEEDS	COMMENTS
MIXTURES	(L/ha)	CONTROLLED♦	(Apply in 50-100 L/ha water)
formulation; if another formulation is used, adjust rate accordingly).	(L/IIIa)	lamb's quarters, hempnettle, Russian thistle, volunteer flax, common ragweed*, Canada fleabane, wild buckwheat**, narrow- leaved hawk's beard*** Volunteer Roundup Ready canola (1-4 leaf stage)³, bluebur⁴, burdock⁴ (before 4 leaf stage), false flax⁴, flixweed⁴, lamb's quarters⁴, mustards⁴ (except dog and tansy), prickly lettuce⁴, ragweeds⁴, redroot pigweed⁴, Russian pigweed⁴, shepherd's purse⁴, stinkweed⁴ (field pennycress), vetch⁴, wild radish⁴, wild sunflower⁴	** For 3- to 4-leaf stage use 1.27 L/ha rate. *** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height use 1.27 L/ha rate. *** For weeds 8 cm to 15 cm in height use 1.27 L/ha rate. 3 MCPA amine at 0.5 – 0.7 L/ha (250 – 350 g ai/ha) prior to lentils and chickpeas. 4 MCPA amine at 0.7 L/ha (350 g ai/ha) only. Use this tank mix prior to seeding in lentil and chickpea. Under drought conditions, deep seeding and/or brief rain showers after seeding may cause injury to emerging seedlings in sprayer overlaps. No surfactant required.
Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide + Express SG Herbicide	0.83 – 1.27 + 15 g/ha	Volunteer cereals, Canada thistle (suppression), cow cockle, wild buckwheat, Canada fleabane common ragweed narrow-leaved hawk's beard, dandelion, downy brome, flixweed, giant foxtail, green foxtail, hempnettle, kochia, lady's thumb, lamb's quarters, persian darnel, redroot pigweed, Russian thistle, stinkweed, volunteer canola, volunteer flax, wild mustard, wild oats	Use this tank mix in summerfallow or prior to seeding wheat and barley. Refer to Express SG Herbicide label for the appropriate weed growth stage. Add 350 mL/ha of surfactant

♦ For foxtail barley, refer to "Perennial Weed Control" table (section 8.1).

XtendiMax® 2 with VaporGrip® Technology is a registered trademark of Bayer. Pardner and Buctril® are registered trademarks of Bayer. Express is a registered trademark of FMC of Canada Ltd.

7.3 SURFACTANT INFORMATION

NOTE:

Addition of Surfactant – Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide tank mixtures for annual weed control may require the addition of a non-ionic surfactant registered for use with this product. Surfactant should be added at a rate of 350 millilitres per hectare, in 50 - 100 litres of clean water.

7.4 ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ANNUAL WEED CONTROL

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide applied alone will not control volunteer weeds from crops containing a glyphosate tolerant gene.

Allow at least 1 day after treatment before tillage.

Annual weeds generally will continue to germinate from seed throughout the growing season. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds, in some situations.

For additional information and precautions, refer to "General Information" and "Mixing and Application" (Sections 4.0 and 5.0, respectively).

7.5 WEED CONTROL IN TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA VARIETIES

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE TO TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA SEED. CANOLA NOT DESIGNATED AS TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

^B 0.56 kg ai/ha of 2,4-D. ^B, ^A Adjust rates accordingly for other 2,4-D formulations. Use only low volatile ester or amine formulations of 2,4-D.

^C Use only amine formulations of MCPA prior to seeding in corn and field peas.

- For additional information and precautions refer to "General Information" and "Mixing and Application" (sections 4.0 and 5.0, respectively).
- Apply to TruFlex Roundup Ready canola only as directed.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

The following table describes the rate and specific application instructions for weed control in TruFlex Roundup Ready canola varieties.

WEED CONTROL IN TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA VARIETIES

RATE (L/ha)	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS (Apply in 50 –100 L/ha water)
0.55-0.83	Emergence to	Annual Grasses	¹ The 0.55 l/ha rate can be
Single	first flower*	Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer	used for control of
application		barley, volunteer wheat, barnyard grass	shepherd's purse, cow
			cockle and night-flowering
		Annual Broadleaves	catchfly at the 1–3 leaf
		Stinkweed, redroot pigweed, wild	stage of the crop or for
		mustard, Russian thistle, lamb's-	control of smartweed at the
		quarters, non-Roundup Ready volunteer canola (rapeseed), hempnettle, lady's-	4 –6 leaf stage.
		thumb, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry,	Repeat applications may be
		wild tomato, cleavers, wild buckwheat,	required if a second flush of
		shepherd's purse ¹ , cow cockle ¹ , night-	weeds germinates prior to
		flowering catchfly ¹ , smartweed ¹ ,	canopy closure.
		stork's-bill, flixweed, narrow-leaved	
		hawk's beard	
		Perennials: (Suppression) Canada thistle, perennial sow thistle and dandelion	
		Perennials: (Season-long control)	
		Quackgrass,	
1.27	Emergence to	All the above weeds plus:	
Single	first flower *	Perennials (season-long control)	
application		Canada thistle, and perennial sow thistle	
0.83	Emergence to	All the above weeds plus:	For sequential applications,
Sequential	first flower *	Annual Broadleaves	ensure the crop has not
applications		round-leaved mallow	advanced beyond the recommended growth stage
		Perennials (season-long control)	recommended grown stage

		foxtail barley, Canada thistle, and	
	_	perennial sow thistle	2 - 1 1 1
1.67	Emergence to	All the above weeds plus:	² Biennial wormwood
Single	first flower *	Foxtail barley, smooth pigweed,	should be at 2-8 leaf stage
application		common ragweed, cocklebur, eastern	and actively growing.
		black nightshade,	
		pennsylvannia smartweed, foxtail	³ For control of volunteer
		(yellow and giant), fall panicum, wild	adzuki beans (unifoliate to
		proso millet, crabgrass (smooth and	the 4 th trifoliate leaf stage)
		large), velvet leaf, biennial wormwood ²	apply 1.67 L/ha. A second
		wire-stemmed muhly, volunteer adzuki	1.67 L/ha application may
		beans ³	be used for late flushes
			emerging after the initial
		(Suppression only)	treatment. Adzuki beans
		Common Milkweed	should be at unifoliate to
		Yellow nutsedge	fourth trifoliate leaf stage
			and actively growing.
1.67	Emergence to	All the above weeds plus:	A sequential application
Sequential	first flower *	Perennials (season-long control)	may be made at least 2
applications		Dandelion	weeks after the first
		Common Milkweed	application.
		Field Bindweed	
		Yellow nutsedge	A second 1.67 L/ha
		Horsenettle,	application may be used for
		Tall waterhemp	late weed flushes emerging
		Bur cucumber	after the initial treatment.
			Common milkweed should
			be 15-60 cm in height and
			actively growing.
			Yellow nutsedge should be
			5-15 cm in height and
			actively growing.
			Horse nottle (2.12 leef
			Horse-nettle (2-12-leaf stage)
			Tall waterhemp up to and
			including the 18 leaf stage)
			Bur Cucumber from the 1-
			18 leaf stage.
3.33	Emergence to	All the above weeds	One application allowed in
Single	6 leaf		crop per season
application			

* First flower is when 50% of the plants in the field have no more than one flower.

Ensure the crop has not advanced beyond the recommended growth stage for all applications.

Guidelines:

Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure.

Maximum 3.33L/ha is allowed for the postemergence use.

7.5.1 TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION

For Use only in TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY Canola Seed Production Systems

Apply using ground boom spray equipment.

Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied for the control of non-glyphosate tolerant canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both TruFlex Roundup Ready line(s) and non-TruFlex Roundup Ready line(s).

When pollination is complete or near completion, non-TruFlex Roundup Ready pollen parental line(s) may be controlled with an application of 0.83 to 1.67 litres per hectare of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide applied in 50 to 200 litres per hectare water.

Sequential applications (maximum 2 applications) may be used for the control of pollen parental line(s) but the total maximum rate applied must not exceed 1.67 litres per hectare. Allow at least 5 days between sequential applications.

7.6 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA VARIETIES

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA SEED. CANOLA WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY® WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

- For additional information and precautions refer to "General Information" and "Mixing and Application" (sections 4.0 and 5.0, respectively).
- Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in Roundup Ready® canola only as directed in the following weed control table.

• Some short-term, visual yellowing may occur when Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is applied at the late application (4 to 6 leaf stage) of the crop. This effect is temporary and will not influence crop growth, maturity or yield.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

The following table describes the rate and specific application instructions for control of annual and perennial weeds in Roundup Ready® canola varieties.

WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA VARIETIES

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE OF	WEEDS CONTROLLED	(Apply in 50 –100 L/ha water)
	CROP		(rippiy in co roo zama wacci)
0.55 – 1.27	0 to 6 leaf	Annual Grasses Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat, barnyard grass	Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure.
		Annual Broadleaves	Ensure the crop has not advanced
		Stinkweed, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, Russian thistle, lamb's-	beyond the recommended growth stage.
		quarters, non-Roundup	* Use the 0.83 L/ha rate for
		Ready volunteer canola	control of these weeds at all
		(rapeseed), hempnettle, lady's-thumb, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry, wild tomato, cleavers*,	rate can be used for control of shepherd's purse, cow cockle and night-flowering catchfly at the 1–
		wild buckwheat*, shepherd's purse*, cow cockle*, night-flowering catchfly*, smartweed*,	to 3-leaf stage of the crop or for control of smartweed at the 4– to 6-leaf stage.
		stork's-bill*, flixweed*, narrow-leaved hawk's beard*, round-leaved	** A single application of 0.83 L/ha is required.
		mallow***	*** Sequential applications of 0.83 L/ha are required.
		Perennials	
		(suppression)**	**** Sequential applications of
		Canada thistle, perennial sow thistle, dandelion	0.83 L/ha are required or a single application of 1.27 L/ha.
		,	

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE OF		(Apply in 50 –100 L/ha water)
	CROP		
		Perennials (season-long	For sequential applications,
		<u>control)</u>	ensure the crop has not advanced
		Quackgrass**, foxtail	beyond the recommended growth
		barley***, Canada	stage.
		thistle****, and perennial	
		sow thistle****	Maximum 1.66 L/ha is allowed
			for the postemergence use.

7.6.1 TANK MIXTURES IN ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA VARIETIES

For season long control of top growth of Canada thistle and control of wild buckwheat in Roundup Ready® canola varieties, apply a tank mixture of 0.17 L/ha of Lontrel XC with 0.83 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide, in 100 litres of water per hectare. Apply when canola is in the 2- to 6-leaf stage. Refer to the Lontrel XC and to the Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide labels for a list of other weeds controlled, timing of application, water volumes and use precautions.

Lontrel® is a registered trademark of Corteva.

7.6.2 ROUNDUP READY® HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION

For Use only in Roundup Ready® Hybrid Canola Seed Production Systems

Apply using ground boom spray equipment.

Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied for the control of non-Roundup Ready® canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both Roundup Ready® line(s) and non-Roundup Ready® line(s).

When pollination is complete or near completion, non-Roundup Ready® pollen parental line(s) may be controlled with an application of 0.83 to 1.67 litres per hectare of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide applied in 50 to 200 litres per hectare water.

Sequential applications (**maximum 2 applications**) may be used for the control of pollen parental line(s) but the total maximum rate applied must not exceed 1.67 litres per hectare. Allow at least 5 days between sequential applications.

7.7 WEED CONTROL IN SECOND GENERATION CANOLA (including but not limited to OPTIMUM GLYTM CANOLA VARIETY)

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE AT THE RATES OUTLINED IN THE TABLE BELOW ON SECOND GENERATION GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CANOLA (including but not limited to OPTIMUM GLY CANOLA VARIETY) ONLY.

DO NOT APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE (TIMING AND RATES) ON FIRST GENERATION GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CANOLA AS CROP INJURY WILL OCCUR.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED(i.e., CERTIFIED) CANOLA SEED DESIGNATED AS SECOND GENERATION GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CANOLA/OPTIMUM GLY CANOLA VARIETY. CANOLA WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS SECOND GENERATION GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

DO NOT apply by air.

Some short-term visual yellowing may occur when this product is applied at the late application (4 to 6 leaf) stage of the crop. This effect is temporary and will not influence crop growth, maturity or yield.

Weeds will be more easily controlled and early crop competition avoided with applications made when the weeds are small. Control of weeds greater than 25 cm in height will be inconsistent, although some weeds may be controlled.

The following table describes the rate and specific application instructions for weed control in Optimum Gly Canola varieties.

WEED CONTROL IN OPTIMUM GLY CANOLA VARIETIES

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE OF		(Apply in 50 –100 L/ha
	CROP		water)
0.55-1.27	Emergence to	Annual Grasses	¹ The 0.55 l/ha rate can be
Single	first flower*	Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer	used for control of
application		barley, volunteer wheat, barnyard grass	shepherd's purse, cow
			cockle and night-flowering
		Annual Broadleaves	catchfly at the 1–3 leaf
		Stinkweed, redroot pigweed, wild	stage of the crop or for
		mustard, Russian thistle, lamb's-	control of smartweed at the
		quarters, non-Roundup Ready volunteer	4 –6 leaf stage.
		canola (rapeseed), hempnettle, lady's-	
		thumb, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry,	

		wild tomato, cleavers, wild buckwheat, shepherd's purse¹, cow cockle¹, night-flowering catchfly¹, smartweed¹, stork's-bill, flixweed, narrow-leaved hawk's beard Perennials: (Suppression) Canada thistle, perennial sow thistle and dandelion Perennials: (Season-long control) Quackgrass,	Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure.
1.27 Single application	Emergence to first flower *	All the above weeds plus: Perennials (season-long control) Canada thistle, foxtail barley and perennial sow thistle	
0.83 Sequential applications	Emergence to first flower *	All the above weeds plus: Annual Broadleaves round-leaved mallow Perennials (season-long control) foxtail barley, Canada thistle, and perennial sow thistle	For sequential applications, ensure the crop has not advanced beyond the recommended growth stage
1.67 Single application	Emergence to first flower *	All the above weeds plus: Foxtail barley, smooth pigweed, common ragweed, cocklebur, eastern black nightshade, Pennsylvania smartweed, foxtail (yellow and giant), fall panicum, wild proso millet, crabgrass (smooth and large), velvet leaf, biennial wormwood² wirestemmed muhly, volunteer adzuki beans³ (Suppression only) Common Milkweed Yellow nutsedge	² Biennial wormwood should be at 2-8 leaf stage and actively growing. ³ For control of volunteer adzuki beans (unifoliate to the 4 th trifoliate leaf stage) apply 1.67 L/ha. A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for late flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Adzuki beans should be at unifoliate to fourth trifoliate leaf stage and actively growing.
1.67 Sequential applications	Emergence to first flower *	All the above weeds plus: Perennials (season-long control) Dandelion Common Milkweed Field Bindweed Yellow nutsedge Horsenettle, Tall waterhemp	A sequential application may be made at least 2 weeks after the first application. A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for

		Bur cucumber	late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment.
			Common milkweed should be 15-60 cm in height and actively growing.
			Yellow nutsedge should be 5-15 cm in height and actively growing.
3.33 Single application	Emergence to 6 leaf	All the above weeds	One application allowed in crop per season

^{*} First flower is when 50% of the plants in the field have no more than one flower.

Ensure the crop has not advanced beyond the recommended growth stage for all applications.

Guidelines:

Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure.

Maximum 3.33L/ha is allowed for the postemergence use.

7.8 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY OR ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD® SOYBEAN VARIETIES

7.8.1 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEAN VARIETIES

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEAN VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEAN VARIETIES ARE TOLERANT OF GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE. ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) SOYBEAN SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD. SOYBEANS WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE OF	CONTROLLED ♦	(Use 100 – 200 L/ha water
	CROP		volumes)
1.67	First trifoliate leaf stage through flowering	Velvetleaf, common ragweed, common lamb's quarters, redroot pigweed, smooth pigweed, cocklebur, green smartweed, lady's-thumb, Pennsylvania smartweed, Eastern black nightshade, wild mustard, wild buckwheat, foxtail (green, yellow, giant), barnyard grass, crabgrass (smooth, large), quackgrass, fall panicum, wild proso millet, wild oats, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat, stinkweed, Russian thistle, non-Roundup Ready canola (rapeseed), hempnettle, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry, wild tomato, cleavers, shepherd's purse, cow cockle, night flowering catchfly, stork's bill, flixweed, narrow leaved hawk's-beard common milkweed ^{1,2} , yellow nutsedge ^{1,2} , field bindweed ² , perennial sow thistle, Canada thistle. wire-stemmed muhly. Bur cucumber (Sicyos angulatus) ³ Volunteer adzuki beans (Vigna angularis) ⁴ Biennial Wormwood (Artemisia biennis) ⁵	 volumes) A single application of 1.67 L/ha will provide suppression only. For control of common milkweed, yellow nutsedge, round-leaved mallow and field bindweed, a second sequential application may be at least 2 weeks after the first application. A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Any second application made must be applied no later than the flowering stage of the soybean. Common milkweed should be 15-60 cm in height and actively growing. Yellow nutsedge should be 5-15 cm in height and actively growing. Perennial sow thistle and Canada thistle should be from the rosette stage to 50 cm in height and actively growing. Wire-stemmed muhly should be 10-20 cm in height and actively growing. Plants not fully emerged at the time of application will escape

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE OF CROP	CONTROLLED♦	(Use 100 – 200 L/ha water
	CROP		 volumes) ³Sequential applications of 1.67 L/ha followed by 1.67 L/ha at the 1-18 leaf stage. Applications should be at least 2 weeks apart for best results. ⁴For control of volunteer adzuki beans (unifoliate to the
			4 th trifoliate leaf stage) apply 1.67 L/ha. A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for late flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Adzuki beans should be at unifoliate to fourth trifoliate leaf stage and actively growing
			• 5 Only one application per season at 1.67L/ha. Biennial wormwood should be at 2-8 leaf stage and actively growing.
3.33	First trifoliate leaf stage	All weeds listed above plus horse-nettle ⁶ and tall waterhemp ⁶	Only one application per season at 3.33 L/ha.
	through flowering	1	• Common milkweed should be 15-60 cm in height and actively growing.
			• Yellow nutsedge should be 5- 15 cm in height and actively growing.
			Plants not fully emerged at the time of application will escape treatment.
			⁶ For season-long control of horse-nettle (<i>Solanum carolinense</i>) (2- to 12-leaf stage) or, for control of tall waterhemp

RATE (L/ha)	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED♦	COMMENTS (Use 100 – 200 L/ha water volumes)
			(Amaranthus tuberculatos) (up to and including the 18-leaf stage) apply 3.33 L/ha. Alternatively, sequential applications of 1.67 L/ha followed by 1.67 L/ha may be applied. Applications should be at least 2 weeks apart for best results. ⁶ For the control of Tall Waterhemp use the higher rate if weeds are beyond the 6-leaf stage.
4.67	First trifoliate leaf stage through flowering	All weeds listed above plus control of volunteer alfalfa and bromegrass	Only one application per season at 4.67 L/ha. Alfalfa should have 9 or more leaves and be at least 10-15 cm tall. Bromegrass should have at least 3-5 leaves and be at least 10-15 cm tall. Short term yellowing may occur in sprayer overlap areas with the 4.67 L/ha application rate. This effect is temporary and will not influence crop growth or yield.

♦ Weeds will be more easily controlled and early crop competition avoided with applications made when the weeds are small. Control of annual weeds greater than 25 cm in height will be inconsistent, although some weeds may be controlled.

7.8.2 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN VARIETIES

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) SOYBEAN SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. SOYBEANS WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

Apply 1.67 – 3.33 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide to Roundup Ready soybean varieties.

See Section 7.8.1 for use directions.

The 4.67 L/ha rate can only be applied to soybeans designated as Roundup Ready 2 Yield.

7.8.3 TANK MIXTURES

Tank mixtures may be applied to both Roundup Ready 2 Yield and Roundup Ready soybean varieties

Roundup WeatherMax with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be tank-mixed with the following herbicides at labelled rates for additional weed control. Consult tank-mix product labels for complete instructions and restrictions.

Apply in 100 to 200 litres per hectare of clean water.

TANK-MIX PRODUCT	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP
Classic	preemergence or 1- to 3-trifoliate
FirstRate (Eastern Canada only)	prior to flowering stage
Pursuit	up to and including 3rd trifoliate stage
Sencor 75DF (Eastern Canada only)	preplant or preemergence

For control of volunteer RR corn:

TANK-MIX PRODUCT	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP AND WEED
Assure II*	1st trifoliate through flowering of crop 2 to 6 leaf stage of weed
Venture L	1 to 3-trifoliate of crop
Venture L	2 to 5 leaf stage of weed

^{*} applied at 0.25-0.38 L/ha. Apply in 100 to 300 litres per hectare of clean water.

7.9 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY 2 TM XTEND SOYBEANS AND XTENDFLEX TM SOYBEANS

Roundup WeatherMAX[®] with Transorb[®] 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide and XtendiMAX 2 with VaporGrip Technology Herbicide Use In Roundup Ready 2 Xtend Soybeans and XtendFlexTM Soybeans

WARNING: THIS TANK MIXTURE CAN ONLY BE APPLIED TO SOYBEAN VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY 2 XTEND AND XTENDFLEXTM SOYBEANS. DO NOT APPLY THIS TANK MIXTURE TO ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD OR ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN VARIETIES.

For control of many annual and perennial broadleaf weeds, as well as residual suppression or control of small seeded broadleaf weeds, apply Xtendimax 2 with VaporGrip Technology at 608 mL to 1.26 L/ha plus Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 1.67 L/ha to 4.67 L/ha in a minimum spray volume of 100 L/ha.

Pre-Harvest Interval(s):

• 7-10 days for soybean forage and 13–15 days for soybean hay.

Apply XTENDIMAX 2 WITH VAPORGRIP TECHNOLOGY HERBICIDE to weeds < 10 cm

Do not apply this tank mixture to Roundup Ready 2 Xtend soybean and XtendFlexTM Soybeans using aerial spray equipment.

7.10 WEED CONTROL IN CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY® 2 TECHNOLOGY AND MON 87419 FIELD CORN

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ONLY CORN VARIETIES THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY® 2 TECHNOLOGY (I.E. CONTAINS A ROUNDUP READY GENE) AND MON 87419 FIELD CORN.

NOTE: CORN VARIETIES CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY® 2
TECHNOLOGY AND MON 87419 FIELD CORN ARE TOLERANT OF
GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX
WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE. ALWAYS USE
PEDIGREED (I.E. CERTIFIED) CORN SEED DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING
ROUNDUP READY® 2 TECHNOLOGY AND MON 87419 FIELD CORN. CORN
WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY® 2
TECHNOLOGY MAY BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS
TREATMENT.

GROWTH	WEEDS	COMMENTS
STAGE OF	CONTROLLED ◆	(use 100-200 L/ha water
CROP		volumes)
Up to and including 8 leaf stage	Velvetleaf, common ragweed, common lamb's-quarters, redroot pigweed, smooth pigweed, cocklebur, green smartweed, lady's-thumb, Pennsylvania smartweed, Eastern black nightshade, wild mustard, wild buckwheat, foxtail (green, yellow, giant), barnyard grass, crabgrass (smooth, large), quackgrass, fall panicum, wild proso millet, wild oats, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat, stinkweed, wild mustard, Russian thistle, non-Roundup Ready canola (rapeseed), hemp-nettle, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry, wild tomato, cleavers, shepherd's purse, cow cockle, night-flowering catchfly, stork's-bill, flixweed, narrow-leaved hawk's-beard common milkweed ^{1,2} , yellow nutsedge ^{1,2} , round-leaved mallow ² , field bindweed ² , perennial sow thistle, Canada thistle, wire-stemmed muhly	 A single application of 1.67 L/ha will provide suppression only. For control of common milkweed, yellow nutsedge, round-leaved mallow and field bindweed, a second sequential application may be at least 2 weeks after the first application. A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Any second application must be applied no later than the 8 leaf stage of the corn. Common milkweed should be 15-60 cm in height and actively growing. Yellow nutsedge should be 5-15 cm in height and actively growing. Perennial sow thistle and Canada thistle should be from the rosette stage to 50 cm in height and actively growing. Wire-stemmed muhly should be 10-20 cm in height and actively growing. Plants not fully emerged at the time of application will escape
	STAGE OF CROP Up to and including 8	Up to and including 8 leaf stage Velvetleaf, common ragweed, common lamb's-quarters, redroot pigweed, smooth pigweed, cocklebur, green smartweed, lady's-thumb, Pennsylvania smartweed, Eastern black nightshade, wild mustard, wild buckwheat, foxtail (green, yellow, giant), barnyard grass, crabgrass (smooth, large), quackgrass, fall panicum, wild proso millet, wild oats, volunteer barley, volunteer wheat, stinkweed, wild mustard, Russian thistle, non-Roundup Ready canola (rapeseed), hemp-nettle, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry, wild tomato, cleavers, shepherd's purse, cow cockle, night-flowering catchfly, stork's-bill, flixweed, narrow-leaved hawk's-beard common milkweed¹,², yellow nutsedge¹,², round-leaved mallow², field bindweed², perennial sow thistle, Canada thistle,

RATE (L/ha)	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED♦	COMMENTS (use 100-200 L/ha water volumes)
3.33	Up to and including 6 leaf stage	All weeds listed above	 Only one application per season at 3.33 L/ha. Common milkweed should be 15-60 cm in height and actively growing.
			 Yellow nutsedge should be 5- 15 cm in height and actively growing. Plants not fully emerged at the
			time of application will escape treatment.

[♦] Weeds will be more easily controlled and early crop competition avoided with applications made when the weeds are small. Control of weeds greater than 25 cm in height will be inconsistent, although some weeds may be controlled.

7.10.1 TANK MIXTURES

Roundup WeatherMax with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be tank-mixed with the following herbicides at labelled rates for additional weed control. Weeds will be more easily controlled and early crop competition avoided with applications made when the weeds are small. Control of weeds greater than 25 centimetres in height will be inconsistent, although some weeds may be controlled.

Apply in 100 to 200 litres per hectare of clean water.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

7.10.1.1 TANK MIXTURES FOR USE IN MON 87419 FIELD CORN ONLY

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS
	STAGE OF CROP	CONTROLLED
3.33 L/ha Roundup	Spike to and	Weeds controlled by
WeatherMAX with	including the 8-leaf	Roundup
Transorb 2	stage	WeatherMAX plus
Technology Liquid		improved control of
Herbicide		Velvetleaf and
		extended control of
+		late germinating,
		deep rooted annuals
		on the XtendiMax

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS
	STAGE OF CROP	CONTROLLED
1.71 L/ha		with VaporGrip
XtendiMax with		Technology
VaporGrip		Herbicide label.
Technology		
Herbicide		
3.33 L/ha Roundup	Spike to and	Weeds controlled by
WeatherMAX with	including the 8-leaf	Roundup
Transorb 2	stage	WeatherMAX plus
Technology Liquid	_	improved control of
Herbicide		Velvetleaf and
		extended control of
+		late germinating,
		deep rooted annuals
1.26 L/ha		on the Xtendimax 2
Xtendimax 2		Herbicide with
Herbicide with		VaporGrip
VaporGrip		Technology
Technology		Herbicide label.
Herbicide		

7.10.1.2 TANK MIXTURES FOR USE IN CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY® 2 TECHNOLOGY AND MON 87419 FIELD CORN ONLY

TANK-MIX PRODUCT	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP
Aatrex Liquid 480	up to and including 5-leaf stage
Callisto 480 SC Herbicide + NIS	3- to 8-leaf
Converge Flexx	preplant to 3-leaf
Corvus	preplant or preemergence
Distinct Herbicide + NIS	2- to 6-leaf
Dual II Magnum	spike to 6-leaf
Frontier MAX	emergence to 3-leaf
Laudis	2- to 8-leaf
Marksman	up to and including 5-leaf stage
Primextra II Magnum + NIS	up to and including 6-leaf stage
Prowl 60 WG Herbicide	up to and including 4-leaf stage
Xtendimax with VaporGrip Technology	spike to 5-leaf

For control of volunteer RR canola (up to 4-leaf)

TANK-MIX PRODUCT	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP
2,4-D*	before 6-leaf and/or 15 cm height (leaf
	extended)
2,4-D* - Two applications	before 6-leaf and/or 15 cm height (leaf
	extended)
Peak 75 DF + Xtendimax with VaporGrip	spike to 5-leaf
Technology + (NIS)	
Dyvel DSp Liquid	<15 cm height (leaf extended)

^{* 500} g ae/L of 2,4-D formulation. Adjust rates accordingly for other 2,4-D formulations. Use only low volatile ester or amine formulations of 2,4-D. Some corn hybrids may be injured by an application of 2,4-D. It is recommended that the corn seed provider be contacted regarding the tolerance of the corn hybrid to be treated, to 2,4-D prior to application of this tank-mix.

7.11 WEED CONTROL IN SWEET CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2
TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ONLY SWEET CORN VARIETIES
THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY 2
TECHNOLOGY (I.E. CONTAINS A ROUNDUP READY GENE).

NOTE: SWEET CORN VARIETIES CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY ARE TOLERANT OF GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE. ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E. CERTIFIED) SWEET CORN SEED DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY. SWEET CORN WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY MAY BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

WEED CONTROL:

RATE (L/ha)	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED♦	COMMENTS (use 100-200 L/ha water volumes)
1.67	Up to and including 8 leaf stage	See Weeds Controlled in Section 7.7 Table	 See Comments in Section 7.8 Table A second 1.67 L/ha application may be used for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment.

RATE (L/ha)	GROWTH STAGE OF CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED◆	COMMENTS (use 100-200 L/ha water volumes)
			• Any second application must be applied no later than the 8 leaf stage of the corn.
3.33	Up to and including 6 leaf stage	See Weeds Controlled in Section 7.7 Table	 See Comments in Section 7.8 Table Only one application per season at 3.33 L/ha.

- ♦ Weeds will be more easily controlled and early crop competition avoided with applications made when the weeds are small. Control of weeds greater than 25 cm in height will be inconsistent, although some weeds may be controlled.
- Plants not fully emerged at the time of application will escape treatment.

TANK MIXES - Do not apply Tank Mixes to sweet corn varieties with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

Allow a minimum of 30 days between application of this product and harvest.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

7.12 WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY® SUGAR BEETS

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY SUGAR BEET VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (CERTIFIED) SUGAR BEET SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. SUGAR BEETS WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

For weed control in Roundup Ready sugar beets apply 0.83 - 2.30 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide to emerged weeds. Refer to "Annual Weed Control" and "Perennial Weed Control" (Sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively) for a listing of weeds controlled.

Apply Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide to emerged weeds up to 15 cm in height.

Up to four applications of Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied to Roundup Ready sugar beets. Allow a minimum of 10 days between applications.

Do not exceed a total maximum quantity of 7.31 L/ha of this product per season (e.g. the first application of up to 2.30 L/ha plus 3 applications of up to 1.67 L/ha).

Do not harvest Roundup Ready sugar beets within 30 days after the final application of Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.

7.13 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA, ROUNDUP READY CANOLA, ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEANS, ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS, CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY, AND ROUNDUP READY SUGAR BEETS—WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

Refer to the general guidelines for aerial application in Sections 5.2 and 5.3 as well as specific instructions in this section.

RESTRICTED USES

FOR USE IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES ONLY (including PEACE RIVER REGION OF B.C.)

NATURE OF RESTRICTION: This product is to be used only in the manner authorized. For use only by aerial applicators and aerial application services approved by the provincial regulatory agency to apply this product with aerial application equipment. To qualify for consideration of provincial approval, the following requirements must be demonstrated to the provincial regulatory agency:

- 1. Aircraft used in the application of this product must have been configured and calibrated to acceptable standards at a recognized calibration (patternation) clinic within 20 months of the date of application. The spray system must not have been subjected to major changes (new nozzles, booms or configurations) since the calibration, and must meet critical drift management standards e.g. maximum boom width 65% of wing span; nozzle type, size and orientation to minimize drift and deliver droplet size VMD in the coarse (400-600 microns) or very coarse (600-1000 microns) range.
- 2. Aircraft used in the application of this product must carry a minimum of \$25,000 drift insurance in addition to any provincial requirements for general comprehensive insurance coverage.
- 3. Applicators using this product must have successfully completed a ROUNDUP herbicide aerial application training course provided by Bayer CropScience Inc.
- 4. Aerial application services applying this product must employ on staff at least one pilot applicator with at least 250 hours of actual aerial application time and a minimum of 100 hours within the last 24 month period. All pilots who do not meet the minimum experience standard must work under the *direct daily supervision* of a qualified pilot.

This product may be applied with aerial equipment <u>only</u> if ground equipment cannot be used due to flooded field conditions.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied with aerial application equipment for control of certain annual grass and broadleaf weeds and the suppression or season long control of certain perennial weeds.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

Directions for use

THIS USE IS LIMITED TO SITUATIONS WHERE FIELD CONDITIONS ARE EXTREMELY WET SUCH THAT GROUND SPRAYERS (TRACTOR & FIELD SPRAYER, HIGH CLEARANCE SPRAYERS OR ANY KIND OF GROUND SPRAYER) CANNOT TRAVEL ACROSS THE FIELD TO MAKE EFFECTIVE WEED CONTROL APPLICATIONS.

DO NOT TANK MIX ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE WITH ANY OTHER PRODUCT WHEN APPLIED BY AERIAL APPLICATION.

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label. Ensure that the maximum boom width does not exceed 65% of the wing span. Nozzle type, size and orientation must be configured to deliver a droplet size VMD in the coarse (400-600 microns) or very coarse (600-1000) range.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate(s) recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices, or equivalent electronic positioning systems (GPS). The use of spotter planes is recommended.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART.

LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38412 may prevent corrosion.

Use Precautions

Use only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even target coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the *National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual*, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Do not apply to any body of water. Avoid drifting of spray onto any body of water or other non-target areas. Specified buffer zones should be observed.

Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Operator Precautions

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

Product Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the Product Support Line at 1-888-283-6847or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative.

Application of this product must meet and/or conform to the following:

Volume: Apply the recommended rate in a minimum spray volume 30-100 litres per hectare.

Spray Buffer Zones: Refer to Section 5.3 for required spray buffer zones.

7.13.1 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE TO TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY CANOLA SEED. CANOLA NOT DESIGNATED AS TRUFLEX ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

Apply 0.55-3.33 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide from the 0 to 6 leaf stage of the crop. Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure. For sequential applications, a maximum of 1.67 L/ha may be applied twice up to the first flower stage. Ensure the crop has not advanced beyond the recommended growth stage. A total maximum of 3.33 L/ha Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide allowed for postemergence use. Refer to Section 7.5 for weeds controlled and application rates.

DO NOT apply tank mixtures of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide with any other product by aerial application.

7.13.2 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY CANOLA – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY CANOLA VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) ROUNDUP READY CANOLA SEED. CANOLA WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

Some short-term, visual yellowing may occur when Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is applied at the late application (4 to 6 leaf stage) of the crop. This effect is temporary and will not influence crop growth, maturity or yield.

Apply 0.55 - 1.27 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at the 0 to 6 leaf stage of the crop. Repeat applications may be required if a second flush of weeds germinates prior to canopy closure. For sequential applications, ensure the crop has not advanced beyond the recommended growth stage. A total maximum of 1.66 L/ha Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide allowed for postemergence use. Refer to Section 7.6 for weeds controlled and application rates.

DO NOT apply tank mixtures of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide with any other product by aerial application.

7.13.3 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEANS AND ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEANS AND ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) SOYBEAN SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. SOYBEANS WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

Apply 1.67 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide from the first trifoliate leaf stage through flowering stage of the crop. Repeat application may be required for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Any second application must be applied no later than the flowering stage of the soybean.. A total maximum of 3.34 L/ha Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Maximum is allowed for postemergence use. Refer to Section 7.8 for weeds controlled and application rates.

DO NOT apply tank mixtures of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide with any other product by aerial application.

7.13.4 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E., CERTIFIED) CORN SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. CORN WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY MAY BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

Apply 1.67 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide up to and including the 8 leaf stage of corn. Repeat application may be required for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Any second application must be applied no later than the 8 leaf stage of corn. A total maximum of 3.34 L/ha Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is

allowed for postemergence use. Refer to Section 7.10 for weeds controlled and application rates.

DO NOT apply tank mixtures of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide with any other product by aerial application.

7.13.5 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SUGAR BEETS – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE ON ROUNDUP READY SUGAR BEET VARIETIES ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (CERTIFIED) SUGAR BEET SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. SUGAR BEET WHICH ARE NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

Apply 0.83-1.67 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide . A single repeat application may be required for late weed flushes emerging after the initial treatment. Allow a minimum of 10 days between applications. A total maximum of 3.34 L/ha Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is allowed for postemergence use. Refer to Section 7.12 for additional information.

Do not harvest Roundup Ready sugar beets within 30 days after the final application of Roundup WeatherMAX With Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.

7.14 WEED CONTROL IN ALFALFA VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY (DO NOT APPLY TO ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION)

WARNING: APPLY ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE TO ALFALFA VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY ONLY.

NOTE: ALWAYS USE PEDIGREED (I.E. CERTIFIED) ALFALFA SEED DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY. ALFALFA SEED WHICH IS NOT DESIGNATED AS ROUNDUP READY WILL BE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED BY THIS TREATMENT.

ALFALFA VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY ARE TOLERANT OF GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

Applications can be made from emergence until 5 days prior to cutting. A sequential treatment may be applied to alfalfa varieties with Roundup Ready Technology for control of late weed flushes.

Allow a minimum of 5 days between application and cutting of alfalfa. Additional applications of this product should be at least 25 days apart.

Total number of in-crop applications not to exceed 3 per growing season.

New Stand Establishment (Seedling Year): Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10 percent of the seedlings may not contain a Roundup Ready gene and will not survive or thrive after the first application of this product. To limit the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by the loss of alfalfa plants not containing a Roundup Ready gene, an application of this product should be applied at or before the 4 trifoliate leaf stage of alfalfa during the establishment (seedling) year.

Note: Where alfalfa with Roundup Ready Technology is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is overseeded with a second species, in-crop (over-the-top) applications of this product will eliminate the non-Roundup Ready (non-glyphosate tolerant) species.

WEED CONTROL IN ALFALFA VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY TECHNOLOGY

RATE	GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS
(L/ha)	STAGE		(Apply in 50 –100 L/ha
	OF CROP		water)
1.67 single	Emergence	Annual Grasses	All weeds should be actively
application	until 5 days	Wild oats, green foxtail, volunteer barley,	growing at time of
	prior to	volunteer wheat, barnyard grass, giant and	application.
	cutting	yellow foxtail, fall Panicum, wild proso millet,	
		smooth and large crabgrass	¹ Biennial wormwood should
			be at 2-8 leaf stage.
		Annual Broadleaves	
		Stinkweed, redroot pigweed, wild mustard,	
		Russian thistle, lamb's-quarters, non-Roundup	
		Ready volunteer canola (rapeseed), hempnettle,	
		lady's-thumb, kochia, chickweed, corn spurry,	
		wild tomato, cleavers, wild buckwheat,	
		shepherd's purse, cow cockle, night-flowering	
		catchfly, smartweed, stork's-bill, flixweed,	
		narrow-leaved hawk's beard, smooth pigweed,	
		cocklebur, Eastern black nightshade,	
		velvetleaf, biennial wormwood ¹ .	
		D 11 (1 (1)	
		Perennials (season-long control)	
		Quackgrass, Canada thistle, and perennial sow	
2 22 aim al-	Етопост	thistle, foxtail barley, dandelion.	22 22 I /ha mata is famile
3.33 single	Emergence	All the above weeds plus:	² 3.33 L/ha rate is for large,
application	until 5 days	Annual Broadleaves Round-leaved mallow	more established plants, heavy infestation or if plants
	prior to cutting	Perennials (season-long control):	are stressed.
	Cutting	1 Cremmais (season-long condor).	are suesseu.

Foxtail barley ² , dandelion ² , common	³ Common milkweed should
milkweed ³ , field bindweed, yellow nutsedge ⁴ ,	be 15-60 cm in height.
horsenettle ⁵ , tall waterhemp ⁶ , bur cucumber ⁷	
	⁴ Yellow nutsedge should be
	5-15 cm in height.
	⁵ Horse-nettle from the 2 to
	12 leaf stage).
	⁶ Tall waterhemp up to and
	including the 18-leaf stage.
	75
	⁷ Bur cucumber from the 1-18
	leaf stage.

7.15 HYBRID CORN SEED PRODUCTION USING THE RHS® SYSTEM WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR

The RHS designation indicates that the corn contains technology that allows for tasselonly susceptibility to this product. Use of this product on corn hybrids or inbreds that are not designated as RHS or as corn containing Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology may result in severe crop injury and yield loss.

Tassel Control

This product may be used as an over-the-top broadcast application for tassel control in RHS corn inbred recipient lines in seed production fields planted with corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology as the pollen donor.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for tassel control up from the 8 to the 13 leaf stage before flowering at use rates from 1.67 to 2.34 L/ha per application. Up to two applications for tassel control are permitted.

Weed Control

Refer Only to Section: 7.10 WEED CONTROL IN CORN VARIETIES WITH ROUNDUP READY 2 TECHNOLOGY

Tank mixes: See section 7.10.1 TANK MIXTURES for use rates, timings and restrictions. Note that only those tank mixtures for which the tank mixture partner herbicide products are registered for use on seed (inbred) corn may be used for weed control on RHS corn inbred recipient lines and corn inbred donor lines containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

8.0 PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION. DO NOT APPLY USING BY AIR.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product will control the perennial weeds listed in the following table.

8.1 PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE

	APPLICATION			
WEED	GROWTH	RATE	WATER	COMMENTS
	STAGE	(L/ha)	VOLUME (L/ha)	
Quackgrass (control, light to moderate infestations)	3 to 4 green leaves or more	1.67	50 - 300	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage. Refer to "Quackgrass" notes in section 8.2.1 for more information. For higher volumes (i.e., 150 – 300 L/ha) an approved surfactant must be added at 0.5 L per 100 L of clean water (0.5% v/v). Refer to list in section 8.2.2. See also below.
Quackgrass (long term control, heavy infestations, high water volumes)	3 to 4 green leaves or more	1.67 – 4.67	50 - 300	 Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage. Rates higher than 1.67 L/ha will provide more consistent, longer term control, especially with heavier infestations and/or higher water volumes (i.e., 150 – 300 L/ha). Refer to "Quackgrass" notes in section 8.2.1 for more information.
Canada Thistle	Rosette stage (summerfallow)	1.67	50 - 100	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 10 or more days after treatment before tillage. Refer to "Canada Thistle" notes in section 8.2.3 for more information.
Canada	Bud stage or	3.17 –	100 - 300	• Allow 5 or more days after
Thistle	beyond	4.67	100 200	treatment before tillage.
Field Bindweed	Full bloom or beyond	4.67 - 8	100 - 300	• Allow 7 or more days after
Dilluweeu	ocyona	U		treatment before tillage.

	APPI	LICATIO	N	
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME (L/ha)	COMMENTS
Common Milkweed*	Bud to full bloom (preharvest) Bud to full bloom	8	50 – 100 100 - 300	 See "Preharvest Treatment" (section 9.9) for more information. Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage. Reduced control may occur after full bloom. Milkweed may not all be in the correct stage, therefore, repeat treatments may be required.
Toadflax	Vegetative Stage (summerfallow) Bud to full bloom (preharvest)	1.67	50 - 100	 Apply in clean water using flat fan nozzles. Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage in summerfallow. For more information, see "Toadflax Control" (section 8.2.4), or "Preharvest Treatment" (Section 9.9).
Alfalfa	Early bud to full bloom stage Fall applications only	2.47 – 3.33	50 - 300	 Allow 5 or more days after treatment before tillage. Use the higher rates when alfalfa populations are high or when heavy grass infestations are also present. For spring applications and control in minimum tillage systems using a 2,4-D tank mix, see section 8.2.6.

	APPLICATION			
WEED	GROWTH STAGE	RATE (L/ha)	WATER VOLUME (L/ha)	COMMENTS
Dandelion	< 15 cm > 15 cm	1.67 2.47 – 3.33	50 – 100 50 – 300	 Allow 3 or more days after treatment before tillage for all rates. Use the higher rate when
	Rosette to full bloom (preharvest)	1.67	50 - 100	 infestations are heavy. Refer to "Dandelion" notes in section 8.2.5 for more information. Allow 7 or more days after treatment before tillage. For more information, see "Preharvest Treatment" (section 9.9).
Foxtail Barley	Seeding to heading	1.67 – 3.33	50 - 100	 Allow a minimum of 1 day after treatment before tillage or seeding. Use higher rates for larger, more established plants, heavy infestations or if plants are stressed.
Common reed	Apply when actively growing, or to regrowth after burning or mowing.	2.0 – 8.0	100-500	 For partial control and for best results, treat in late summer or early fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop. For higher volumes (i.e, 150–300 L/ha) an approved surfactant should be added at 0.5 L per 100 L of clean water (0.5% v/v).

	ICATION			
WEED	GROWTH	RATE	WATER	COMMENTS
	STAGE	(L/ha)	VOLUME	
			(L/ha)	
				• DO NOT TREAT PLANTS
				OVER OPEN WATER.
				Roundup WeatherMAX with
				Transorb 2 Technology
				Liquid Herbicide is not
				registered for direct
				application to bodies of water.
Other	Early heading	4.67 -	100 - 300	• Allow 7 or more days after
Perennials	or early bud	8		treatment before tillage.
(see listing	stage			
section 6.2)				

^{*}NOTE: For spot treatment, mix 80 millilitres of product in 5 litres clean water per 100 m^2 (1.67 – 8 litres per hectare is approximately equivalent to $17 - 80 \text{ mL}/100\text{m}^2$, respectively).

8.2 SPECIAL NOTES FOR PERENNIAL WEED CONTROL

8.2.1 QUACKGRASS

For **season-long control on fall tilled ground**: Apply 1.67 litres per hectare of this product in spring prior to seeding. Apply in 50 to 100 litres per hectare of clean water as described in the preceding table. Delay application until the majority of quackgass plants have 4 to 5 green leaves. This stage usually occurs 1 to 4 weeks later on fall tilled ground than on undisturbed ground. Reduced control may result on ground tilled deeper than 15 centimetres.

NOTE: This treatment will provide season-long control of quackgrass on fall tilled ground. Reduced control will be experienced versus this product on non-fall tilled ground. Repeat treatments may be necessary.

Applications on forages should be followed by tillage 3 days or later and should be made when good growing conditions exist.

If a frost has occurred, wait several days to determine if the quackgrass has recovered. Quackgrass can be treated after a mild frost provided there are 3 to 4 green leaves actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

8.2.2 SURFACTANT INFORMATION

Use a non-ionic surfactant with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide for control of quackgrass.

Always refer to surfactant label for specific instructions regarding use of that product.

8.2.3 CANADA THISTLE

Control of Canada Thistle at the rosette stage: to ensure the proper timing of application the following steps must be followed:

- 1. Conduct summerfallow tillage as usual and perform the last tillage operation between July 15th and August 1st.
- 2. Allow the thistles to regrow for a minimum of 5 weeks until they are a minimum of 15 centimetres in diameter and in the rosette stage of growth.

NOTE: Canada thistle can be treated after a mild frost provided the leaves are still green and actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE PLUS XTENDIMAX 2 WITH VAPORGRIP TECHNOLOGY TANK MIXTURES

For control of Canada thistle (and perennial sow thistle) in summerfallow or in postharvest stubble, apply 1.13 litres per hectare Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus 1.25 litres per hectare XtendiMax® 2 with VaporGrip® Technology in 100-200 litres per hectare of clean water. In addition, add 350 millilitres per hectare of a non-ionic surfactant registered for use with this product

For best results in summerfallow, cultivate in the spring and apply when the majority of thistles are 15 centimetres to 25 centimetres tall and before the bud stage. Cultivate 3 weeks after application.

In postharvest stubble, apply this tank mixture to actively growing thistles at least 2 weeks prior to a damaging frost.

NOTE: Grow only cereals, canola (including rapeseed), soybeans, field corn, sweet corn, or white beans after application of this tank mixture.

If application is made after September 1st, or if soil moisture levels are extremely low after application, crop injury may occur in the spring following application.

8.2.4 TOADFLAX

Control of Toadflax in a Summerfallow Vegetative Stage

To ensure the proper timing of application, the following steps must be followed:

- 1. Conduct summerfallow tillage as usual and perform the last tillage operation between July 10th to July 21st.
- 2. Allow toadflax to regrow for a minimum of 4 to 5 weeks until they are minimum of 15 centimetres tall and at a lush green vegetative stage.

NOTE: Toadflax can be treated after a mild frost provided the leaves are still green and actively growing at the time of application. Do not apply after the first damaging frost.

8.2.5 DANDELION

Applications should be made up to and including bloom for best results. Follow-up control measures should be used to manage new dandelions germinating from seed to maintain control throughout the season.

8.2.6 ALFALFA CONTROL WITH 2,4-D TANK MIX

The addition of 2,4-D may improve alfalfa control in situations where control may be more difficult to obtain, such as in minimum tillage systems where populations are heavy, and with spring applications.

For fall control of established stands of alfalfa, apply 1.67 to 3.33 litres per hectare Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide and 1.2 to 2.4 litres per hectare of any 500 grams per litre 2,4-D amine or low volatile ester formulation in 100 to 200 litres of water per hectare. (Adjust product rates accordingly for other 2,4-D formulations).

For spring applications, use only the low rate of 2,4-D (i.e., 1.2 litres per hectare) and 1.67 to 3.33 litres per hectare Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Only cereal crops not underseeded to legumes may be planted following spring applications of this tank mix, and a 14 day interval between application and planting is required.

Use the higher Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide rates when perennial grasses are prevalent.

8.2.6.1 REMOVAL OF ROUNDUP READY ALFALFA – TANK MIXES

The addition of a tank-mix partner is required to remove a stand of Roundup Ready alfalfa. Herbicide applications should be made in the fall when the Roundup Ready Alfalfa is at the bud stage of growth. Tillage at 2-3 weeks following herbicide application can improve control and consistency under stressed conditions (drought, frost, cold temperatures).

Use the following rates to control Roundup Ready alfalfa plus annual and perennial weeds (See Sections 7.1 and 8.1).

- Mix with water to achieve a total applied volume of 100 L/ha.
- Apply to Roundup Ready alfalfa in the pre-bud to start of flowering stage.
- Best control achieved when the majority of plants are in the bud stage of development.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 1.67-3.34				
L/ha plus only one of the following Tank Mix Products:				
2,4-D* Herbicide at 1.52 L/ha <u>or:</u>				
XtendiMax® 2 with VaporGrip® Technology at 1.25 L/ha or:				
Lontrel 360 Herbicide at 0.56-0.83 L/ha or:				
2,4-D* Herbicide at 1.05 L/ha + XtendiMax® 2 with VaporGrip® Technology at 1.25				
L/ha or:				

2,4-D* Herbicide at 1.05 L/ha + Lontrel 360 Herbicide at 0.42 L/ha or:

8.2.7 ALL PERENNIAL WEEDS

Weed Stages: Weeds must be at the proper stage for effective control. Refer to "Perennial Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide" (section 8.1).

Nozzle Type: For best results with conventional boom equipment apply this product with 50 to 300 litres per hectare of clean water using flat fan nozzles and no more pressure than 275 kPa.

Rhizome Dormancy: Reduced control may result if rhizomes have become dormant. Dormancy may occur if soil fertility is low and/or the land has not been tilled for several years.

Mowing Effects: Mowing prior to application will reduce effectiveness unless weeds are allowed to regrow to the proper stage before application.

Tillage Effects: Fall or spring tillage prior to spring applications and tillage between harvesting and fall applications will reduce the effectiveness on perennial weeds.

Curtail M Herbicide at 2.0 - 3.0 L/ha

^{*}rate for a 564 g ae/L formulation of 2,4-D. Adjust rates for other formulations. Includes both amine and ester formulations.

Follow-up tillage after application should be delayed 5 to 7 days for best results. See "**Weed Control**" tables (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for specific tillage interval for each weed.

Rainfall Effects: Heavy rainfall immediately after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required. Do not apply if rainfall is forecast for the time of application.

Regrowth from Germinating Seeds: This product only controls emerged plants. Repeat treatments or other weed control measures may be required to control weeds regenerating from seeds or other underground parts.

Frost Effects: Heavy frosts prior to application may reduce control. Do not apply after the first damaging frost in the fall.

9.0 CROPLAND SITUATIONS

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 and 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION. DO NOT APPLY BY AIR EXCEPT FOR PREHARVEST AERIAL APPLICATION (SECTION 9.9.2).

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR UNLESS SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL

This product can be applied as a broadcast spray or spot treatment prior to planting all crops, postharvest to annual crops, preharvest in wheat, barley, oats, canary seed, canola (rapeseed), flax (including low linolenic acid varieties), lentils, peas, soybeans, dry beans and forages, and in summerfallow. It may also be applied as a broadcast spray in Roundup Ready® corn 2, soybeans or canola (sections 7.5, 7.6 and 7.7). It may be applied as a directed spray in orchards, vineyards, blueberries and strawberries, and using selective equipment in soy and dry beans, orchards, vineyards, cranberries and strawberries (refer to specific sections below for more information). For specific instructions on weed control in the following cropping situations, always refer to "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.0 and 8.0) for more information.

9.1 PRIOR TO PLANTING – ALL CROPS

This product may be applied prior to planting all crops for control of emerged weeds listed on this label. Ensure weeds are at the desired stage at the time of application. This product does not provide preemergent weed control and newly germinating weeds may be a problem in the crop. APPLY BEFORE SEEDING OR TRANSPLANTING.

9.1.1 PRIOR TO PLANTING – TANK MIXES - SOYBEANS

WHERE TANK MIX PARTNER LABELS REFER ONLY TO OLDER (360 G/L) GLYPHOSATE PRODUCTS, E.G. ROUNDUP ORIGINAL OR ROUNDUP TRANSORB, ENSURE THAT THE LABEL RATE IS ADJUSTED TO COMPENSATE FOR THIS MORE CONCENTRATED PRODUCT.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Pursuit Herbicide

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Pursuit Herbicide can be applied prior to or after seeding, but before crop emergence. Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide will control emerged weeds listed on this label when applied as directed (refer to Annual and Perennial Weed control sections in the Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide product label). Pursuit Herbicide will control weeds germinating from seed.

ONLY SOYBEANS, WHITE BEANS, KIDNEY BEANS, PROCESSING PEAS, FIELD CORN, SPRING BARLEY, SPRING WHEAT AND WINTER WHEAT MAY BE PLANTED THE SEASON FOLLOWING A PURSUIT APPLICATION. WINTER WHEAT MAY BE PLANTED THE SAME YEAR AS A PURSUIT APPLICATION TO SOYBEANS, BUT NOT EARLIER THAN 100 DAYS AFTER THE APPLICATION.

DO NOT APPLY AFTER CROP EMERGENCE

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus metribuzin (Sencor 75 DF, Sencor 480F, Sencor for Soybeans, or Lexone DF Herbicide Dispersible Granules)

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds taller than 4 cm in soybeans, apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in tank mix with Sencor 75 DF, Sencor 480F, Sencor for Soybeans or Lexone DF Herbicide Dispersible Granules as a preplant surface or pre-emergence application before crop emergence.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds in soybeans. Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in tank mix with Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide at 1.15–1.75 L/ha as a preplant surface (up to 30 days before planting) or pre-emergence application before crop emergence.

Perennial weeds such as quack grass may not be controlled with lower rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Use higher rates of

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide if perennial weeds are present.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide plus metribuzin (Sencor 75DF, Sencor 480F, Sencor for Soybeans or Lexone DF Herbicide Dispersible Granules)

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds in soybeans. Apply as a preplant surface (up to 30 days before planting) or pre-emergence application before crop emergence. Perennial weeds such as quack grass may not be controlled with lower rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Frontier MAX Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Frontier MAX Herbicide preplant surface or pre-emergence.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus linuron

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus linuron after seeding but before crop emergence.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Axiom DF Herbicide

Preplant Surface:

For use in conservation tillage, minimum-tillage or no-tillage crop production systems, when weeds are present at the time of application, apply the Axiom DF Herbicide treatment in tank mixture with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Apply Axiom DF Herbicide in a minimum of 200 L/ha of total volume.

Preemergence:

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Axiom DF Herbicide may be applied to the soil surface as a broadcast spray after planting of the crop, but prior to weed or crop emergence.

For conservation tillage systems: Apply this tank mixture in a minimum of 200 L/ha of total volume.

9.1.2 PRIOR TO PLANTING – TANK MIXES - CORN

WHERE TANK MIX PARTNER LABELS REFER ONLY TO OLDER (360 G/L) GLYPHOSATE PRODUCTS, E.G. ROUNDUP ORIGINAL OR ROUNDUP TRANSORB, ENSURE THAT THE LABEL RATE IS ADJUSTED TO COMPENSATE FOR THIS MORE CONCENTRATED PRODUCT.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds in corn. Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in tank mix with Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum at 1.25 to 1.75 L/ha as a preplant surface (up to 30 days before planting) or pre-emergence application before crop emergence.

NOTE: The use on corn is for EASTERN CANADA ONLY.

Perennial weeds such as quack grass may not be controlled with lower rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Use higher rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide if perennial weeds are present.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide plus Aatrex Liquid 480 Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds in corn. Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in tank mix with Dual Magnum Herbicide or Dual II Magnum Herbicide at 1.25 – 1.75 L/ha plus Aatrex Liquid 480 Herbicide at 2.1 - 3.1 L/ha as a preplant surface (up to 30 days before planting) or pre-emergence application before crop emergence.

NOTE: The use on corn is for EASTERN CANADA ONLY.

Perennial weeds such as quack grass may not be controlled with lower rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Use higher rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide if perennial weeds are present.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Primextra II Magnum Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds in corn apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Primextra II Magnum preplant surface or pre-emergence application before crop emergence. This tank mixture requires the use of a non-ionic surfactant, See mixing instructions for more information.

Perennial weeds such as quack grass may not be controlled with lower rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide. Use higher rates of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide if perennial weeds are present.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Frontier MAX Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Frontier MAX Herbicide as a preplant surface or pre-emergence application before crop emergence.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Prowl 60 WDG Herbicide

For burndown and residual control of selected annual weeds apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Prowl 60 WDG Herbicide after seeding but before crop emergence.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Converge 75 WDG Herbicide

Surface Preplant:

CONVERGE 75 WDG Herbicide can be applied to the soil surface up to 14 days prior to planting. CONVERGE 75 WDG Herbicide must be tankmixed with atrazine when applied as a surface preplant application. When weed growth is present at the time of application, Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be added to the Converge 75 WDG Herbicide + atrazine treatment for burndown control of these weeds. Do not incorporate.

Preemergence:

Converge 75 WDG Herbicide can also be applied after planting to just prior to crop emergence. Atrazine and/or Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be tank mixed with pre-emergent applications of Converge 75 WDG Herbicide .

Apply Converge 75 WDG Herbicide at 105-140 g per hectare, tankmixed with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 1.67 L per hectare for burndown control of emerged weeds in all tillage management systems and improved control of established dandelion in zero-tillage management systems. A three-way tankmix of Converge 75 WDG Herbicide + atrazine + Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be used to provide residual control of the weeds listed in the Converge 75 WDG Herbicide + atrazine section.

Sencor and Axiom are registered trademarks of Bayer.

Lexone is a registered trademark of Corteva.

Dual, Magnum and Primextra are registered trademarks of Syngenta group company.

Broadstrike are trademarks of Corteva Frontier is a registered trademark of BASF Corporation.

9.1.3 PRIOR TO PLANTING – TANK MIXES - CANOLA

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus bromoxynil for preseed/preplant control of annual, perennial weeds and volunteer canola:

Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in a tank mix with bromoxynil. This tank-mix will control volunteer canola (all types) in addition to control of emerged weeds listed on this label when applied as directed (refer to Annual Weed Control Section 7.0 and Perennial Weed control Sections 8.0 prior to the planting of canola (all types).

For control of volunteer canola apply bromoxynil at a rate of 350 g/ha (e.g., 1.25 L/ha for herbicides containing 280 g/L bromoxynil, 1.5 L/ha for herbicides containing 235 g/L bromoxynil etc.) tank mixed with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 0.83 -1.27 L/ha (annual weeds) or 1.67-3.33 L/ha (perennial weeds) prior to the planting of canola.

9.2 POSTHARVEST STUBBLE TREATMENT

This product may be applied in the fall as a postharvest stubble treatment for control of perennial weeds such as quackgrass and Canada thistle. Allow weeds to regrow to the desired stage (20 to 25 centimetres tall for quackgrass and Canada thistle) before application and ensure they have a high proportion of green colouration. Straw should be removed or evenly spread to allow for proper regrowth and spray coverage. Heavy frosts prior to application may decrease control.

9.3 SPOT TREATMENT (IN-CROP)

This product can be applied as an in-crop spot treatment in barley, corn, oats, soybeans, wheat, strawberry, blueberry, forage grasses and legumes including seed production. Applications should be made using the same rates and at the same growth stages as listed in the "Weed Control" tables (sections 7.1 and 8.1) or use a 0.67 percent solution for annual weeds and quackgrass and a 1.34 percent solution for other perennial weeds (a 0.67 percent solution equals 0.67 litres of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in 100 litres of spray solution). 0.67 and 1.34 percent solutions should be applied to wet, but not run-off. Applications can be made using a boom sprayer, hose and handgun, or hand sprayer in accordance with instructions in "Application Equipment" (section 5.2).

9.3.1 Grazing Restrictions: Applications can be made up to heading of small grains, initial pod set on soy and dry beans, silking of corn and emergence of seed heads. The crop in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift for the same reason. DO NOT APPLY IF CROP GROWTH HAS ADVANCED BEYOND SEED SET. ALLOW 3 TO 5 DAYS FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE TO TRANSLOCATE INTO ALL PLANT PARTS BEFORE GRAZING OR HARVESTING TREATED AREAS IN FORAGES.

9.4 SUMMERFALLOW TREATMENT

This product, or labeled tank mixtures, may be applied in summerfallow to control weeds listed on this label. Ensure weeds are at the desired growth stage and actively growing at application for best results. Reduced control may result if weeds are drought stressed. Weeds will continue to germinate from seed throughout the growing season. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds. Refer to Section 9.13 for aerial application use.

9.5 MINIMUM AND ZERO TILLAGE CROPPING SYSTEMS (ALL FIELD CROPS, INCLUDING CEREALS, OILSEEDS, PULSES, FORAGES, CORN AND POTATOES)

This product may be applied prior to seeding or after seeding, but before crop emergence for control of emerged weeds in minimum and zero tillage cropping systems for all field crops. Applications made too far in advance of seeding may allow weeds to emerge between application and crop emergence, as this product does not provide residual weed control.

Minimum and Zero Tillage Tank Mixtures

- 9.5.1 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus 2,4-D amine or ester can be applied prior to seeding or after seeding, but before crop emergence in wheat, winter wheat, barley and rye. Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).
- 9.5.2 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus bromoxynil (Pardner) can be applied prior to seeding or after seeding, but before crop emergence in wheat, barley and oats. Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).
- **9.5.3** Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Pursuit® can be applied prior to, or after seeding, but before crop emergence in soybeans. Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide will

control emerged weeds listed on this label when applied as directed (refer to "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" section 7.0 and 8.0). Pursuit will control weeds germinating from seed. Add the recommended rates of both products in 100 litres of water per hectare, following the instructions on the Pursuit herbicide label.

ONLY SOYBEANS, FIELD CORN, SPRING BARLEY, SPRING WHEAT AND WINTER WHEAT MAY BE PLANTED THE SEASON FOLLOWING A PURSUIT APPLICATION. WINTER WHEAT MAY BE PLANTED THE SAME YEAR AS A PURSUIT APPLICATION TO SOYBEANS, BUT NOT EARLIER THAN 120 DAYS AFTER THE APPLICATION.

DO NOT APPLY AFTER CROP EMERGENCE.

Pursuit is a registered trademark of BASF Canada Inc.

- 9.5.4 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus MCPA can be applied prior to seeding in wheat, barley, rye, oats, corn (field and sweet; MCPA amine only), flax and field peas (MCPA amine only). Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).
- 9.5.5 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Buctril M® can be applied prior to seeding in wheat, rye, corn, barley, oats, flax, canary seed and seedling grasses (including brome grass, crested wheatgrass, intermediate wheat grass, slender wheatgrass, tall wheatgrass, Russian wild rye, timothy, orchard grass, creeping red fescue, meadow fescue, meadow foxtail, seedling tall fescue, seedling meadow bromegrass, seedling streambank wheatgrass and reed canary grass. Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).
- 9.5.6 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus MCPA amine can be applied prior to seeding in lentil and chickpea. Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).
- 9.5.7 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus Express SG Herbicide

in pre-seed situations, wheat and barley may be seeded after a minimum of 24 hours after application. Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).

9.5.8 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus XtendiMax 2 Herbicide with VaporGrip Technology can be applied prior to seeding in wheat, barley, rye, oats and field corn only (do not apply prior to seeding sweet corn). Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide Tank Mixtures" table for information (section 7.2).

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Bayer CropScience Inc. under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Bayer CropScience Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread applications.

For use only in the Prairie Provinces and Interior of British Columbia (including the Peace River Region).

9.5.9 Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus HEAT WG can be applied prior to seeding brome grass (seed production & forage use). Refer to "Annual Weed Control with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide" table for weed control information (section 7.2) and to Section 9.3 of HEAT WG label.

Apply 0.83-1.67 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide plus 26-71 g/ha of HEAT WG. Add MERGE Adjuvant, MSO Concentrate or Amigo at a rate of 0.5-1 L/ha.

Do not apply tank mix combinations by air.

9.6 FORAGES LEGUMES AND GRASSES

This product may be applied for control of emerged weeds prior to emergence of forage legumes and grasses. If the forages are to be under-seeded with a cover crop, this product must be applied prior to planting the cover crop.

9.7 PASTURE RENOVATION

Use this product to control or suppress existing vegetation for zero-tillage seeding of legumes into established sod for pasture renovation. Delay spraying until weed growth is at least 20 centimetres in height and a maximum number of seedlings or shoots have emerged. Application can be made immediately before, during or after seeding, but before crop emergence.

9.8 FORAGE SEED PRODUCTION

For spot treatment control of perennial weed problems such as quackgrass and Canada thistle in seed fields, apply as directed to vegetation that is at least 20 to 25 centimetres in height but before emergence of seed head. The crop in the treated areas will be killed. Take care to avoid drift outside target areas for the same reason.

9.9 PREHARVEST TREATMENT

CONTROL OF QUACKGRASS, CANADA THISTLE, MILKWEED, TOADFLAX AND DANDELION; SEASON-LONG CONTROL OF PERENNIAL SOW THISTLE, AND HARVEST MANAGEMENT

For control of quackgrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, toadflax and dandelion; and season-long control of perennial sow thistle, Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be applied prior to harvest of wheat, barley (including malting barley), oats, canola (rapeseed) (including Roundup Ready® varieties), flax (including low linolenic acid varieties), lentils, peas, dry beans, soybeans (including Roundup Ready® varieties) and forages. DO NOT apply to crops if grown for seed production.

This treatment may also provide harvest management benefits, by drying down crop and weed vegetative growth, for example, where late flushes of annual weeds, green vegetative crop growth, or late tillering may interfere with harvest operations. EXTREMELY COOL, WET AND/OR CLOUDY WEATHER CONDITIONS BETWEEN THE TIME OF APPLICATION AND THE ANTICIPATED HARVEST DATE MAY SLOW DOWN ACTIVITY OF THIS PRODUCT, THEREBY DELAYING CROP DRYDOWN AND HARVEST DATE. Preharvest treatment to Roundup Ready® varieties of canola and soybean provides weed control only.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide should be applied preharvest at 1.67 litres per hectare in 50 to 100 litres per hectare of clean water, by ground application only. Apply only when the crop has 30 percent or less grain moisture content. This stage typically occurs 7 to 14 days before harvest. For forage crops, apply this product at 1.67 to 3.33 litres per hectare 3 to 7 days prior to the last cut before rotation or forage renovation. Consult the table "Guidelines for Timing of Preharvest Applications" (section 9.9.1) for visual indicators of this stage in each crop. For the best weed control results, quackgrass should be actively growing and have at least 4 to 5 green leaves. Canada thistle and perennial sow thistle should be actively growing and at or beyond the bud stage for best results. Common milkweed should be at the bud to bloom stage and actively growing for best results. Applications for weed control (not for harvest management) must be made at the correct stage of both weed and crop growth.

Apply only during the period 7 to 14 days (or 3 to 7 days for forage applications) before harvest to ensure best weed control and to maximize harvest management benefits. Earlier application may reduce crop yield and/or quality, and may lead to excess glyphosate residues in the crop.

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

9.9.1 GUIDELINES FOR TIMING OF PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS

CROP(S)	PERCENT GRAIN	VISUAL SYMPTOMS
	MOISTURE	
WHEAT/BARLEY/OATS	Less than 30	Hard dough stage; a thumbnail
		impression remains on seed.
CANOLA	Less than 30	Pods are green to yellow; most
(including Roundup		seeds are yellow to brown.
Ready® varieties)		
FLAX	Less than 30	Majority (75% - 80%) of bolls are
(INCLUDING LOW		brown.
LINOLENIC ACID		
VARIETIES)		
PEAS	Less than 30	Majority (75% - 80%) of pods are
		brown.
LENTILS	Less than 30	Lowermost pods (bottom 15%) are
		brown and seeds rattle.
DRY BEANS	Less than 30	Stems are green to brown in
		colour; pods are mature (yellow to
		brown in colour); 80% - 90% leaf
		drop (original leaves).
SOYBEANS	Less than 30	Stems are green to brown in
(including Roundup		colour; pod tissue is dry and brown
Ready® varieties)		in appearance; 80% - 90% leaf
		drop.

CROP(S)	PERCENT GRAIN MOISTURE	VISUAL SYMPTOMS
FORAGES	Not applicable	Normal stage for forage harvesting.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Bayer CropScience Inc under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Bayer CropScience Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread applications.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Preharvest Treatment of Chickpea, Dried Lupin, Dried Fava Bean, Mustard, Pearl Millet, Grain Sorghum, Canary Seed and Camelina.

For control of quackgrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, toadflax and dandelion; and season-long control of perennial sow thistle and harvest management, Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be applied prior to harvest of chickpea, dried lupin, dried fava bean, mustard, pearl millet, grain sorghum, canary seed and camelina.. DO NOT apply to crops if grown for seed production.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide should be applied as a single preharvest application at 1.67 litres per hectare in 50 to 100 litres per hectare (100L/ha for dense vegetative cover) of clean water, by ground application only. Apply only when the crop has 30 percent or less grain moisture content. This stage typically occurs 7 to 14 days before harvest. For further information see guidelines above. The Pre-harvest interval is 7 days.

GUIDELINES FOR TIMING OF PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS

CROP(S)	PERCENT GRAIN MOISTURE	VISUAL SYMPTOMS
Chickpea		Stems are green to brown in colour; pods are mature (yellow
Dried Lupin	Less than 30	to brown in colour); 80%-90% leaf drop (original leaves)
Dried Fava Bean		
Mustard (Yellow/White, Brown, Oriental)	Less than 30	Pods are green to yellow; most seeds are yellow to brown.

Pearl Millet	Less than 30	Kernels will be hard & a black
		layer opposite the embryo at the
		base of the kernel will be present
Grain Sorghum	Less than 30	Kernels will have a black-layer
(not for use as a		immediately above the point of
forage crop)		kernel attachment in the floret
		near the base of the kernel.
Camelina	Less than 30	When 95% of pods have changed
		colour, seed is firm and less than
		40% of seed is green
Canary Seed	Less than 30	Hard dough stage; a thumbnail
		impression remains on seed.

NOTE:

Pearl millet grain is to be harvested for use as animal feed only. DO NOT GRAZE treated pearl millet forage or cut for hay.

ALWAYS REFER TO THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON WEEDS CONTROLLED, APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, AND USE PRECAUTIONS

ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY HERBICIDE TANK MIX WITH: HEAT LQ (SAFLUFENACIL) AS A HARVEST AID FOR CHICKPEAS.

For use only in the Prairie Provinces and Interior of British Columbia (including the Peace River Region).

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide should be applied as a single preharvest application at 1.67 litres per hectare plus 73-146 mL/ha of HEAT LQ. Add MERGE Adjuvant or Amigo at a rate of 0.5 L/ha in 200 litres per hectare of clean water, by ground application only.

Apply only when the crop has 30 percent or less grain moisture content. This stage typically occurs 7 to 14 days before harvest. For further information see guidelines above. The Pre-harvest interval is 7 days. **DO NOT apply to crops if grown for seed production.**

For Desi type, apply at the time swathing would normally commence, when the majority of plants are yellow and most pods are mature and seeds have turned from green to yellow or brown. Upper part of plant may still be green.

For Kabuli type, apply when the majority of plants and pods are ripe and dry with seeds turned from green to white or tan, and detached from the pods. Dry down is less complete in Kabuli type due to its thick pod wall.

ALWAYS REFER TO THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON WEEDS CONTROLLED, APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, AND USE PRECAUTIONS

9.9.2 PREHARVEST AERIAL APPLICATION

Refer to the general guidelines for aerial application in Sections 5.2 and 5.3 as well as specific instructions in this section.

RESTRICTED USE

AERIAL PREHARVEST APPLICATION PRAIRIE PROVINCES ONLY (including PEACE RIVER REGION OF B.C.)

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

NATURE OF RESTRICTION: This product is to be used only in the manner authorized. For use only by aerial applicators and aerial application services approved by the provincial regulatory agency to apply this product with aerial application equipment. To qualify for consideration of provincial approval, the following requirements must be demonstrated to the provincial regulatory agency:

- 1. Aircraft used in the application of this product must have been configured and calibrated to acceptable standards at a recognized calibration (patternation) clinic within 20 months of the date of application. The spray system must not have been subjected to major changes (new nozzles, booms or configurations) since the calibration, and must meet critical drift management standards e.g. maximum boom width 65% of wing span; nozzle type, size and orientation to minimize drift and deliver droplet size VMD in the coarse (400 600 microns) or very coarse (600 1000 microns) range.
- 2. Aircraft used in the application of this product must carry a minimum of \$25,000 drift insurance in addition to any provincial requirements for general comprehensive insurance coverage.
- 3. Applicators using this product must have successfully completed a ROUNDUP herbicide aerial application training course provided by Bayer CropScience Inc.
- 4. Aerial application services applying this product must employ on staff at least one pilot applicator with at least 250 hours of actual aerial application time and a minimum of 100 hours within the last 24 month period. All pilots who do not meet the minimum experience standard must work under the *direct daily supervision* of a qualified pilot.

Refer to general directions and precautions concerning aerial application, sections 5.2, and 5.3, Spray Buffer Zones.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied with aerial application equipment for control of quackgrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, toadflax and dandelion, and season-long control of perennial sow thistle. Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide can be applied prior to harvest of wheat, barley (including malting barley), oats, canola (rapeseed), flax (including low linolenic acid varieties), lentils, peas, dry beans and soybeans. Do not use on forages. **DO NOT apply to any crops if grown for seed production.**

This treatment may also provide harvest management benefits, by drying down crop and weed vegetative growth, for example, where late flushes of annual weeds, green vegetative crop growth, or late tillering may interfere with harvest operations.

EXTREMELY COOL, WET AND/OR CLOUDY WEATHER CONDITIONS BETWEEN THE TIME OF APPLICATION AND THE ANTICIPATED HARVEST DATE MAY SLOW DOWN ACTIVITY OF THIS PRODUCT, THEREBY DELAYING CROP DRYDOWN AND HARVEST DATE.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide should be applied at 1.67 L/ha in 20 – 50 L/ha of clean water with aerial application equipment. Apply only when the crop has 30% of less grain moisture content. This stage typically occurs 7 to 14 days before harvest. Consult the table "Guidelines for Timing of Preharvest Applications" (Section 9.9.1) for visual indicators of this stage in each crop. For the best weed control results quackgrass should be actively growing and have at least 4 to 5 green leaves. Canada thistle and perennial sow thistle should be actively growing and at or beyond the bud stage for best results. Common milkweed should be at the bud to bloom stage and actively growing for best results. Applications for weed control (not for harvest management) must be made at the correct stage of both weed and crop growth.

Apply only during the period 7 - 14 days before harvest to ensure best weed control and to maximize harvest management benefits. Earlier application may reduce crop yield and/or quality, and may lead to excess glyphosate residues in the crop.

9.10 TREE PLANTINGS

SHELTERBELTS AND NURSERY STOCK (WOODY ORNAMENTALS)

This product may be used to control listed annual or perennial weeds prior to planting, or as a post directed spray in established nurseries or shelterbelts of the following species:

DECIDUOUS

CONIFEROUS

Ash Fir

Fraxinus spp. Abies spp.

Caragana Juniper

Caragana spp. Juniperus spp.

Cherry Pine

Prunus spp. Pinus spp.

Elm Spruce

Ulmus spp. Picea spp.

Lilac Yew

Syringa spp. Taxus spp.

Maple

Acer spp.

Mountain Ash

Sorbus spp.

Poplar

Populus spp.

Russian Olive

Elaeagnus spp.

Willow

Salix spp.

NOTE: This product is not recommended for use as an over-the-top broadcast spray in forest tree nurseries or in Christmas tree plantations. Application in such sites should be limited to directed sprays. DO NOT treat Christmas tree plantations in the year of anticipated harvest.

9.11 TREE, VINE, BERRY AND OTHER CROPS

This product is recommended for annual and perennial weed control in established vineyards or orchards, in blueberry, cranberry and strawberry, or for site preparation prior to transplanting tree and vine crops. Applications may be made with boom equipment, shielded sprayers, hand held and high volume orchard guns, or with wiper applicator equipment (orchards, vineyards, cranberry and strawberry only). See "Mixing and Application Equipment Information" (section 5.2) and the following table for specific information on the use of equipment.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds originating from underground parts of untreated weeds or from seeds. This product does not provide residual or preemergent weed control. For subsequent weed control, follow a program using residual herbicides or use repeated applications of this product. Do not apply more than 23 litres of this product per hectare per year.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY, DRIFT, OR MIST WITH FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF TRUNK, BRANCHES, SUCKERS, FRUIT, CANES OF BLUEBERRY BUSHES, OR OTHER PARTS OF TREES OR VINES. CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN MATURED BROWN BARK CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

WEED CONTROL IN TREE, VINE, BERRY AND OTHER CROPS

CROP	RATE	PRE-	MAX.	WEEDS	COMMENTS
	(L/ha)	HARVEST	APPL.	CONTROLLED	(Refer to sections 7.1
		INTERVAL	PER		and 8.1 for specific
		(days)	YEAR		rates for weed control)
Apples,	1.5 - 8	30	3	Annual and	
Apricot,				perennial weeds	
Cherry					
(sweet/sour),					
Peaches,					
Nectarines,					
Pears, Plums					
Apples,	Tank Mix	-	1	Annual and	• Will provide season-
Grapes	1.5 - 8			perennial weeds	long preemergent
	+				control.
	simazine				• Do not apply to
	2.0 - 4.5 kg				coarse, sandy or
	ai/ha				gravelly soil.

HARVEST INTERVAL (days)	CROP	RATE	PRE-	MAX.	WEEDS	COMMENTS
Carpes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. 1.87 - 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass Cancerd application 2.87 - 8.20 Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application 4.87 - 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass 4.87 - 3.73 4.87		(L/ha)	HARVEST	APPL.	CONTROLLED	(Refer to sections 7.1
Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 – 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 – 9.0 kg/ha Simadex®			INTERVAL	PER		and 8.1 for specific
Grapes			(days)	YEAR		rates for weed control)
direction for each product in the mix. DO NOT apply to orchards or vineyards that have been established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 − 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 − 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Filberts, Hazelnut direction for each product in the mix. Do NOT apply to orchards or vineyards that have been established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 − 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 − 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Permove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, 1.5 − 2.33 14 − Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more spot treatments.						
Product in the mix.						
## DO NOT apply to orchards or vineyards that have been established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. ■ Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 − 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 − 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® ■ Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. ■ Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. ■ Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry 1.87 − 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Lowbush 0.67 − 1.34% solution (spot application) solution (spot application) year only woody brush (section 6.3) section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, 1.5 − 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more woody brush (section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.						direction for each
orchards or vineyards that have been established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 – 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 – 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Filberts, 1.5 – 2.33 14 – Annual Weeds a Smazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 – 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 – 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, 1.5 – 2.33 14 – Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more						product in the mix.
that have been established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 – 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 – 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Filberts, 1.5 - 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 – 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 – 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Annual and perennial weeds. Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Woody brush (section 6.3) 4 Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, 1.5 - 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more						• DO NOT apply to
established less than 1 or 3 years, respectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 − 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 − 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry 0.67 − 1.34% solution (spot application) 0.67 − 1.34% solution (spot application) 1 Woody brush (section 6.3) 1 Woody brush (section 6.3) 1 Woody brush (section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. 1 Annual Weeds 1.5 − 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds 1 We as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.						orchards or vineyards
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueber						that have been
Tespectively. Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 - 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 - 9.0 kg/ha Simadex®						established less than 1
Simazine rate is equivalent to 2.25 - 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Ninc-T®, or 4.0 - 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® Grapes						or 3 years,
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. • Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. • Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. • Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Filberts, Filberts, Filberts, 1.5 - 2.33 14 Annual Weeds Annual Weeds equivalent to 2.25 - 5.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 - 9.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 - 9.0 kg/ha Princep® Nine-T®, or 4.0 - 9.0 kg/ha Simadex® • Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. • Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. • Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. • Use as a directed spray, with no more of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut						respectively.
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Solution (spot application) Solution (spo						• Simazine rate is
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Solution (spot application) Apply in non-bearing year only Page 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Solution (spot application) 1 Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, 1.5 – 2.33 14 Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more						equivalent to 2.25 –
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. • Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. • Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. • Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Ouackgrass Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) Section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut Hazelnut Hazelnut Hazelnut Hazelnut Use as a directed spray, with no more						5.0 kg/ha Princep®
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. • Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. • Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. • Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Donot apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) • Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut 1.5 - 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						Nine-T \mathbb{R} , or $4.0 - 9.0$
Grapes 1.5 - 8 14 3 Annual and perennial weeds. Annual and perennial weeds. • Remove all sucker growth from the spray zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. • Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. • Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Donot apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) • Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut 1.5 - 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						kg/ha Simadex®
Perennial weeds. Perennial weeds. Perennial weeds Perennia	Grapes	1.5 - 8	14	3	Annual and	
Zone before spraying, except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray with no more	1				perennial weeds.	growth from the spray
except for the Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush blueberry Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more						1 - 1
Concord variety of grape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Does not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more						1 0
Brape. Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application.						-
## Suckering should be conducted within 2 weeks prior to application. Do not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. ### Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry						
Conducted within 2 weeks prior to application.						
Weeks prior to application.						
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush application) Solution (spot apply in application) Filberts, Hazelnut Annual Weeds Po not apply to vines which have been established less than 3 years. Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. • Apply in non-bearing year only See section 6.3) Apply in non-bearing year of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray with no more						
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush application) Filberts, Hazelnut Highbush (1.87 – 3.73) 30 1 Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Woody brush (section 6.3) • Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.						_
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Lowbush application) Filberts, Hazelnut Highbush (cultivated) blueberry 1.87 – 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass Quackgrass Ouse as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. Woody brush (section 6.3) Apply in non-bearing year only Vines which have been established less than 3 years. Ouse as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Annual Weeds Vines which have been established less than 3 years. Ouse as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. Ouse as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. Ouse as a directed spray with no more						
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Solution (spot application) Filberts, Hazelnut Highbush (cultivated) blueberry 1.87 – 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. • Apply in non-bearing year only Section 6.3) • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.						* * *
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Solution (spot application) Filberts, Hazelnut Highbush (cultivated) blueberry 1.87 – 3.73 30 1 Quackgrass • Use as a directed spray, with no more than 275 kPa pressure. • Apply in non-bearing year only Section 6.3) • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. • Use as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.						
Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Double application Highbush (cultivated) blueberry Lowbush blueberry Double application Double application 1						
(cultivated) blueberry0.67 - 1.34% solution (spot application)Apply in non-bearing year only1 (section 6.3)Woody brush (section 6.3)• Apply as a directed spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non- bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.Filberts, Hazelnut1.5 - 2.3314- Annual Weeds• Use as a directed spray, with no more	Highbush	1.87 - 3.73	30	1	Quackgrass	-
blueberry Lowbush blueberry Solution (spot application) Filberts, Hazelnut Solution (spot application) Solution (spot	_					spray, with no more
Lowbush blueberry O.67 – 1.34% Solution (spot application) Filberts, Hazelnut O.67 – 1.34% Solution (spot application) Apply in non-bearing year only Woody brush (section 6.3) Filographical or solution (spot application) Apply in non-bearing year of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Annual Weeds Use as a directed spray, with no more	blueberry					1
blueberry solution (spot application) solution (spot application) non-bearing year only (section 6.3) spray in mid-summer of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut 1.5 – 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more		0.67 - 1.34%	Apply in	1	Woody brush	•
application) year only year only of the vegetative (non-bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						
bearing) year. • See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more		` -	_			± •
• See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more		,				`
instructions on spot treatments. Filberts, Hazelnut Instructions on spot treatments. Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						<u> </u>
Filberts, 1.5 – 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						
Filberts, 1.5 – 2.33 14 - Annual Weeds • Use as a directed spray, with no more						-
Hazelnut spray, with no more	Filberts,	1.5 - 2.33	14	-	Annual Weeds	
	· ·					
						than 275 kPa pressure.

CROP	RATE (L/ha)	PRE- HARVEST INTERVAL (days)	MAX. APPL. PER YEAR	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS (Refer to sections 7.1 and 8.1 for specific rates for weed control)
(established plantations)					
Walnut, Chestnut, Japanese Heartnut	1.5 - 8	-	2	Annual and perennial weeds	 Apply late spring and fall, postharvest but prior to a damaging frost. Apply in 200 – 300 L water as a directed spray, using no more than 275 kPa pressure. Apply alternatively as a 1.34% wiper solution (see "Wiper Applications" section 9.12).
Cranberry	13.4% solution (0.62 L Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide + 4L water)	30	1	Annual and perennial weeds	• Apply using wick or wiper applicators (section 9.12).
Strawberry	0.67 – 1.34% solution (spot application) 22% solution (wiper application)	30	1	Emerged perennial weeds	 Apply when weeds are at a susceptible growth stage (see sections 8.1 and 8.2). See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments. See section 9.12 for instructions on wiper applications.
Sugar Beets	0.67 – 1.34% solution (spot application)	Treated crop MUST NOT be harvested	1	Dodder species	 Apply when dodder is vigorously growing but before flowering. See section 9.3 for instructions on spot treatments.

CROP	RATE (L/ha)	PRE- HARVEST INTERVAL (days)	MAX. APPL. PER YEAR	WEEDS CONTROLLED	COMMENTS (Refer to sections 7.1 and 8.1 for specific rates for weed control)
Asparagus	0.83 – 1.67	7	1	Fall seeded ryegrass	• Apply in spring before emergence of crop shoots.

Princep and Nine-T are registered trademarks of Syngenta group company. Simadex is a registered trademark of Bayer.

SHORT ROTATION INTENSIVE CULTURE (SRIC) POPLAR (Populus spp)

DO NOT APPLY BY AIR.

This product may be used to control listed annual or perennial weeds prior to planting, or as a post directed spray in established crops of short rotation intensive culture (SRIC) Popular species (*Populus spp.*)

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY, DRIFT, OR MIST WITH FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF TRUNK, BRANCHES, OR OTHER PARTS OF TREES. CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN MATURED BROWN BARK CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied prior to planting or as a post directed spray in established short rotation intensive culture crops. Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide up to 8 L/ha in 50 – 100 liters or 150 – 300 L/h for quackgrass control by ground application only. Applications can be made 1-3 times per year during establishment however, not to exceed the limit of 8 L/ha per year. Shielded sprayers must be utilized when applying post directed spray solutions. Allow a 6-8 week interval between spray applications. Apply to actively growing weeds.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR THE INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Bayer CropScience Inc. under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Bayer CropScience Inc. has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area

first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread applications.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: For use in Eastern Canada only

Late Fall Broadcast Treatment of Newly Established Lowbush Blueberry Fields

For suppression of Lambkill (Sheep Laurel, *Kalmia angustifolia*) in newly cleared lowbush blueberry, apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide in the fall after 95 percent blueberry leaf drop, typically late October or November. Do not apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide before one or two heavy, damaging fall frosts have occurred. Lambkill plants should have at least 50 percent green leaf colour at the time of application.

Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide at 1.67 litres per hectare in 200-300 litres per hectare of clean water using a boom applicator. Do not add adjuvant to the spray mixture. Treat only areas of the field which have lambkill present. Apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide before pruning lowbush blueberry plants and do not prune for at least 14 days after application. All fields treated with Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide must be pruned post treatment in the fall or the following spring before May 15th. Pre-harvest interval is 550 days.

Use of fertilizers or fungicides for suppression of leaf diseases have been shown to delay leaf drop and blueberry plant dormancy. Do not apply Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide if 95 percent leaf drop has not occurred. Applications should not be made in consecutive years within the same treatment area. See "Mixing and Application Equipment Information" for additional information.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY DRIFT, OR MIST WITH NON-DORMANT FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF LOWBUSH BLUEBERRY STEMS. CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN DORMANT PLANTS CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

CROP	RATE	PRE-	MAX.	WEEDS	COMMENTS
	(L/ha)	HARVEST	APPL.	SUPPRESSED	
		INTERVAL	PER		
		(days)	YEAR		
Lowbush	1.67	550	1	Lambkill/	Apply in the late fall after 95%
blueberry				Sheep Laurel	leaf drop (Late
					October/November). Do not
					apply within 550 days of
					harvest. Treated areas must be
					pruned after treatment.

NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR INDICATED SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS: (NORTH AMERICAN GINSENG).

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than Bayer CropScience Inc. under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses, Bayer CropScience has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread applications.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

ALWAYS REFER TO THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON WEEDS CONTROLLED, APPLICATION DIRECTIONS, AND USE PRECAUTIONS.

NORTH AMERICAN GINSENG

New Gardens (British Columbia only): Apply this product in the fall after seeding but before freeze-up in new gardens only to control volunteer cereals. Apply when weeds are at the growth stages listed on the product label. Use a single application of 1.67 litres per hectare in 50 to 100 litres water per hectare. DO NOT USE A FALL APPLICATION IN ESTABLISHED/EXISTING GARDENS.

Existing/Established Gardens: Apply this product in the spring before the crop has emerged above the soil. Apply when weeds are at the growth stages described in the product label. A maximum of two 1.67 litres per hectare applications in 50 to 100 litres water per hectare may be made in a season. DO NOT USE A FALL APPLICATION IN ESTABLISHED/EXISTING GARDENS.

9.12 SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

WIPER APPLICATORS

This product may be applied with a wiper applicator, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds in soy and dry beans, grapes, orchards, cranberries, lowbush blueberries and strawberries. Applications must be made before initial pod set in soy and dry beans. (It may also be used in any industrial, tree planting and non-crop site specified on this label. See sections 9.10 and 10.1). A wiper applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution. Wiper applicators include either roller or wick devices which physically wipe appropriate concentrations or amounts of this product directly onto the

weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to insure adequate wiper saturation. Best results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that wiper contact point is at least 5 centimetres above the desirable vegetation. Droplets or foam of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 15 centimetres above the desirable vegetation. Best results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. See the "Weed Control" tables (sections 7.1 and 8.1) for recommended stage of growth for specific weeds.

NOTES

- Maintain equipment in good operating condition. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation.
- Adjust height of applicator to insure proper contact with weeds.
- Keep wiping surfaces clean.
- Maintain recommended roller RPM on roller applicators while in use.
- Keep wiper material at proper degree of saturation with herbicide solution.
- DO NOT use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.
- DO NOT operate equipment at ground speeds below 4 and greater than 10 kilometres per hour. Weed control may be affected by speed of application equipment. As weed density increases, reduce equipment ground speed to insure good coverage of weeds.
- Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying on the upper end of the wiper applicator.
- Variation in equipment design may affect weed control. With wiper applicators, the wiping material and its orientation must allow delivery of

sufficient quantities of the recommended herbicide solution directly to the weed.

- Care must be taken with all types of wipers to insure that the absorbent material does not become over-saturated, causing the herbicide to drip onto desirable vegetation.
- With all equipment, drain and clean wiper parts immediately after using this product, by thoroughly flushing with water.

For Roller Applicators – Mix 0.33 to 0.67 litres of this product in 10 litres water to prepare a 3 to 7 percent solution. Roller speed should be maintained at 50 to 150 RPM.

For Wick or other Wiper Applicators – Mix 0.57 litres of this product in 2 litres of water to prepare a 22 percent solution.

9.13 AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE PRIOR TO SEEDING OR AFTER SEEDING PRIOR TO CROP EMERGENCE IN ALL CROPS AND IN SUMMERFALLOW – WET FIELD CONDITIONS ONLY

Refer to the general guidelines for aerial application in Sections 5.2 and 5.3 as well as specific instructions in this section.

RESTRICTED USE AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WEED CONTROL PRIOR TO SEEDING ALL CROPS AND IN SUMMERFALLOW

PRAIRIE PROVINCES ONLY (including PEACE RIVER REGION OF B.C.)

NATURE OF RESTRICTION: This product is to be used only in the manner authorized. For use only by aerial applicators and aerial application services approved by the provincial regulatory agency to apply this product with aerial application equipment. To qualify for consideration of provincial approval, the following requirements must be demonstrated to the provincial regulatory agency:

1. Aircraft used in the application of this product must have been configured and calibrated to acceptable standards at a recognized calibration (patternation) clinic within 20 months of the date of application. The spray system must not have been subjected to major changes (new nozzles, booms or configurations) since the calibration, and must meet critical drift management standards e.g. maximum boom width 65% of wing span; nozzle type, size and orientation to minimize drift and deliver droplet size VMD in the coarse (400 - 600 microns) or very coarse (600 - 1000 microns) range.

- 2. Aircraft used in the application of this product must carry a minimum of \$25,000 drift insurance in addition to any provincial requirements for general comprehensive insurance coverage.
- 3. Applicators using this product must have successfully completed a ROUNDUP herbicide aerial application training course provided by Bayer CropScience Inc.
- 4. Aerial application services applying this product must employ on staff at least one pilot applicator with at least 250 hours of actual aerial application time and a minimum of 100 hours within the last 24 month period. All pilots who do not meet the minimum experience standard must work under the *direct daily supervision* of a qualified pilot.

This product may be applied with aerial equipment <u>only</u> if ground equipment cannot be used due to flooded field conditions.

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied with aerial application equipment for control of certain annual grass and broadleaf weeds and the suppression or season long control of certain perennial weeds.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label. Ensure that the maximum boom width does not exceed 65% of the wing span. Nozzle type, size and orientation must be configured to deliver a droplet size VMD in the coarse (400-600 microns) or very coarse (600-1000) range.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate(s) recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices, or equivalent electronic positioning systems (GPS). The use of spotter planes is recommended.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING

GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38412 may prevent corrosion.

Use Precautions

Use only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even target coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the *National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual*, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides.

Do not apply to any body of water. Avoid drifting of spray onto any body of water or other non-target areas. Specified buffer zones should be observed.

Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Operator Precautions

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

Product Specific Precautions

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the Product Support Line at 1-888-283-6847 or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative.

Application of this product must meet and/or conform to the following:

Volume: Apply the recommended rate in a minimum spray volume 30-100 litres per hectare.

Spray Buffer Zones: Refer to Section 5.3 for required spray buffer zones.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

THIS USE IS LIMITED TO SITUATIONS WHERE FIELD CONDITIONS ARE EXTREMELY WET SUCH THAT GROUND SPRAYERS (TRACTOR & FIELD SPRAYER, HIGH CLEARANCE SPRAYERS OR ANY KIND OF GROUND SPRAYER) CANNOT TRAVEL ACROSS THE FIELD TO MAKE EFFECTIVE WEED CONTROL APPLICATIONS.

DO NOT TANK MIX ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE WITH ANY OTHER PRODUCT WHEN APPLIED BY AERIAL APPLICATION.

Apply at appropriate weed stages. Consult tables in Section 7.1 and 8.1 for weeds, stages and rates.

For the best weed control results weeds should be actively growing.

Wet conditions can stress weeds and slow plant growth, therefore it is recommended to use the highest labelled rate for target weeds.

Prior to Seeding All Crops

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied with aerial application equipment for control of annual weeds (refer to Section 7.1) prior to seeding all crops. Apply 0.5-1.67 L/ha of Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide.

Summerfallow

Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide may be applied at 1.67-4.0 L/ha with aerial application equipment for control of annual weeds (refer to Section 7.1) and perennial weeds (refer to Section 8.1) in summerfallow situations.

10.0 NON-CROPLAND USES

INDUSTRIAL, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, RECREATIONAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS.

ALWAYS READ PRECAUTIONS, GENERAL INFORMATION AND MIXING AND APPLICATION SECTIONS (3.0, 4.0 AND 5.0) PRIOR TO SPECIFIC APPLICATION INFORMATION IN ANY LABEL SECTION.

This product can be used to control annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees listed on this label in non-crop areas such as railroad, pipeline, highway, power and telephone rights-of-way, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations; roadsides; storage areas; lumberyards; fence rows; industrial plant sites; parking areas; school yards, parks, golf courses, other public areas; airports and similar industrial or non-crop areas.

NOTE: For all industrial, rights-of-way, recreational and public areas, repeat treatments may be necessary to control regeneration or new growth.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product will control weeds in non-cropland areas as listed in the following table.

10.1 WEED CONTROL IN NON-CROPLAND AREAS WITH ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX WITH TRANSORB 2 TECHNOLOGY LIQUID HERBICIDE

	GRO	GROUND APPLICATION				
	BOOM APPI					
WEEDS	RATE*	WATER	HAND HELD	COMMENTS		
	(L/ha)	VOL.*	HIGH VOLUME			
		(L/ha)	APPLICATION % SOLUTION			
Annual grasses	1.5–2.33	50-100	0.67	• Actively growing weeds.		
and broadleaves	1.5 2.55	30 100	0.07	Actively growing weeds.		
Perennial Weeds				Actively growing weeds.		
Quackgrass	1.67	50-300	0.67	• Add 0.5% v/v of a		
	3.17-4.67	50-300	1.34	recommended surfactant		
				when using water volumes		
Canada Thistle	3.17-4.67	100-300	1.34	greater than 150 L (see		
(bud stage)				section 8.2.2).		
Purple	4	300-600	0.67-1.34 (or 22%	Higher rate for long term control and for heavy		
Loosestrife	·	300 000	for wiper	infestations.		
			application)	• See section 10.2.3 for		
			,	instructions on purple		
Other Perennials	4.67-8	100-300	1.34	loosestrife applications.		
				• Summer through fall is		
				optimum.		
Brush and Trees						
Birch, Cherry,	2-4	100-300	0.67-1.34	a Comment than a land		
Poplar, Western Snowberry,	2-4	100-300	0.07-1.34	• Summer through early fall (see section 10.2).		
Willow				fair (see section 10.2).		
Maple,	4	100-300	1.34	• Late summer through		
Raspberry/				fall.		
Salmonberry, Alder				• Fall is optimum.		
Turf Renovation						
Annual and	1.67-8	100-300	0.67-1.34	• Use higher end of the		
perennial weeds				rate range for perennials.		
Roadside						
Vegetation						
(1-2m wide along	1) 0.5 – 0.67	25-150	-	• Refer to "Annual Weed		
shoulders)	+ 1.25 –			Control" table (section		
				7.1) for appropriate		

	BOOM APPI	LICATION		
WEEDS	RATE*	WATER	HAND HELD	COMMENTS
	(L/ha)	VOL.*	HIGH VOLUME	
		(L/ha)	APPLICATION	
			% SOLUTION	
Annual weeds	2.5 L			product rate for specific
(refer to tank mix	Vanquish			weeds.
sections on	Herbicide or			• For 2,4-D amine
product labels for	2) 0.5 – 0.67			formulations with a
specific weeds	+ 0.30 L			different guarantee, adjust
controlled)	Vanquish			the rate accordingly.
	Herbicide +			 No application to
	1.2 L 2,4-D			standing water.
	amine 500			
Residual				
Control				• Do not apply to coarse,
Annual and	1.67 - 8	200-400	-	sandy or gravelly soil.
perennial weeds	+			One application per year.
(the simazine	4.0 -9.0 L			• Use according to the
component of this	Simadex			most restrictive label
tank mixture will	Flowable			directions for each product
provide season				in the mixture.
long control of				• For other simazine
most germinating				formulations registered for
broadleaf weeds				industrial/ non-cropland
and grasses. It				areas, use equivalent rates;
may also provide				i.e., 2.0 – 4.5 kg
postemergent				simazine/ha.
activity on certain				
annual weeds).				

^{*} For more information on rates, water volumes and application, refer to "Annual and Perennial Weed Control" (sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively).

Vanquish Herbicide is a registered trademark of Syngenta group company. Simadex is a registered trademark of Bayer.

10.2 APPLICATION INFORMATION FOR NON-CROPLAND USES

FOLIAR APPLICATIONS

Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of run-off. Do not allow spray drift to contact desirable vegetation as severe injury or destruction may occur. For woody brush and trees, early season applications may take 30 to 45 days for symptoms to develop on target species. Late season application may be made to species that have some autumn colors provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Control will be observed the following spring.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE OF DESIRABLE TURF GRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS, OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control, follow a label approved herbicide program.

10.2.1 GROUND APPLICATIONS:

For all non-cropland uses

For woody brush and trees, apply 2 to 4 litres of this product per hectare. Use ground boom or boomless, or mist blower equipment, or apply as a 0.67 to 1.34 percent solution using hand held, high volume equipment. Apply as directed in the recommended volume of clean water to foliage of actively growing vegetation. Use the 4 litres per hectare rate for Maple, Alder and Willow* species, as well as for hard to control perennial weed species. (*suppression only).

Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of run-off. Do not allow spray drift to contact desirable vegetation as severe injury or destruction may occur. If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until regrowth has reached the recommended stages.

10.2.2 PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE CONTROL

- DO NOT TREAT PLANTS OVER OPEN WATER. Roundup WeatherMAX with Transorb 2 Technology Liquid Herbicide is not registered for direct application to bodies of water.
- Treat when plants are actively growing at or beyond the bloom stage. If using hand held equipment, spray-to-wet.
- For wiper applications see section 9.12.
- Where feasible, remove flower heads before treatment to ensure prevention of seed set.
- For large (>1.6 ha) monocultures of loosestrife, work from the periphery inward in successive years to allow competing vegetation to invade the treated area.
- A long-term control strategy should include measures to control both established plants and seedlings. Sprayed areas should be monitored to determine the appropriate follow-up management. Early detection and treatment of second and third generation seedlings is important to prevent re-infestation of purple loosestrife. Desirable native plant communities will then have a chance to become re-established.

10.3 SELECTIVE APPLICATION FOR ALL NON-CROPLAND USES

Selective equipment such as WIPER and ROLLER applicators can be used to control emerged weeds in non-crop areas and tree plantings. See "Selective Equipment" (section 9.12) for more information.

10.4 TURF GRASS

When applied as directed, under conditions described, this product controls most existing vegetation. Apply this product at rates specified in "Weed Control in Non-Cropland Areas" (section 10.1).

DO NOT DISTURB SOIL OR UNDERGROUND PLANT PARTS BEFORE TREATMENT.

Where existing vegetation is growing in a field or unmowed situation, apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth given in "Weeds Controlled" (sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively). Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray and proper translocation into underground plant parts. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay establishment to determine if regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. When repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. Desirable turfgrass may be established following the above procedures.

10.5 INJECTION APPLICATIONS -- FOR ALL NON-CROPLAND USES

10.5.1 WOODY VEGETATION

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection application of this product. Apply using suitable equipment, which must penetrate into living tissue, at a rate of at least 0.33 millilitres (either undiluted or 1:1 with water) per 5 centimetres tree diameter at breast height (DBH). The cuts should be spaced evenly around the tree and below all major branches. Application may be made at any time of year, except when cold temperatures prevent adequate penetration of injection equipment, or in the spring during periods of heavy sap flow. Control of tree species with tree diameters greater than 20 centimetres may not be acceptable at this rate.

Total control may not be evident for 1 to 2 years following treatment.

A partial list of species controlled includes:

Alder Hemlock

Alnus spp. Tsuga spp.

Birch Maple*

Betula spp. Acer spp.

Cedar Pine

Thuja spp. Pinus spp.

Cherry Poplar

Prunus spp. Populus spp.

Douglas Fir Willow

Pseudotsuga spp. Salix spp.

10.5.2 HOLLOW STEM INJECTION

This product may be applied through hand-held injection devices that deliver specified amounts of this product into targeted hollow-stem plants growing in any site specified on this label. Weeds should be actively growing at application.

For control of the following hollow stem plants, follow the use instructions below:

A partial list of species controlled includes:

Hogweed, Giant (*Heracleum mantegazzianum*)

Inject one leaf cane per plant at about chest height but below a node on the stem with 10 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.

Knotweed, Bohemian (Fallopia bohemica)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode.

Knotweed, Giant (Fallopia sachalinenis)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode.

Knotweed, Japanese (Fallopia japonica)

Inject 5 mL per stem of this product into each cane between the second and third internode.

10.6 CUT STUMP APPLICATION

Woody vegetation may be controlled by the application of this product to freshly cut stumps to prevent regrowth. Because the treatment uses a concentrated solution,

^{*} This treatment may only provide suppression of Bigleaf Maple. Late fall applications will provide optimum suppression of Bigleaf Maple.

application must be made using low-pressure equipment e.g., squirt bottle or similar device. This product must be applied immediately to the surface of the freshly cut stump i.e., within 5 minutes for optimum control at the prescribed rates. Only the cambial tissues of the cut surface should be treated. Apply the herbicide solution at a rate equivalent to at least 0.33 millilitres product for every 5 centimetres DBH. Do not cover the remaining area nor any exposed roots, as this product does not penetrate bark well. This treatment may be used at any time of year, except during periods of heavy sap flow or when low temperatures prevent solution application due to freezing. A water soluble colourant may be added to the solution as a means of indicating which surfaces have been treated. Total control may not be evident until 1 to 2 years after treatment.

See "Injection Applications" (section 10.5) of this label for a partial list of species controlled.