



**Salt Chlorine Generator**

**Domestic**

**INSTALLATION / OPERATION  
MANUAL FOR ALL SRT MODELS  
RETAIN MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

**Controls Bacteria and Algae in Spa and Swimming Pool Waters**

**MODEL 360 REGISTRATION NUMBER 23160 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT**

**(Can treat a maximum of 125,000 litres of swimming pool water.)**

**MODEL 840 REGISTRATION NUMBER 20151 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT**

**(Can treat a maximum of 180,000 litres of swimming pool water.)**

**Maximum output of hypochlorous acid equivalent to 0.54 kg of free available chlorine per day.**

**For swimming pools, a minimum of 1 ppm of free available chlorine must be maintained.**

**For spas, a minimum of 3 ppm of free available chlorine must be maintained.**

**IMPORTANT**

**READ THE LABEL AND OPERATING MANUAL BEFORE USING**

**CL Marketing Inc. 2770 - 24 Avenue NE Calgary, Alberta T1Y 6V7**

# **LECTRANATOR**<sup>®</sup>

## Record The Following Information

Installer \_\_\_\_\_

Date Installed \_\_\_\_\_ Model Number \_\_\_\_\_

Control Panel Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_

Cell Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_ Pool Gallons \_\_\_\_\_

### Factory Direct Customer Assistance...

HOTLINE: 1.800.661.8179 or 1.403.250.2494

FAX: 1.403.291.1023

Visit Us On The Internet @

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Manufactured for

CL Marketing Inc.

2770 - 24 Avenue NE Calgary, Alberta T1Y 6V7



# **LECTRANATOR**<sup>®</sup>



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# IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

**When installing and using this electrical equipment, basic safety precautions must always be followed, including the following:**

**1. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS.**

2. Refer problems to qualified personnel. Do not attempt to dismantle or repair. No user serviceable parts. Warranty void if tampered with.
3. WARNING - to reduce the risk of injury, do not permit children to install or operate this product.
4. WARNING - Risk of electric shock. Connect only to a 110VAC grounding type receptacle protected by a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI). Contact a qualified electrician for installation or if you cannot verify that the receptacle to be used is protected by a GFCI.
5. WARNING - Do not bury cord. Locate system and cord to minimize abuse from lawnmowers, trimmers and other equipment.
6. WARNING - To reduce risk of shock, replace damaged cord immediately.
7. WARNING - To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not use with extension cords. Connect only to a properly installed and located electrical outlet.
8. WARNING - Do not use spas, hot tubs or pools unless all suction grates are installed to prevent body and hair entrapment.
9. DANGER - To reduce risk of drowning from hair and body entrapment, install suction fitting(s) with a marked flow rate that equals or exceeds the flow rate on the equipment assembly.
10. Do not install LECTRANATOR unit within an outer enclosure or beneath the skirt of a hot tub or spa.
11. CAUTION - Maintain water chemistry in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
12. All field-installed metal components such as rails, ladders, drains, or other similar hardware within 3m (10 feet) of the spa or hot tub shall be bonded to the equipment grounding bus with copper conductors not smaller than No. 8 AWG in the U.S.A. and No. 6 AWG in Canada.
13. Follow all aspects of the local and National Electric Code(s) when installing this product.
14. For outdoor installation, mount the LECTRANATOR Control Panel to ensure the least amount of direct exposure to rain, direct sunlight or any corrosive environment.
15. Install at least 5 feet from the inside wall of the pool or spa.
16. A green ground wire is fastened to the inside of the Control Panel. To reduce the risk of electrical shock, connect this ground wire to the grounding terminal of your electrical service or supply panel with a continuous green or green & yellow striped insulated copper wire, equivalent in size to the circuit conductor supplying this equipment, but no smaller than No. 12 AWG (3.3mm<sup>2</sup>).
17. A security screw is provided on the access cover to restrict access to the Control Panel after installation. Remove screw from access cover prior to installation, insert and tighten screw when installation is complete.

**18. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.**

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## CAUTION

**Failure to follow these instructions can result in fire, explosion, electric shock or electrocution. Read through and follow these instructions carefully before beginning the installation or start up of the Lectranator system.**

# Specifications

ALL MODELS INPUT:            115 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 2.5 Amps  
   220 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 1.3 Amps

## Outputs

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SRT360 with RC-7 Cell            **Maximum output of hypochlorous acid equivalent to 0.54 kg of free available chlorine per day @ 3.5 Amps per 24 hours @ Maximum setting (10)**

SRT840 with RC-15 Cell            **Maximum output of hypochlorous acid equivalent to 0.54 kg of free available chlorine per day @ 5.0 Amps per 24 hours @ Maximum setting (10)**

Flow Rate            Ideal: 25US Gallons/min./95 Liters/Min. (on external bypass)

## Automatic Self Cleaning Feature

Reverse Polarity Function (Standard in all models)

The Reverse Polarity Function is designed to automatically clean the cell blades, maximizing the cell's ability to manufacture chlorine or bromine.

**This feature is only enabled when the GREEN CELL ON indicator is displayed.** This feature is part of a start up cycle. Thirty minutes after the Control Panel is energized, a polarity reversal occurs, which cleans the cell. There after, as long as the Control Panel is allowed to operate continuously without a power interruption, an expected polarity reversal will take place approximately every 3 hours of main filter pump operation. This setting is not selectable. Since the OUTPUT CONTROL DIAL effects the amount of time the GREEN CELL ON indicator is displayed, it also has the same effect with regards to the **Reverse Polarity Function**.

**NOTE: Before adding any make-up water to your pool, it is suggested that pretesting the make-up water for high pH, total alkalinity and calcium hardness will aid in the adjustment of these levels before they become excessive.**

If manual cleaning of the cell is required, please refer to page 5 for further details and instructions.



## System Sizing

Use these three formulas to figure your correct water volume:

Rectangular Pool: Length (feet) x Width (feet) x Average Depth (feet) x 7.5 = Total Gallons  
Length (m) x Width (m) x Average Depth (m) x 1000 = Total Litres

Oval / Round Pool: Diameter (feet) x Diameter (feet) x Average Depth (feet) x 5.9 = Total Gallons  
Diameter (m) x Diameter (m) x Average Depth (m) x 790 = Total Litres

Free Form Pool: Average Length (feet) x Average Width (feet) x Average Depth (feet) x 7.5 = Total Gallons  
Average Length (m) x Average Width (m) x Average Depth (m) x 1000 = Total Litres

## Lectranator's System Production Capacity

## 1. Sanitizer Demand / Pool Requirements

The rate at which sanitizer is **consumed** in any swimming pool depends on the relationship of **eight major variables**. Since these variables can vary widely from pool to pool and season to season, precise prediction of the sanitizer **demand** for any one pool is difficult. At the end of this section, rules of thumb are provided for Lectranator System Sizing. Given all the variables, should you find the unit unable to keep up with the sanitizer **demand** in your pool (assuming it is being operated correctly), we suggest increasing the output through a larger or multiple units.

**THE VARIABLES ARE:**

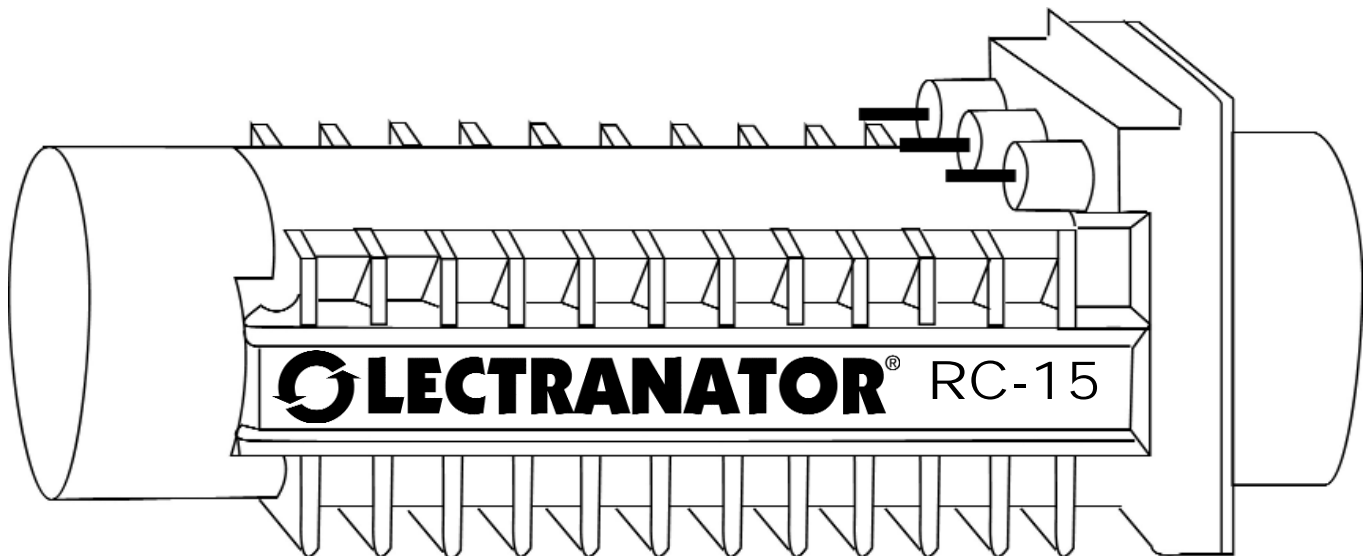
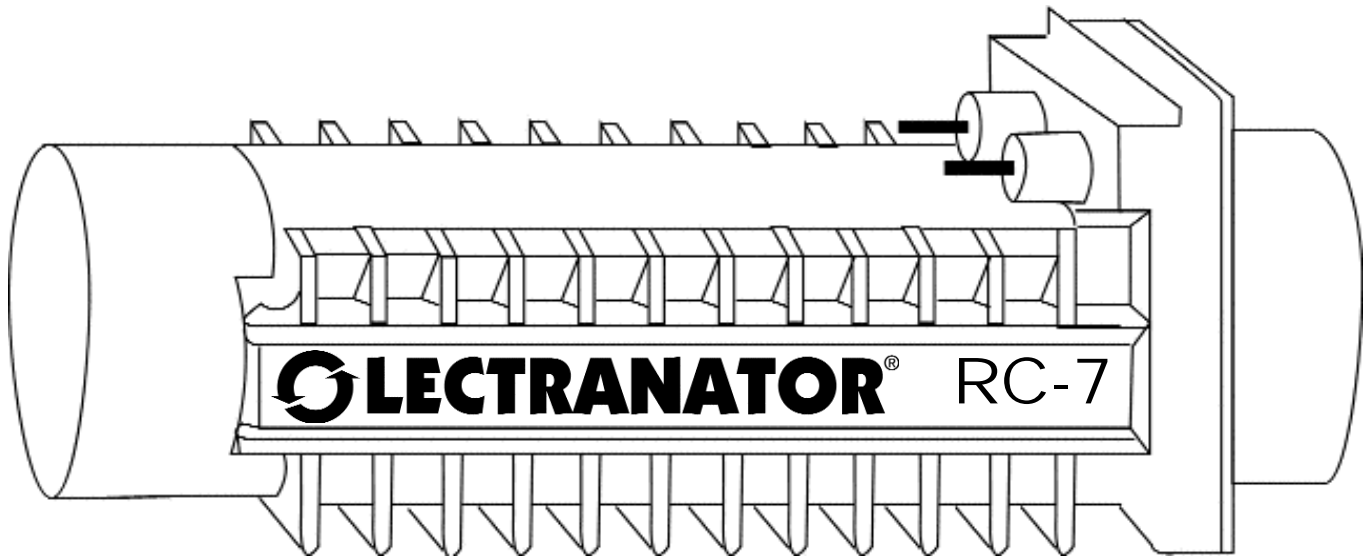
1. **Volume and surface area of the pool / spa being sanitized.**
2. **Average water temperature maintained:** As the temperature of the water increases, the sanitizer **demand** will also increase. As the temperature of the water decreases, the sanitizer **demand** will also decrease. When this happens, the output dial **should** be decreased to compensate for this lower **demand** (which will also protect your equipment from excessive levels of sanitizers).
3. **Cyanuric acid level maintained:** This chemical, when added to pool water, significantly inhibits chlorine depletion from exposure to sunlight. Cyanuric acid levels must be maintained between 30 and 100 ppm to ensure that the chlorine being produced is protected from UV breakdown.
4. **Bather load:** As the bather load increases, the sanitizer **demand** will also increase. Heavy uses of the spa (excessive contamination) may require longer recovery times (a return to a minimum of 3 ppm bromine). Recovery time may be reduced by adding a shock compound to the water.
5. **Amount of direct sunlight / UV exposure:** Pools exposed to larger amounts of direct sunlight are more vulnerable to increased sanitizer loss and algae growth. Indoor or screened pools have less sanitizer **demand**.
6. **Exposure to vegetation and airborne debris:** Dense landscaping near the pool, along with increased nitrate levels (urine, bird droppings, fertilizer, well water, etc.) greatly contribute to increased sanitizer **demand**.
7. **Chemical dilution:** Virtually **all** pool chemicals experience dilution through rainfall, adding of fresh make-up water due to evaporation, splash-out, filter backwashing, leaks, etc. When freshwater is added, sanitizer **demand** increases for a brief period.
8. **Main filter pump runtime and your pool's circulation patterns:** Sanitizer can only be produced while the main filter pump is operating. Waterfalls/Fountains and other water features operated by the filter pump can directly effect sanitizer **demand**. The main filter pump runtime and/or output dial may need to be increased to satisfy this higher **demand**.

## 2. Sanitizer Production / System Sizing

While sanitizer **demand** varies beyond precise prediction, the following “rules of thumb” will assist you in properly selecting the correct Lectranator model. When unsure, we recommend selecting the larger model versus the smaller model if you desire 100% of your sanitizing requirements be satisfied with your Lectranator System.

1. A Control Panel with a **RC-7 cell**, operated at maximum output (3.5 amps), at 3000 ppm salt residual will produce Sodium Hypochlorite equivalent to 0.545 kg of chlorine per day. This amount of chlorine should satisfy most residential pool applications, depending on the **8 demand** variables for sanitizer.
2. A Control Panel with a **RC-15 cell**, operated at maximum output (5.0 amps), at 3000 ppm salt residual will produce Sodium Hypochlorite equivalent to 0.545 kg of chlorine per day. This amount of chlorine should satisfy higher demand applications, depending on the **8 demand** variables for sanitizer.

**NOTE:** Residual salt levels must be maintained above 2800 ppm and below 3200 ppm. Do not exceed 3200 ppm salt residual or you will begin to taste the salt in the water! Maintaining constantly high levels of salt and chlorine and/or bromine above recommended range can contribute to corrosion of the pool or spa equipment. Salt levels exceeding the recommended concentration can be reduced by diluting the spa water with fresh water.



**STEP 1 - Proper Water Balance Requirements**

Proper Lectranator System operation is dependent on proper pool water conditions. Manually balance the pool water chemistry to meet all recommended ranges of water balance factors below before start-up of Lectranator. From that point forward your Lectranator System will assist you in keeping your water chemistry factors in balance. Check expiry date of the test kit as the result may be inaccurate if used after that date

Maximum spa water usage temperature is 40 C. Duration in spa water at 40 C should not exceed 15 minutes. For proper sanitation, spa must be completely drained periodically. The number of days between COMPLETE SPA DRAINAGE is equal to the volume of spa water in litres, divided by 10 times the maximum number of daily spa users. Refill spa with water and repeat the start-up procedure.

**BEFORE START UP MAKE SURE THE POOL WATER MEETS THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:**

**ALL WATER BALANCE FACTORS SHOULD BALANCE WITH LANGELIERS SATURATION INDEX. WE RECOMMEND THE TAYLOR K-2005 TEST KIT, OR A VISIT TO YOUR LOCAL POOL PROFESSIONAL. CHECK EXPIRY DATE OF THE TEST KIT AS THE RESULT MAY BE INACCURATE IF USED AFTER THAT DATE.**

**Lectranator System Required Ranges** (And periods for testing water for these water balance factors.)

**STEP 2 - Daily Checks**

- 1) Free available Chlorine 1.0-3.0 ppm (pool)  
Free Available Bromine 1.0-3.0 ppm (pool)  
Free Available Chlorine 3.0-5.0 ppm (spa)  
Free Available Bromine 3.0-5.0 ppm (spa)

- 2) pH 7.2-7.8 ppm

**STEP 3 - Monthly Checks**

- 3) Calcium Hardness 200-300 ppm (pool)  
Calcium Hardness 150-200 ppm (spa)
- 4) Total Alkalinity 100-120 ppm
- 5) Cyanuric Acid 30-100 ppm
- 6) Salt Residual 2800-3200 ppm
- 7) Langeliers Index (water balance) + or - 0.3

**CAUTION:** Excessive Free Chlorine (> 3.0 ppm) or Free Available Bromine (>5.0ppm) causes corrosion of any metal components in contact with pool/spa water. Staining and premature failure of heaters, filters, and other metal components will be the result. Do not exceed recommended sanitizer ranges. **NOTE: Standard (DPD reagent) pool water test kits do not read chlorine/Bromine levels above approximately 8.0 ppm residual. Test reagents, at high levels, return to a clear liquid. AVOID HIGH SANITIZER LEVELS!**

**STEP 4 - Salt Requirements**

It is important that a suggested salt level of 3000 ppm be maintained at all times. Allowing less than 2800 ppm salt may activate a service light. The amount of salt required depends on the size of the pool. Use of "Tabex" granulated, evaporated, non-iodized blended salt is recommended. Water conditioning pellets can be used but take longer to dissolve. Use the chart on the next page to determine the amount of salt to add, in pounds or kilos, for a new pool start up. Also test your make up water for its level of salt and compare it with the charts on the next page. Before adding salt to a pool for the first time, turn your Lectranator off, open your main drain, then pour salt around the perimeter of the pool.

**NEVER add salt directly through the skimmer. Turn device off before adding sodium chloride, sodium bromide and other chemicals, and wait until complete dissolution before turning it on. Use only Sodium Bromide that is registered or scheduled under the Pest Control Products Act..**

**NOTE: DO NOT allow large amounts of undissolved salt to remain on fresh cementitious pool/spa interior surfaces. Brush vigorously to accelerate salt dissolving especially in cold water conditions, or in pools with inoperative or no main drains.**

**Stains From Salt**

**CAUTION!** Generic (bulk) salts have anti-caking additive in them that contains a small amount of Iron. When large quantities of this type of salt are left on the pool floor to slowly dissolve, this iron content will leave a brown or orange colored stain. We suggest brushing the salt periodically to assist in the dissolving of the salt.

**NOTE: Homeowners with water softening equipment, which utilize salt, may already have substantial levels of salt in their drinking water. So before adding water to your pool, test the level of salt, then determine the amount of salt still needed to be added to bring the level up to the suggested 3000 ppm level.**

**Manual Cell Cleaning (Residential Single Cell System)**

The electrolytic cell has a life expectancy of 2-5 years of use under typical condition of use. When replacing the cell, only use replacement cells having a label that clearly states that it is:

- A) a replacement cell for the chlorine generating device Lectranator Salt Chlorine Generator Model 360, REGISTRATION NUMBER: 23160, PEST CONTROL PRODUCT ACT, or
- B) a replacement cell for the chlorine generating device Lectranator Salt Chlorine Generator Model 840, REGISTRATION NUMBER: 20151, PEST CONTROL PRODUCT ACT

In normal conditions the Lectranator cell should not require Manual Cleaning. If manual cleaning is required, check water chemistry for possible imbalances or call factory for consultation and use the following procedure.

STEP 1 - Remove the cell by loosening the unions to release.

STEP 2 - Fill a bucket with 1 part muriatic acid or Tabex Grime Away to 4 parts of water. PUT WATER IN BUCKET FIRST!

CAUTION: Always add acid to water never water to acid.

STEP 3 - Submerge the cell and not the flow switch.

STEP 4 - After 10-15 minutes of foaming, remove the cell. Rinse out with fresh water.

**STEP 5 - If cell blades still have white crusty scale deposits on them, repeat process, not to exceed 15 minute intervals.**

**NOTE: DO NOT try to remove any scale from cell blades with any tools. This may scratch or damage the coating on the blades and will void warranty.**



Once a month (or as often as necessary) the cell should be removed and inspected for scale build-up or debris on the cell blades. If the cell scales continuously, consult the Trouble shooting section in the manual.

**1. To prepare the system for servicing:**

- a. Stop water flow to the Lectranator board by turning off the booster pump and/or the filter pump. If applicable, shut off AC power to ORP/pH/CL controller and close the flow cell/probe loop valves so as to isolate the ORP/pH/CL electrodes.
- b. Record all models Power Supply Feed Rate knob settings.
- c. turn all models Power Supply Feed Rate Knobs to zero(0).
- d. Wait for green cell lights (second light from the top) to go out on all models Power supplies.
- e. Close the influent and effluent valves on each leg of cells.
- f. **Be certain to verify** that the flow lights (bottom light) on each models Power Supply are on (lit).
- g. Unplug DC Cell Cord from the cell(s) to be serviced.

**NOTE: The flow switches located on each leg of cells are a safety feature of the system. If the flow lights fail to illuminate(light) when influent and effluent valves are closed, immediately turn off power to the entire system, and contact your Lectranator Service Representative.**

- h. Remove the cell or cells from the piping system.

**2. To remove debris from cell(s):**

- a. Flush debris from the cell blades using a garden hose.

**3. To remove scale and deposits:**

**NOTE: Do not use any sharp object (screwdriver, chisel etc.) to chip scale or debris from the blades of the Cell. Only the spray from the garden hose nozzle should be used.**

- a. Mix four parts water with one part muriatic acid or, four parts of water with one part Tabex® Grime Away®(4:1).
- b. Immerse the cell into the solution. The foaming action is the calcium carbonate being removed from the cell. Allow cell to remain in the solution for one half hour (maximum).

**WARNING: Always add acid to the water. Do not add water to the acid. Wear ALL protective gear required by local safety regulations.**

- c. Remove the cell and flush thoroughly with fresh water. If scale deposits still remain, repeat procedure using a fresh acid solution.

**4. Re-installation of the cell(s):**

- a. Re-install the cell(s) and tighten unions (**hand tight only**).
- b. Before fitting the DC plug back onto the cell, make sure the DC plug and cell posts are dry. Push DC plug securely onto cell to prevent water damage.
- c. **Always** double check your connections to ensure that all DC plugs are connected to their designated Cells. (example: DC plug B2 is connected to corresponding Cell B2, DC plug C1 to Cell C1, etc.)

**5. Putting System Back into Operation:**

- a. Open the influent and effluent valves on each leg of cells. If applicable, re-open the valves to the flow cell or probe loop and turn AC power back on to the ORP/pH/CL controller.
- b. Turn on the system booster pump and/or the filter pump. Adjust flow to 25 US Gallons/min., if necessary. (At this point, **all flow switch lights should be "off"**. If not, contact your Lectranator Service Representative.)
- c. Reset all the models Power Supply Feed Rate knobs to recorded settings.

## POUNDS OF SALT NEEDED FOR 3000 PPM RESIDUAL

Salt Level Before Addition	Pool / Spa Volume in US Gallons										
	200	500	750	1000	1500	2500	5000	10000	15000	20000	30000
<b>0 ppm</b>	5	12	19	25	37	62	125	250	375	500	749
<b>320 ppm</b>	4.5	11	17	22	33	56	112	223	335	446	669
<b>640 ppm</b>	3.9	10	15	20	29	49	98	197	295	393	590
<b>960 ppm</b>	3.4	8.5	13	17	25	42	85	170	255	340	510
<b>1280 ppm</b>	2.9	7.2	11	14	21	36	72	143	215	286	430
<b>1600 ppm</b>	2.3	5.8	8.7	12	17	29	58	117	175	233	350
<b>1920 ppm</b>	1.8	4.5	6.7	9	13	22	45	90	135	180	270
<b>2240 ppm</b>	1.3	3.2	4.7	6.3	9.5	16	32	63	95	127	190
<b>2560 ppm</b>	0.7	1.8	2.7	3.7	5.5	9	18	37	55	73	110
<b>2880 ppm</b>	0.2	0.5	0.7	1	1.5	2.5	5	10	15	20	30
<b>3000 ppm</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NOTE: ABOVE CHART BASED ON 1 POUND OF SALT ADDED TO 1 MILLION POUNDS OF WATER (APPROXIMATELY 120,000 GALLONS) WHICH EQUALS 1 PPM OF SALT.

## KILOS OF SALT NEEDED FOR 3000 PPM RESIDUAL

Salt Level Before Addition	Pool / Spa Volume in Liters										
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	10000	25000	50000	75000	100000	120000
<b>0 ppm</b>	3	6	9	12	15	30	75	150	225	300	360
<b>320 ppm</b>	2.7	5.4	8	11	13	27	67	134	201	268	322
<b>640 ppm</b>	2.4	4.7	7.1	9.4	12	24	59	118	177	236	283
<b>960 ppm</b>	2	4.1	6.1	8.2	10	20	51	102	153	204	245
<b>1280 ppm</b>	1.7	3.4	5.2	6.9	8.6	17	43	86	129	172	206
<b>1600 ppm</b>	1.4	2.8	4.2	5.6	7	14	35	70	105	140	168
<b>1920 ppm</b>	1.1	2.2	3.2	4.3	5.4	11	27	54	81	108	130
<b>2240 ppm</b>	0.8	1.5	2.3	3	3.8	7.6	19	38	57	76	91
<b>2560 ppm</b>	0.4	0.9	1.3	1.8	2.2	4.4	11	22	33	44	53
<b>2880 ppm</b>	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2	3	6	9	12	14
<b>3000 ppm</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## Cyanuric Acid Needed for 75 PPM

## Cyanuric Acid / Stabilizer Conditioner

Cyanuric acid, CYA, (also known as stabilizer or conditioner) prevents rapid breakdown of chlorine by sunlight and inhibits the corrosive effects of chlorine and bromine. Regulations may exist regarding use of Cyanuric acid; please consult your pool professional. Use the chart below to determine the amount of Cyanuric acid needed. Test water with test kit that includes CYA testing, then use the chart below to determine the amount to add.

POUNDS OF CYANURIC ACID NEEDED FOR 75 PPM RESIDUAL

CYA Level Before Addition	Pool / Spa Volume in US Gallons										
	200	500	750	1000	1500	2500	5000	10000	15000	20000	30000
<b>0 ppm</b>	0.12	0.31	0.47	0.62	0.94	1.6	3.1	6.2	9.4	12.5	18.7
<b>12 ppm</b>	0.1	0.26	0.39	0.52	0.79	1.3	2.6	5.2	7.9	10.5	15.7
<b>25 ppm</b>	0.08	0.21	0.31	0.42	0.62	1	2.1	4.2	6.2	8.3	12.5
<b>37 ppm</b>	0.06	0.16	0.24	0.32	0.47	0.79	1.6	3.2	4.7	6.3	9.5
<b>50 ppm</b>	0.04	0.1	0.16	0.21	0.31	0.52	1	2.1	3.1	4.2	6.2
<b>62 ppm</b>	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.16	0.27	0.54	1.1	1.6	2.2	3.2

**NOTE: ABOVE CHART BASED ON 1 POUND OF CYANURIC ACID ADDED TO 41,500 POUNDS OF WATER (5,000 U S GALLONS) WHICH EQUALS 25 PPM OF CYA.**

**Recommended required Cyanuric Acid levels are 30 - 100 ppm. To add, pour around the perimeter of the pool. Allow CYA to dissolve and circulate for 24 hours before measuring again. Pre-dissolving any chemical prior to addition to pool water is advised.**

KILOGRAMS OF CYANURIC ACID NEEDED FOR 75 PPM RESIDUAL

CYA Level Before Addition	Pool / Spa Volume in Liters										
	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	10000	25000	50000	75000	100000	120000
<b>0 ppm</b>	0.08	0.15	0.23	0.30	0.38	0.75	1.90	3.80	5.6	7.5	9.0
<b>12 ppm</b>	0.06	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.32	0.63	1.60	3.20	4.7	6.3	7.6
<b>25 ppm</b>	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.50	1.30	2.50	3.8	5.0	6.0
<b>37 ppm</b>	0.04	0.08	0.11	0.15	0.19	0.38	1.00	1.90	2.9	3.8	4.6
<b>50 ppm</b>	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.25	0.63	1.30	1.9	2.5	3.0
<b>62 ppm</b>	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.13	0.33	0.65	1.0	1.3	1.6

## NEEDED BY INSTALLER

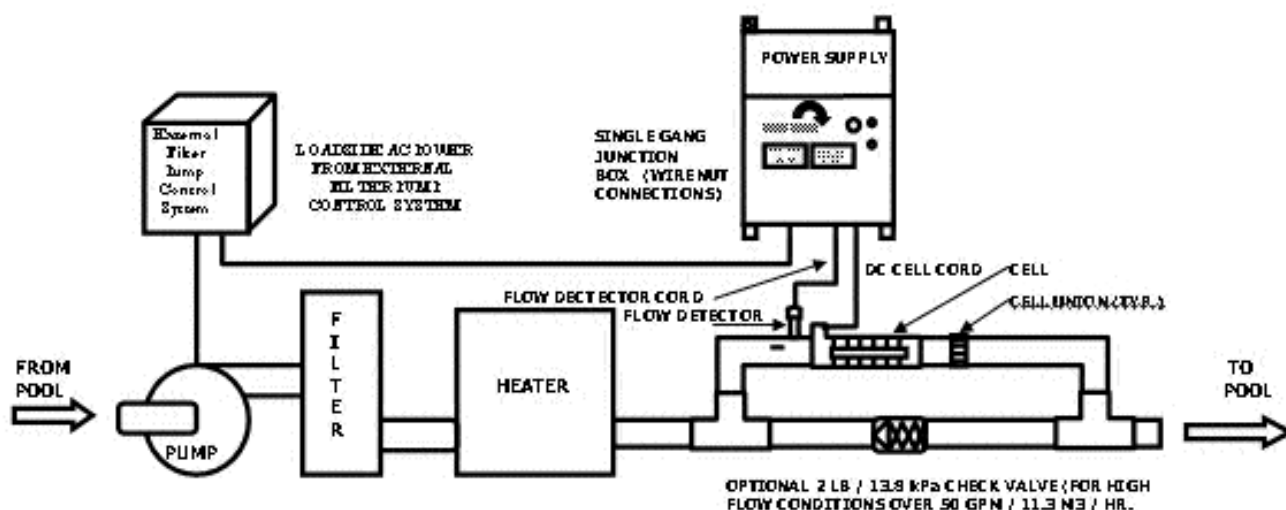
- 1) Required amount of salt
- 2) Hacksaw, Pipe Cutters or Cable Saw
- 3) Tape measure & Permanent Marker
- 4) Screwdrivers: Flat head & Phillips head
- 5) Drill with 6mm (1/4") masonry-drill bit for block or stucco
- 6) Voltmeter - To determine AC voltage to Control Panel
- 7) Test kit for Chlorine/Bromine, Calcium Hardness, pH, Total Alkalinity, and Cyanuric Acid (stabilizer).  
We recommend the Taylor Technologies® Model K-2005 Test Kit
- 8) P.V.C. Glue
- 9) P.V.C. Cleaner / Primer
- 10) Assorted P.V.C. Fittings & Pipe
- 11) Assorted Electrical Hookup Components
- 12) Teflon tape or pipe joint compound

## SUPPLIED BY LECTRANATOR

- 1) Residential Installation / Operation Manual
- 2) Limited Warranty with Warranty Card (Must Return)
- 3) LECTRANATOR Control Panel
- 4) • Chlorine/Bromine Production Cell  
• Flow Detector With Tee  
• Cell Unions
- 5) Salt test strips & vial with mounting hardware.

## Control Panel

Using the supplied anchors and screws, the Control Panel should be mounted on a flat, sturdy, vertical surface away from direct exposure to sunlight. The Control Panel is equipped with a 3.65m DC cell cord and flow detector cord. For ease of installation, please ensure that both cords connect to the cell and flow detector while still providing slack in each cord for future service. Using a torpedo level and permanent marker, hold and level the Control Panel on the surface to be mounted and dot each of the (4) mounting holes with the permanent marker. Using a .25" (.62 cm) drill bit, drill to a depth of 1" (2.5 cm) and install the supplied anchors. The Control Panel is now ready to receive the (4) mounting screws to secure the installation. **DO NOT SHOOT OR PERMANENTLY ATTACH THE CONTROL PANEL TO THE WALL! This will void warranty, damage the Control Panel and make it virtually impossible to service without damaging the cover.** NOTE: Install at least 5 ft. (1.53m) from the inside wall off the pool or spa.



**NOTE:** The cell is a bi-directional flow device. When installing, do not glue or silicone the threads of the unions into the body of the cell. This will void the warranty. Teflon tape or pipe joint compound is suggested.

STEP 1 - High Voltage Wiring

All electrical equipment must be located five feet or more from closest pool or spa waterline. Use the ground wire provided inside the Control Panel for grounding. Bond all equipment, including the Control Panel, to earth ground.

STEP 2 - Wire from the sub-panel - Your Lectranator Control Panel is shipped with the voltage selector switch factory set to **230 VAC**. If 115 VAC is desired, remove the screw securing the access cover, using a small slotted screwdriver, slide the red voltage selector switch to the **115 VAC** position. The Control Panel will operate at either **50Hz** or **60Hz** line power. Ensure that the filter pump AC voltage used matches the Control Panel voltage setting. Improper wiring will damage the Control Panel, which is not covered under warranty. Connect AC power to the two hookup wires at the bottom of the Control Panel.

STEP 2 a - Control Panel Hook-up - Ensure that the main filter pump circuit breaker is set to OFF. Connect AC from the **LOAD SIDE** of the external time clock, Compool/Jandy filter pump relay or on/off switch to the Control Panel so that Lectranator operates only when the filter pump operates. For flexibility, ease of wiring and making connections, #14 gauge stranded wire is recommended for interconnection between the external control system and the Control Panel. Wiring diagrams are located on the Control Panel's access cover.

Each Lectranator Salt Chlorine Generator consists of three (3) main components:

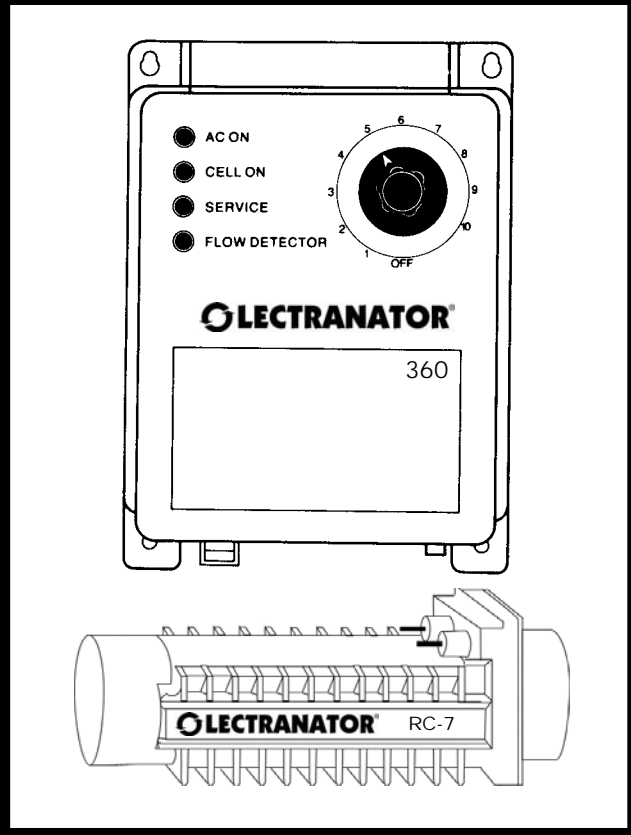
1. The CONTROL PANEL converts incoming AC power to a Low Voltage DC current which energizes the Cell.
2. The CELL receives that Low Voltage DC current from the Control Panel, indicated by a GREEN CELL ON indicator, which initiates the electrolytic process and allows sanitizer to be produced. This process converts salt (Sodium Chloride) to 100% Pure Sodium Hypochlorite (Liquid Chlorine) which in turn sanitizes your pool. This processed salt then reverts back to salt and the entire process is repeated.
3. The FLOW DETECTOR ensures adequate flow is present to produce sanitizer. Further, it protects the Cell from damage caused by insufficient flow. If the flow rate drops below 20 US Gallons/min. (75.6Liters/Min.), the Control Panel will display a RED FLOW DETECTOR indicator and the CELL ON indicator will display dark.

a) Chlorine/Bromine Controller Interface - Each Control Panel has a yellow and black pair of wires labeled. "Use with chlorine controller only". These can be used to interface with a chlorine/bromine controller. This is a dry-contact input. If an ORP controller is used, its output voltage (normally 115 VAC) should be wired to the coil contacts of a normally-closed relay or contactor. The relay contacts are then used only to break the connection between the yellow and black wires on the Control Panel. Remove the access cover for access to these wires.

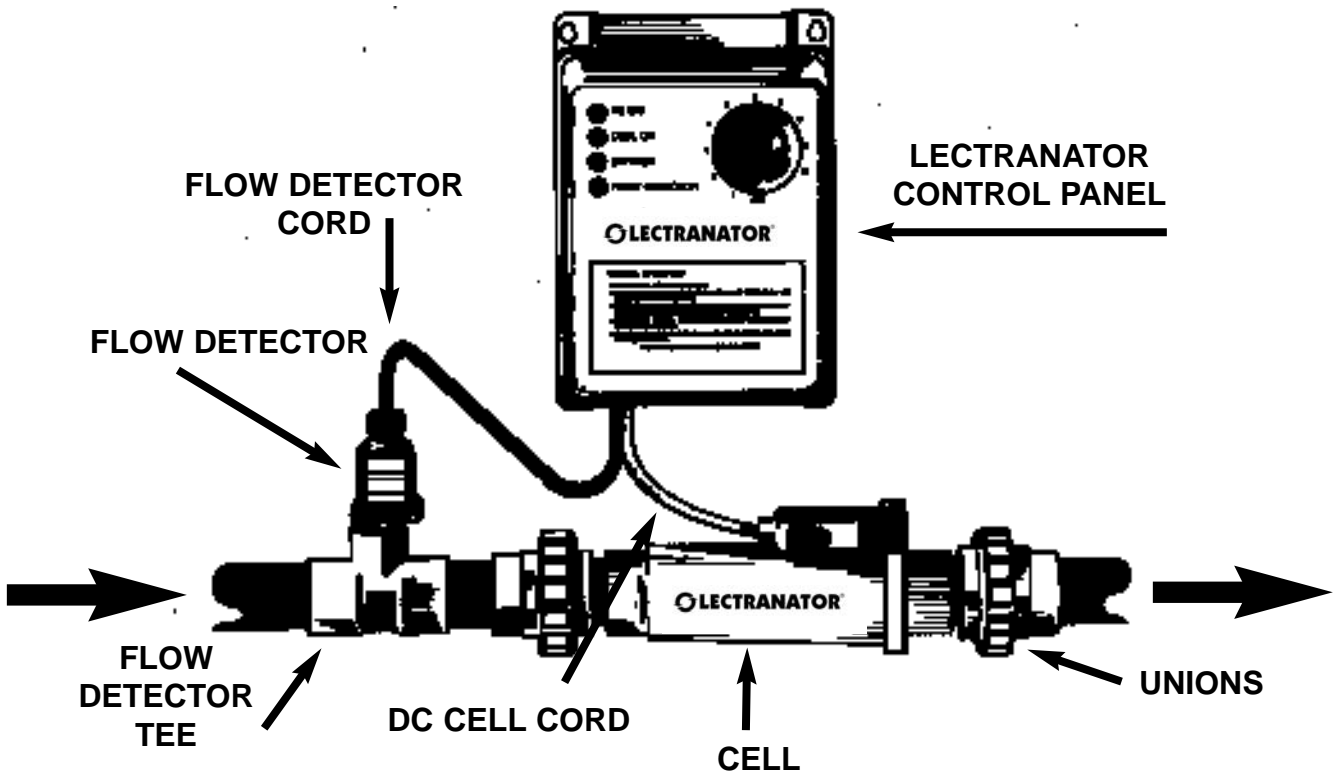
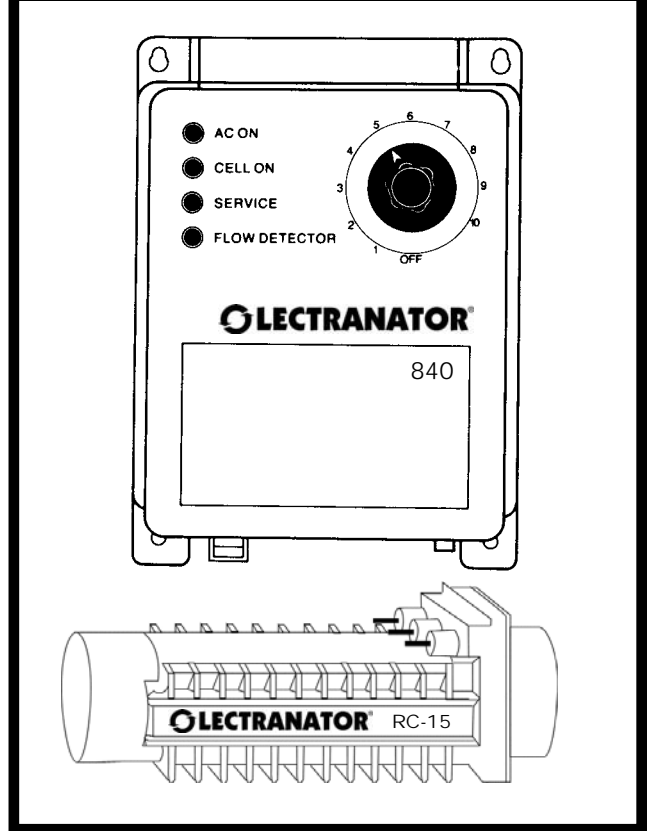
**NOTE: When an ORP controller is interfaced with a single Control Panel your output dial should be set on 10. Where multiple control panels are interfaced with an ORP controller, consult factory**

b) 10A Cell Fuse -On the back of the Control Panel a 10 amp cell fuse is installed into a black fuse holder. This fuse protects the Control Panel and cell from voltage spikes. If a red service light displays, inspection and possible replacement of this fuse may be necessary. The Control Panel must be removed from the wall to access this fuse.

LECTRANATOR MODEL 360



LECTRANATOR MODEL 840



## Indicator Lights

## A. AC ON:

If your Lectranator is wired properly, this indicator will display GREEN whenever the main filter pump is operating. This indicator ensures that proper incoming AC power is being delivered to the Control Panel. Further, this indicator will display dark whenever the main filter pump is switched off or power is interrupted. A flashing AC ON light in an indication that either the control panel has failed or that the system has operated without water flow for 40 minutes or longer.

## B. CELL ON:

This indicator will display GREEN whenever the Control Panel is energizing the Cell. While this indicator displays GREEN, rest assured that your pool is being sanitized with 100% Pure Sodium Hypochlorite (Liquid Chlorine). Except for the OFF position, each time the incoming AC power is interrupted and then restored to the Control Panel, this indicator will display GREEN for the first 30 minutes of continuous operation regardless of the Output Control Dial setting. This is a normal START-UP CYCLE whenever the unit is reset by a power interruption. The Output Control Dial regulates the amount of time the Control Panel switches on and off to energize the Cell. During rest mode this indicator will display dark.

## C. SERVICE:

Normally, this indicator will display dark. This indicator will display RED whenever an abnormal activity exists within the system. If a RED indicator persists, please refer to #8 of the Trouble Shooting Guide on page 16 for further assistance, as one or more of the following conditions may exist:

- a) Low salt level,      b) Very cold pool/spa water (below 13°C/55°F),      c) Cell plugged with debris or scale deposits  
d) DC plug is not pushed tightly onto cell terminals,      e) Failing cell, or,      f) Blown fuse.

## D. FLOW DETECTOR:

Normally, this indicator will display dark. This indicator will display RED whenever insufficient flow is present. Typically, the flow rate drops below 20 US Gallons/min. (75Liters/Min.). Further, if this indicator is displaying RED, the GREEN CELL ON indicator will display dark. If a RED indicator persists, please refer to #9 of the Trouble Shooting Guide for further assistance, as one or more of the following conditions may exist:

- a) Flow detector plugged or jammed open with debris,      b) Corroded microswitch,      c) Flow rate is below 20 US Gallons/min. (80 Liters/Min.)  
d) Defective flow detector,      e) Control panel not electrically interconnected with pump.

To turn off flow detector light:

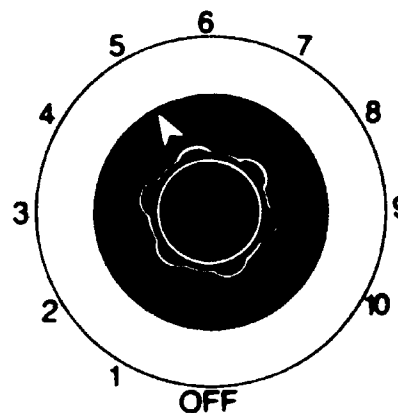
- 1) Turn AC power off (turn pump off),      2) Correct problem (see troubleshooting),      3) Wait 30 seconds to allow panel to reset.  
4) Restart system.

## Output Dial

This is a percentage timer that regulates the amount of time the system is to produce chlorine/bromine during the filter pump running cycle. The output is regulated according to the setting of this dial. Each setting has a memory cycle of 22 minutes. The setting of the dial will determine how long the cell will produce chlorine/bromine and how long it will be in the rest mode. While in the rest mode your cell light will be off to indicate that no chlorine/bromine is being produced. Below is a chart that indicates the on and off periods of each output setting.

**NOTE: Any interruption of power, will cause the current memory cycle to reset itself, when power is restored.**

Dial Setting	Approx. On-Time	Approx. Rest-Time
1	1 min.	22 min.
2	2 min.	21 min.
3	7 min.	16 min.
4	9 min.	14 min.
5	11 min.	12 min.
6	12 min.	11 min.
7	14 min.	9 min.
8	16 min.	7 min.
9	21 min.	2 min.
10	23 min.	0 min.





Use Of Sodium Bromide ***Once a bromine pool - Always a bromine pool.***

### **SODIUM BROMIDE (OPTIONAL) - 50 PPM**

Where Cyanuric acid is not available or where its use is restricted, bromine can be used as an alternative sanitizer to chlorine. The Lectranator will convert sodium bromide to bromine in the same way that it converts sodium chloride to sodium hypochlorite.

**NOTE: Bromine pools do not require the addition of Cyanuric acid. Typical chlorine stabilizer provides no U.V. protection for bromine.**

To produce hypobromous acid (bromine sanitizer), we recommend initially adding 50 grams of sodium bromide for every 1000 Litres (4 lbs. for every 10,000 US gallons) of pool water capacity. Thereafter, add 20 grams of sodium bromide for every kilogram of salt (1 lb. of sodium bromide for every 50 lbs. of salt) added to the pool.

**REMEMBER:** For the Lectranator System to operate properly, the pool water must contain the recommended level of both salts as previously specified. **(When used, sodium bromide is added in addition to the normal amount of sodium chloride required.)**

# Equipment Start Up Sequence

Before operating the Lectranator System, perform the following steps to ensure proper installation and operation:

- A. Turn ON all circuit breakers to the pool equipment.
- B. Set the output control dial at position five.
- C. Switch on the main filter pump, the following indicators should display....a GREEN AC ON and a RED FLOW DETECTOR. This is normal. After sufficient flow is detected, the RED FLOW DETECTOR indicator should display dark and approximately 5-10 seconds later, a GREEN CELL ON indicator should display. If this sequence does not occur or any RED indicators display, please refer to the Trouble Shooting Guide for further assistance.

**NOTE:** Be sure to monitor the chlorine/bromine level for the next few days and properly adjust the chlorine/bromine output according to Lectranator's required levels. **DO NOT EXCEED SANITIZER LEVELS REQUIRED!**

If an adjustment is required, make the adjustment and allow the pool to react to this change a minimum of 1-2 days. After the 1-2 days expires, retest the pool water and make any further adjustments if necessary.

### **As the water temperature decreases, the sanitizer demand also decreases.**

Lower the Output Control Dial to satisfy this change in sanitizer demand. (When the water temperature drops below 14C (60F), lower the Output Control Dial, in some cases, set it to the "OFF" position. Because the water temperature is cooler, the sanitizer demand is lower, it is unnecessary to produce as much sanitizer as normally produced in warmer water. Further, this action protects the Cell from damage caused by operating below 14C (60F). A non-chlorine shock can be added to the pool until the water temperature increases above 14C (60F).

### **As the water temperature increases, the sanitizer demand also increases.**

Raise the Output Control Dial to satisfy this change in sanitizer demand.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
1. Insufficient sanitizer production.	<p>A. The test kit reagents or test strips are old or expired.</p> <p>B. The unit is set too low in relation to an increased sanitizer demand.</p> <p>C. The bather load has increased.</p> <p>D. Sanitizer lose due to intense sunlight exposure.</p> <p>E. The body of water being sanitized leaks.</p> <p>F. Low salt</p>	<p>A. Retest with new reagents or test strips.</p> <p>B. Turn up the output dial and/or increase the filter pump run time.</p> <p>C. Set the output control dial to #10 and allow the filter pump to operate 24 hours (were applicable remove the "OFF" tripper from the external time clock) to super-chlorinate / brominate the water.</p> <p>D. Check the stabilizer level and add cyanuric acid if needed. (Refer to the Cyanuric Acid Needed for 75 PPM section, page 7.) If on bromine, replenish bromine residual.</p> <p>E. Repair the leak and rebalance the water being sanitized. (Refer to the Pool Water Preparation section, page 5.)</p> <p>F. Check the residual salt level and add if necessary. (Refer to the Salt Requirements Needed for 3000 ppm section, page 6.)</p>
2. Scale build-up within the cell.	<p>A. The water being sanitized contains high pH, alkalinity and calcium hardness.</p> <p>B. The unit is not reversing polarity.</p> <p>C. Possible cell failure</p>	<p>A. Calculate Langelier's Index to assure balanced water. (See page 5). Adjust the water chemistry and clean the cell (See page 5) Dilute pool water with fresh water if necessary. Warning- Always add Acid to water never water to acid.</p> <p>B. Send the control panel back to the factory for service.</p> <p>C. Check with either a 504 or 947 cell tester. Replace the cell if needed. Refer to #4 of this section.</p>
3. DC plug and cell terminals burned.	<p>A. The cell cord plug is not securely pushed onto the cell terminals allowing moisture to seep into the plug.</p> <p>B. The cell terminals leak.</p> <p>C. Completely failed cell</p>	<p>A. Ensure that the cell cord plug is pressed completely onto the cell terminals. Check the cell terminals and clean with a dry cloth to remove all dirt and corrosion.</p> <p>B. Shut off the main filter pump and patch the cell terminal(s) with epoxy putty and leave the filter pump off for 24 hours.</p> <p>C. Replace the cell.</p>
4. Premature cell failure. (Requires replacement cell. Normal cell life, if sized and operated correctly, is 3 - 5 years.)	<p>A. The service indicator has been ignored allowing the unit to operate (unprotected) at low salt levels.</p> <p>B. Abnormally high cell usage due to an insufficient cyanuric acid level.</p> <p>C. Debris in Cell</p>	<p>A. Check and add salt if needed. (Refer to the Salt Requirements Needed For 3000 PPM section, page 6.)</p> <p>B. Check the stabilizer level and add cyanuric acid if needed. (Refer to the Cyanuric Acid Needed for 75 PPM section, page 7.)</p> <p>C. Ensure that the strainer union screen is being used. Inspect the cell monthly and clean debris if required.</p>
5. White flakes in the water.	<p>This occurs when excessive calcium hardness is present in the water being sanitized. This should cease after a few days.</p>	<p>Monitor the pH and adjust if necessary. (Refer to the Pool Water Preparation section, page 5.)</p>
6. No AC ON light.	<p>A. Incoming AC power for the main filter pump is not present.</p> <p>B. The control panel is damaged.</p> <p>C. The unit is not wired properly.</p> <p>D. Pump is off.</p>	<p>A. Ensure that the main filter pump circuit breaker is set to "ON".</p> <p>B. Send the Control Panel back to the factory for service.</p> <p>C. Rewire the unit. (Refer to section 3a, page 11.)</p> <p>D. Make sure pump timer is set properly.</p>

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
7. No CELL ON light.	A. The unit is in rest mode.	A. This is normal. (Refer to the Output Dial section, page 13.)
	B. Red flow detector light	B. See # 9.
	C. Check the voltage selector switch.	C. Ensure that your not powering a 230 VAC Control Panel with 115 VAC.
	D. The Control Panel has failed.	D. Send the Control Panel to the factory for service.
8. Red SERVICE light.	A. The cell is scaled.	A. See # 2.
	B. The cell cord is disconnected from the cell.	B. Ensure that the cell cord is firmly pressed onto the cell.
	C. The 10A cell fuse may be blown.	C. Check the 10A cell fuse on the back of the Control Panel and replace if necessary.
	D. Low salt	D. Check the residual salt level and add if necessary. (Refer to the salt requirements needed for 3,000 ppm section, page 6).
	E. The unit is not reversing polarity.	E. Send the Control Panel back to the factory for service.
	F. Possible cell failure.	F. Check with either a 504 or 957 cell tester. Replace the cell if needed. Refer to #4 of this section.
	G. Very cold pool water.	G. Lower the output control dial setting, even to the "OFF" position, and add a non-chlorine shock to the pool until the wtaer temperature increases above 14°C (60° F).
9. Red FLOW DETECTOR light.	A. Water exiting the filter is being diverted away from the inlet of the flow detector.	A. Increase the flow rate above 15 gallons per minute to activate the flow detector.
	B. Check the condition of the filter.	B. If the filter is dirty, clean the filter to increase the overall flow rate.
	C. Check the condition of the strainer union at the inlet side of the flow detector.	C. If it is clogged; remove, clean and reinstall.
	D. Ensure that the flow detector is not installed opposite in relation to the actual water flow.	D. Extract the flow detector and re-install if necessary.
	E. The Control Panel is not wired properly.	E. Rewire the Control Panel. (Refer to section 3a, page 11).
	F. The flow detector may have failed.	F. Replace the flow detector.

Imported to Canada by  
C L MARKETING INC.  
2770 - 24 Avenue N.E.  
Calgary, Alberta, T1Y 6V7

REGISTRATION NO. 23160 PEST  
CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT  
LECTRANATOR Salt Chlorine  
Generator Model 360

One360 unit can treat a maximum of  
125,000 Liters of swimming pool water.

**NOTICE TO USER:** This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the Pest Control Products Act to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.

For swimming pools, a minimum of 1 ppm of free available chlorine or bromine must be maintained. For spas, a minimum of 3 ppm of free available chlorine or bromine must be maintained.

Controls Bacteria and Algae in Swimming  
Pool Waters.

Maximum output of hypochlorous acid  
equivalent to 0.54 kg of free available  
chlorine per day.

**WARNING:** Operating the LECTRANATOR  
MODEL 360 without water flow through  
the cell can cause a build up of flammable  
gases which can result in FIRE OR  
EXPLOSION

DOMESTIC  
READ THE LABEL AND THE INSTALLATION  
AND OPERATION MANUAL BEFORE USING.  
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

### Cell Model RC-7

This is a replacement cell for the Lectranator Salt Chlorine Generator Model 360  
REGISTRATION NUMBER 23160, PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT.  
This cell must only be used on these models of chlorine generating device.  
Read the Label and the Installation and Operation Manual before using.  
C L Marketing Inc., 2770 –24 Ave N.E., Calgary, Alberta, T1Y 6V7

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