2008-3011 25-AUG-2009

(Booklet)

Group 4 Herbicide

IPCO®

DICHLORPROP-D

LIQUID HERBICIDE

AGRICULTURAL READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING

GUARANTEE: Dichlorprop: 300 g a.e./L 2,4-D: 282 g a.e./L (both present as 2-ethylhexyl esters)

REGISTRATION NO.: 21717 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

NET CONTENTS: 10 Litres

WARNING



POISON

CAUTION: SKIN IRRITANT, POTENTIAL EYE IRRITRANT

Interprovincial Cooperative Limited, P.O. Box 1050, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3M9 1-204-233-3461

® T.M. Reg'd.

RC 936-0509

LABEL INDEX IPCO DICHLORPROP-D LIQUID HERBICIDE

Precautions	GO TO SECTION 1
Spring, Fall or Winter Wheat, Barley	GO TO SECTION 2
Tank Mixes	GO TO SECTION 3
Brush Control	GO TO SECTION 4
Weed Control on Roadside, Utility lines, Railway Rights-of-Way and Uncropped Land	GO TO SECTION 5
Mixing and Application Instructions	GO TO SECTION 6
First Aid	GO TO SECTION 7
Toxicological Information	GO TO SECTION 8
Rinsing and Disposal Information	GO TO SECTION 9

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

SECTION 1

PRECAUTIONS:Handling precautions: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May cause skin irritation. Harmful if
swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe spray mist, or vapors. Protective Clothing and Equipment:
Handling the concentrate (mixing and loading): Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, coveralls,
chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes, and protective eye wear (face shield or safety glasses). Rinse
gloves before removal. Coveralls should also be used when open pouring from containers into spray tank.
When handling more than 265 kg a.e. (940 L) per day, workers must also used a
closed system. Handling the dilute spray solution (during application or repairing or cleaning
equipment): Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes.
Rinse gloves before removal. Gloves are not required during application when applicator is in an enclosed
tractor or in an enclosed airplane cockpit. No human flaggers are permitted.
Operator-use precautions:

- Wear freshly laundered clothing and clean protective equipment daily.
- Rinse gloves before removal.
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- If herbicide penetrates clothing remove immediately; then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Throw away clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate.
- After using this product, remove clothing and launder separately and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Follow Manufacturer's instructions for cleaning personal protective clothing and equipment. If no such instructions for washables are provided use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash personal protective equipment separate from household laundry.
- After work, remove all clothing and shower using soap and water.

General precautions: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Do not spray when there is any danger of wind or on exceptionally hot days over 27 deg. C. Avoid spray or vapor drifts onto susceptible plants such as grapes, tomatoes, tobacco, sugar beets, sunflowers, beans, turnips, cauliflower, cabbage, rapeseed (canola), flax alfalfa, clover, peas, potatoes, ornamental trees, shrubs or flowers, fruit trees, lawns, most vegetable crops or other desirable vegetation. Drift from spray may be reduced by using high volume sprays under low pressure, coarse sprays and drop nozzles. Use special care in airplane application where danger from drift is greater. Do not contaminate any body of water. Avoid contamination of foods. Do not use in a greenhouse. Keep in original container during storage. Do not store near seeds, feeds, or fertilizers or pesticides used on crops sensitive to this product. Keep away from fire or open flame and other sources of heat. Clean spray equipment thoroughly after use and rinse with clean water. Do not use spray equipment to apply other pesticides to crops sensitive to this product. Do not re-use empty containers. If this pest control product is to be used on a commodity that may be exported to the U.S. and you require information on acceptable residue levels in the U.S., visit CropLife Canada's web-site at www.croplife.ca.

Re-Entry Interval: Do not enter treated areas within 12-hours after application.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS: For resistance management, IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide is a Group 4 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide and other Group 4 herbicides. The

resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance: Where possible, rotate the use of IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide or other Group 4 herbicides with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field. Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted. Herbicide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical), cultural, biological and other chemical control practices. Monitor treated weed populations for resistance development. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment and planting clean seed. Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes. For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Interprovincial Cooperative Ltd. at 1-204-233-3461.

Do not graze the treated crops or cut for hay; sufficient data are not available to support such use.

Environmental Hazards: This product contains a petroleum distillate which is moderately to highly toxic to aquatic organisms. Avoid contamination of aquatic systems during applications. Do not contaminate these systems through direct applications, disposal of waste or cleaning equipment.

Toxic to small mammals, birds, aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

This product will harm other broadleaved plants in the vicinity of the treatment area. If applying this product using a handheld sprayer, do not directly spray or allow the spray to drift onto ornamentals or gardens.

Do not spray exposed roots of trees and ornamentals.

Leaching

The use of this chemical may result in contamination of groundwater particularly in areas where soils are permeable (e.g., sandy soil) and/or the depth to the water table is shallow.

Run-off

To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay.

Avoid application of this product when heavy rain is forecast.

Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a strip of untreated vegetation between the treated area and the edge of the water body.

Do not irrigate within 24 hours after application.

GO TO SECTION 2

SECTION 2

Сгор:	SPRING WHEAT, FALL OR WINTER WHEAT, BARLEY, NOT UNDERSEEDED TO LEGUMES. DO <u>NOT</u> APPLY TO OATS.		
Treatment Stage:	Ground or aerial application. For Spring Wheat or Barley, treat from four leaf to the early flag leaf (shot blade stage). Do not apply before the 4 leaf or between the flag leaf to full-headed stages.		
	Ground or aerial application. For Fall or Winter Wheat treat in the spring between full tillering and early flag leaf stages.		
Susceptible Weeds:	Annual sow-thistle, Blue Bur, Burdock, Canada Thistle*, Cocklebur, Curled Dock*, Flixweed, Kochia**, Lady's thumb***, Lamb's-quarters, Night-flowering Catchfly****, Oak-leaved Goosefoot, Perennial Sow- Thistle*, Ragweed, Redroot Pigweed, Russian Pigweed, Round-leaved Mallow, Russian Thistle**, Shepherd's Purse, Smartweed***, Stinkweed, Storksbill, Tartary Buckwheat***, Volunteer Rapeseed, Volunteer Sunflower***, Wild Buckwheat***, Wild Mustard, Wormseed Mustard, Dog Mustard and Ball Mustard. * Top growth control only ** Spray before plants are 5 cm high *** Spray before the four leaf stage **** Spring annuals only		
Rate to Use:	1.75 L/ha		
	IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide will provide best results if applied when weeds are young and growing actively.		
	Do not apply more than once per year.		
NOTE:	If the crop is under stress due to drought, disease or excess moisture, some injury may result from this treatment. In most cases, this injury will be more than offset by increased yields due to the removal of the weeds.		
	GO TO SECTION 6		
	SECTION 3		
TANK MIXES:	IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide plus Avenge®		
Crops:	Wheat* and Barley not underseeded to Legumes		
Treatment Stage:	Treat when the crop is between the four and six-leaf stage. Wild Oats must be between the 3 to 5 leaf stage. Broadleaf weeds must be in the seedling stage. Consult Avenge label for further details on aerial application.		
Susceptible Weed:	Wild Oats and Broadleaf weeds susceptible to IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide.		
Rates to Use:	IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide1.75 L/haAvengeSee Avenge label. Use 100 Litres of water per ha.		
*NOTE:	See Avenge label for list of tolerant wheat varieties. Not all varieties of wheat can be sprayed with Avenge.		

® Avenge is a reg's T.M. of Cyanamid Canada Inc. Follow all precautions and instructions on the Avenge Label.

For crops under stress, the application of this mixture may cause crop set-back or injury. In most cases, this injury will be more than offset by increased yields due to the removal of the weeds.

GO TO SECTION 6

SECTION 4

Crop:	BRUSH CONTROL		
A) FOLIAGE STEM TREATMENT:	Do not apply by air. Apply in late spring or early summer just after the leaves are fully developed. The foliage and stems should be wet thoroughly right down to the ground level.		
Susceptible Species:	Hawthorne, Poplar, Scotch Pine, Sugar Maple, White Cedar, Wild Cherry, Wild Plum, Wild Raspberry.		
Rate to Use on Susceptible Species:	8.75 L/1000 L of water		
Rate of Spray Mixture to Apply:	750 to 1500 litres of spray mixture per hectare.		
	Use the higher volumes where brush density and height are greater.		
Harder to Control Species:	Alder, Aspen, Basswood, Balsam fir, Birch, Bur Oak, Blueberry, Elderberry, Elm, Honeysuckle, Manitoba Maple, Hickory, Poison Ivy, Raspberry, Red Pine, Rose (some re-growth may occur), Sumac, Silver Maple, Tamarack, White Oak, Wild Apply, Willow.		
Rate to use on Harder to Control Species: 11.7 L/1000 L of water			
Rate of Spray Mixture to Apply:	750 to 1500 litres of spray mixture per hectare. Use the high volumes where brush density and height are greater.		
	Do not apply more than twice per year.		
	For hand-held equipment, do not apply more than 17.7 L per person per day without a respirator or 28.4 L per person per day with a respirator.		
B) BASAL STEM TREATMENT (For control of hard to kill woody plan	its) Apply to the basal part of the woody plant any time of the year using a low volume		
	knapsack sprayer or power equipment. Apply the spray mixture to run off from ground level up to one meter high on all sides of the stem. This treatment is not effective on basswood or ash.		
Rate to Use for Basal Stem Treatment:	2.3 litres per 100 litres of fuel oil.		
	For hand-held equipment, do not apply more than 9.6 L per person per day.		
C) STUMP TREATMENT:	To prevent re-growth from stumps, apply immediately after cutting by spraying with a low volume knapsack sprayer or by painting with a brush exposed stumps, roots, and cut surfaces.		
Rate to Use for Stump Treatment:	3.25 litres per 100 litres of fuel oil. Thorough soaking or drenching is essential. GO TO SECTION 6		

SECTION 5

Crop:	WEED CONTROL ON ROADSIDE, UTILITY LINES, RAILWAY RIGHTS-OF- WAY AND UNCROPPED LAND**.
Treatment Stage:	Do not apply by air. Treat foliage in May or September.
Susceptible Weeds:	 Alfalfa, Bull Thistle, Burdock, Buttercup, Canada Thistle, Chicory, Cinquefoil, Curled Dock, Dandelion, Dogbane, Goldenrod, Goat's-beard, Hawkweed, Horsetail, Milkweed*, Mullein, Plantain, Perennial Sow Thistle, Sweet clover, Tansy, Teasel, Toadflax*, Vetch, Wild Carrot, Yellow Rocket and annual weeds listed in the Wheat/Barley section. * Top growth control only ** Not to be applied while a crop is present
Rate to Use on Susceptible Weeds:	4 L/ha
	Use 200-600 litres of water per hectare. Use higher volumes where weeds are thick and/or grass cover is heavy. Some weeds may need a second treatment. Spray tall weeds to run-off.
	Do not apply more than twice per year.
	For hand-held equipment, do not apply more than 9.6 L per person per day.
	GO TO SECTION 6

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

MIXING AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:

SECTION 6

- Fill tank half full with spray carrier (water, etc).
 Add correct amount of IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide to treat the area covered by the total spray tank load. Transfer System: For containers larger than 20L, use a transfer system that avoids open pouring when transferring the liquid concentrate from such containers into the spray tank.
- 3. For tank-mixes add the IPCO Dichlorprop-D Liquid Herbicide first.
- 4. Complete filling the spray tank.
- 5. Apply using 50-240 litres of spray solution per hectare for application by ground equipment unless otherwise specified.
- 6. Use a sprayer pressure of 275 kPa for ground application unless otherwise specified.

DO NOT apply this product directly to freshwater habitats such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands, estuaries or marine habitats.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation/drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Field Sprayer Application: DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) coarse classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

Aerial Application: DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. DO NOT apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at flying height at the site of application. DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) coarse classification. To reduce drift caused by turbulent wingtip vortices, the nozzle distribution along the spray boom length MUST NOT exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan.

Use Precautions for Aerial Application:

(Wheat or Barley only)

- 1. Avoid direct applications to any body of water. Do not contaminate water through spray drift or by cleaning of equipment or disposals of wastes.
- 2. A minimum volume of 30 L per hectare of spray solution can be safely used, depending on the type of application system and the target site. Use boom pressure of 235 kPa or less. Avoid placing nozzles where spray will enter wing tip vortices.
- 3. Do not apply this product directly to, or otherwise permit it to come into direct contact with desirable crops or other desirable broadleaf plants or non-target species and do not permit spray mists to drift onto them.
- 4. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift, use only nozzles or nozzle configuration, which minimize the production of fine spray drops. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. When spraying avoid combinations of pressures and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) which are more likely to drift. A spray-thickening agent or drift retardant may be used with this product to aid in reducing spray drift.
- 5. Do not use human flaggers.
- 6. Avoid spray drift: Apply only when there is little or no hazard from spray drift. Small quantities of the spray, which may not be visible, may seriously injure susceptible crops and damage sensitive non-target habitat. A method must be used to detect air movement, lapse conditions; or temperature inversions (stable air) such as the use of balloons or a continuous smoke column at or near the spray site or a smoke generator on the spray equipment. If the smoke develops into layers or indicates a potential for hazardous spray drift, do not spray. Do not spray in winds exceeding 8 km per hour.
- 7. Buffer zones: Appropriate buffer zones should be established between treatment areas and aquatic systems and treatment areas and significant wild life habitat.

BUFFER ZONE INFORMATION

Buffer Zones to Protect Sensitive Habitat

Use of the following spray methods or equipment DO NOT require a buffer zone: hand-held or backpack sprayer and spot treatment.

Seasonal water bodies require buffer zones if there is water in them during application. Water bodies which do not fill on an annual basis need not be buffered.

For application to rights-of-way, buffer zones for protection of sensitive terrestrial habitats are not required; however, the best available application strategies that minimize off-site drift, including meteorological conditions (e.g. wind direction, low wind speed) and spray equipment (e.g. coarse droplet sizes, minimizing height above canopy), should be used. Applicators must, however, observe the specified buffer zones for protection of sensitive aquatic habitats.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands), sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands), and estuarine/marine habitats.

Method of	Сгор	Buffer Zones [†] (metres) Required for the Protection of:					
Application				er Habitat Estuarine/Marin			Terrestrial
			of De	epths:	Habitats o		Habitat
			Less	Greater	Less	Greater	
			than 1 m	than 1 m	than 1 m	than 1	
						m	
Field Sprayer*	* Field crops** Roadside, utitility lines, railway rights- of-way***, uncropped land, and brush control		1	1	1	1	1
			1	1	1	1	2
Aerial Field Crops**	Field Crops**	Fixed wing	10	0	1	0	45
	Rotary wing	10	0	1	0	40	

When a tank mixture is used, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture.

* For field sprayer application, buffer zones can be reduced with the use of drift reducing spray shields. When using a spray boom fitted with a full shield (shroud, curtain) that extends to the crop canopy, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 70%. When using a spray boom where individual nozzles are fitted with cone-shaped shields that are no more than 30 cm above the crop canopy, the labelled buffer zone can be reduced by 30%.

** Field crops include: cereal grains (spring wheat, barley, and winter wheat,).

*** For application to rights-of-way, buffer zones for protection of sensitive habitats are not required.

GO TO SECTION 7

SECTION 7

FIRST AID:

- 1. **If on skin or clothing**, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.
- 2. If in eyes, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.
- 3. If swallowed, call a poison control centre or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- 4. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

GO TO SECTION 8

SECTION 8

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No specific antidote. Treatment of any systemic intoxication should be primarily symptomatic and supportive. Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. This product may cause mild irritation to the eyes. Overexposure to 2,4-D may cause coughing, burning, dizziness or temporary loss of muscle co-ordination. Other possible effects of overexposure include fatigue, muscle weakness or nausea.

GO TO SECTION 9

SECTION 9

Rinsing and Disposal Information:	Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:				
	1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.				
	2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.				
	If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.				
	For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean up of spills.				
Notice to User:	This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under <i>the Pest Control Products Act</i> to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.				

(Base Label)

Group 4 Herbicide

IPCO® DICHLORPROP-D

LIQUID HERBICIDE

AGRICULTURAL READ THE LABEL AND BOOKLET BEFORE USING

GUARANTEE: Dichlorprop: 300 g a.e./L 2,4-D: 282 g a.e./L (both present as 2-ethylhexyl esters)

REGISTRATION NO.: 21717 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

NET CONTENTS: 10 Litres

WARNING



POISON

CAUTION: SKIN IRRITANT, POTENTIAL EYE IRRITRANT

Interprovincial Cooperative Limited, P.O. Box 1050, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3M9 1-204-233-3461

® T.M. Reg'd.

RC 936-0509

(Back panel)

IPCO DICHLORPROP-D LIQUID HERBICIDE

PRECAUTIONS:

Handling precautions: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breath spray mist, or vapours. Protective Clothing and Equipment: Handling the concentrate (mixing and

loading): Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes, and protective eye wear (face shield or safety glasses). Rinse gloves before removal. Coveralls should also be worn when open pouring from containers to spray tank. When handling more than 265 kg a.e. (940 L) per day, workers must also used

a closed system. Handling the dilute spray solution (during application or repairing or cleaning equipment): Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and shoes. Rinse gloves before removal. Gloves are not required during application when applicator is in an enclosed tractor or in an enclosed airplane cockpit. No human flaggers are permitted.

Operator-use precautions:

• Wear freshly laundered clothing and clean protective equipment daily.

- Rinse gloves before removal.
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, using tobacco or using the toilet.

• If herbicide penetrates clothing remove immediately; then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Throw away clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate.

• After using this product, remove clothing and launder separately, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Follow Manufacturer's instructions for cleaning personal protective clothing and equipment. If no such instructions for washables are provided use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash personal protective equipment separate from household laundry.

• After work, remove all clothing and shower using soap and water.

General precautions: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Do not spray when there is any danger of wind or on exceptionally hot days over 27 deg. C. Avoid spray or vapour drifts onto susceptible plants such as grapes, tomatoes, tobacco, sugar beets, sunflowers, beans, turnips, cauliflower, cabbage, alfalfa, clover, peas, potatoes, ornamental trees, shrubs or flowers, fruit trees, lawns, most vegetable crops or other desirable vegetation. Drift from spray may be reduced by using high volume sprays under low pressure, coarse sprays and drop nozzles. Use special care in airplane application where danger from drift is greater. Do not contaminate any body of water. Avoid contamination of foods. Do not use in a greenhouse. Keep in original container during storage. Do not store near seeds, feeds, fertilizers or pesticides used on crops sensitive to this product. Keep away from fire or open flame and other sources of heat. Clean spray equipment thoroughly after use and rinse with clean water. Do not use spray equipment to apply other pesticides to crops sensitive to this product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not graze the treated crops or cut for hay; sufficient data is not available to support such use.

Re-Entry Interval: Do not enter treated areas within 12-hours after application.

Environmental Hazards: This product contains a petroleum distillate which is moderately to highly toxic to aquatic organisms. Avoid contamination of aquatic systems during applications. Do not contaminate these systems through direct applications, disposal of waste or cleaning equipment. Toxic to small mammals, birds, aquatic organisms and non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE. This product will harm other broadleaved plants in the vicinity of the treatment area. If applying this product using a handheld sprayer, do not directly spray or allow the spray to drift onto ornamentals or gardens. Do not spray exposed roots of trees and ornamentals. **Leaching:** The use of this chemical may result in contamination of groundwater particularly in areas where soils are permeable (e.g., sandy soil) and/or the depth to the water table is shallow. **Run-off:** To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats, avoid application to areas with moderate to steep slope, compacted soil or clay. Avoid application of this product when heavy rain is forecast. Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a strip of untreated vegetation between the treated area and the edge of the water body. Do not irrigate within 24 hours after application.

RINSING AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION:

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

(1.) Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.

(2.) Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements. For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

FIRST AID:

- 1. **If on skin or clothing**, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.
- 2. If in eyes, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.
- 3. If swallowed, call a poison control centre or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention. **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** No specific antidote. Treatment of any systemic intoxication should be primarily

symptomatic and supportive. Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. This product may cause mild irritation to the eyes. Overexposure to 2,4-D may cause coughing, burning, dizziness or temporary loss of muscle co-ordination. Other possible effects of overexposure include fatigue, muscle weakness or nausea.

NOTICE TO USER: This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under *the Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label. The user assumes the risk to persons or property that arises from any such use of this product.

RC 937-0509

This label transcript service is offered by the Pest Management Regulatory Agency to provide efficient searching for label information. This service and this information do not replace the official hard-copy label. The PMRA does not provide any guarantee or assurance that the information obtained through this service is accurate, current or correct, and is therefore not liable for any loss resulting, directly or indirectly, from reliance upon this service.